No.	Works.					Daily avera	ge.
Nala circl	e—						-
1	Deojore		***		*	2707	1 1
2	Nala					712	
3	Dabarie			74%		421	
4	Pathargatia					118	
5	Searkattea					240	07
6	Amiajori					139	Bunds and tanks.
7	Karaya					77	73
8	Bindapattear Palaykuri					51	200
9	Palaykuri					111	00
10	Parkura					74	nd
	Geria					31	30
12	Mohunpore					12	_
				Total		2,256	
100				Lotai	••	~,200	,
	circle—						
	Kundahit tank					1,664	
2	Barkati "		• •			843	
3	Khurian ,,					476	
4	Khujoori "	• •	• •	• •		303	
				Total		3,286	
Jamjoori	oirole-						
	Jamjoori					563	
2	Chakunda					239	
	Jaihai					156	
	wanter	• •		• •			
						-	
				Total		958	
Benagarh	ia—						
	nk in Benagarhia					570	
	tto in Thakroontoll					453	
	small tank in Bena					212	
	ad from Benagarhia		tor, about	3 to 4 miles		506	
				m-4-3		1 747	
				Total		1,741	
		(GODDA.				
n severa	l works in the sub-	division				12,288*	
			Мемо.				
						4.000	
Rajmehal					***	4,925	
Deoghur	***			***	***	1,804	
	Pabia cir			•••		1,895	
	Nala	,,	7	***	***	2,256	
Doomka	Kundahit	22		•••		8,286	
	Jamjoori	39 ***		***		958	
No.	Benagarhia			***	***	1,741	
Godda sul	b-division					12,288	
				Total		29,153	
As per 1 18th	Executive Engineer June		return for		t ending		
			de la company			90.400	
			G	rand total	• •••	32,468	
	GFina	NCIAL RE	SULTS OF T	HE FORTNIGH	IT.		
Y'	and the state of	and or b	Rs. A. 1	P. Rs. A	. P.	Rs.	A.
diture f	rom the district a	the last					

	200	Expenditure durin	g th	e forti	ight	uno	ler report					
				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P
	- 16	Brought forward								1,05,794	14	61
i	report	Engineer, as per progress ending 6th June 1874		1,905	0	10						
4.		Engineer, as per progress ending 13th June 1874		2,847	11	6	4,752	12	4			
		P. Boerresen, as per his labor ending 6th June 1874:—					4,.00	**				
	For ex	ceavating No. I tank in Bena-		582	0	0						
	Tha	kooruntollah		476	0	0						* .
	Ben	cavating No. V small tank in agarhia		220	0	0						
	fron	Benagarhia to Kalipathor,		578	0	0	1,856	0 ()	6,608	19	4
		Grand total								1.12,403	-	-
					•			•		1.12,100	10	109
	Advan	nade during the week										
		ced to Dino Nath Rai, Sub-		100	0	0						
9	rice	pector of Police, for bringing		300	0	0						
	the Advan	jail compound		40	0	0						
	worl	ced for improvement of lands		,		0						

N.B.—The detailed expenditure for the sub-divisions of Rajmehal, Godda, and Deoghur, has not been given in their fortnightly narrative, hence it was omitted to be shown in the statement.

10,640 0 0

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Pamine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

			100	r of labor	Number of laborers thereon,		Quantity receive	and value of and is laborers.	Quantity and value of grain received and issued to laborers.		The state of the s				
Name of Work.	No. Name of Work. Popress in marking Progress in opening registres and progress of the control o	Progress in opening relief works.	.I saafO	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total	Name of golah.	Teceived. Quantity issued to laborers.	Jaborers. Value of quantity [sened to Jaborers.]	Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the moores and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment,	Rate of wages.	Arrangements for tools.	#
Decembra to Jams tarn road.	1 Doomks to Jan-Estimate being prevate team road. pared; levelling and surreying completed.	Vorks open the 10th, 21st, 21st, 27th, 28th, 31st, 32nd, 36th, and	ed on 5,536, or 18th, cent per 25th, cent. 30th, 46th,		!	5,536	N	NII N	NII NII		Rice at the Government The laborers are generally On every alter-Pront 3 at 10 4 as/Supplied by the golds at Jantara. In the day by per 146 c. ft. of department, each-jenualists cartis work. In presence of a strong of part of the strong of the strong alteres.	on every alter-in the day by cash-jemadars in presence of road sirears.	From 3 as. to 4 as. per 160 c. ft. of earth-work.	Supplied by the department.	Rs. A. P.
Catikoond to	Liue chosen	miles.	Nii	Nil	IN	Nil	NII	Nii N	Nil Nil	Nil	*****	Nil	Prece, wash	11.8	NII.
Aurapara Pola. S-durmorula (No progress Desgurii road. the week.	o No progress during the week.	during 89,900 embir feet of 2011, or earth, work sub-gors per earth, work sub-gors, per earth, work sub-gors, per	2,067, or 99 % per cent.		bereent.	2,065	Z.	N N	Nil		Ree and other food-grainer habered and result in the read seem renearly cabiler. Hard sell at 3 as men. After the heavy strong and able-bodied sell seller. Hard sell at 3 as men. After the heavy flowers of rind during strong results, and many of those who are working to the read of the seller stranger and many of those who are working to the read of the seller. Waster, it is a second that their fields.	Daily by sub-	Sof soil, at 5 are 100 cubic feet. 100 cubic feet. 6 pie to 4 as, per 100 c. f. 8 URSISTRUE WARRA. A. P. Men 6 Women	Supplied partly by department and partly by the cooles themselves.	9 2 .
toad.	4 Manadia to Goddd Laying oot completel g: chairs in strulls, \$489°, or you'll see that the see	21 chains in 1st mile. 48 in 18th, and 15 in 18th, and 25 feet in 18th mile.	2 897, or cent. per	•	1	2,897 Golah at Godda.		11 4 4 cl	8 mds 4 ll srs. 4 chks, 4 di tolahs.	Rice in the Government golds at Godda.	6	Joseph Control of Cont	in Piece-work at 4 ans. In Prece-work at 4 ans. In per 190 cubic feet, ind- ind- ind- ind- ind- ind- ind- ind-	Ditto	2 *
Eupstir to Borl road,	6 Tripatir to Borto Complete project	Completely opened Information not received.	Informat	ion not	received.	4,257 N	Information Governor Sold, for selling required.	ion just r ment gra want of of rice	Information just received: o Government grain has be sold, for want of modies. T seld, for want of medies. T required.	4.27 No determined the received to the sould at Fall. Mer parts of the proph Dality, or every At 3 as, to a so, per Most of the fall and the soul for want of mondate. The Burke at a series of the most of mondate. The Burke at a series of the most of mondate. The Burke at a series of the most of mondate. The Burke at a series of the most of mondate. The Burke at a series of the most consecutive, the most consecutive of the most of the	most of them paday lands. I Fair. Most part of the people is are now engaged in blough- ing their lands, consequently the numbers of laborers are daily decreasing.	Daily, or every gudday, by sub- eashters,	Pisce-work. At 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 c. ft. earth-work. DAILY LABOR.	Most park supplied by Government.	6 89
													Men { to 1 6 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		-
						-							Children (10		

									•
	Disburse- ment during the week,	Ra. A. P. 497 0 6	*	251 155	EN.	Nil	0 10		260 7
3. 3.	Arrangement, m	Most part supplied by Government.		Supplied by department,			Supplied by department.		Supplied by Government.
	Rate of wages, At	SCE-WORK. S. to 4 Rs. per 1 C. ft. earth- K. ILY LABOR.	Men { 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	art-ration 190	Men 1 9 Women 1 3 Children 9 Will	:	kur 100	1 9 n 0 9 LABQE. A. P.	3 6 1 6 1 0 1 0 1 1
	Mode of payment.	hally to laborers, every 2nd 3rd days piece-work	sub-cashiers.	Daily by sub. Deshiers and overseer in charge of work.	IIN	:	Twice a week by sirears and overseer in charge of work.*		Frory second Men cashier, Cashier, Pracr. 4 88. per h
Annual Section	condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Fair. Most part of the from the prople are novergaged in ploughing their lands, consequently the numbers or ensity.	wanted by the people from Those who come to do piece, were all of donaday to Protispore. The all the protection after principle in the farmer of the principle in the farmer of the principle in the mort. Ing. Dally labor cannot be avoided, as some perfection of the road are quite met for nices, some principle.		IN	NI III	No. 10,		Government from a Barbait The Babyers are generally Berry gold but cord: day heart and hard. Cashi may stird hard.
	Supply of food therest.	Information just received. Information just received. Sold, for want of moodies, The Borto and Dot. The steek properties of the country from Borto properting of rice is urgently of Bootlow will meet the general properties of Bootlow of the properties of Bootlow of the Country is the second properties.	wasted by the people from Goraday to Protappore,	The condition of the people I has not become miscarble for. Food-grains are still obtainable, but their value is gradually colatencing, so if seems distress will be soon felt,	N. III	Nil	Same as in No.		golath.
grain.	Value of quantity issued to laborers,	ved: as been ics, The argently		 	Nil	Nil	N N	Bs.	4-10-0
Quantity and value of grains received and issued to laborers.	Quantity issued to laborers.	Information just received of Government grain has be self, for want of moodies, selling of rice is urger required.		:: E	Nil-	Nil	IN .		srs. & Sers at 12 srs. per rupee.
received to la	Quantity re-	for wan			NH	Nil	N.I.		1
-	Name of golah.	No Go sold, sellin requ		Z	NII	NIII	: E		Solah.
hereen.	Total	9		1,525	NII	NII	87	-	
sorers t	Class IIB.	receive		1	1	:	:		1
Number of laborers thereen.	.AII essil	tion not	48.5	277 or 18-16 per ceht.	Nill	NII	III		and of the state o
Numbe	.I sasiD	Informs		1,248 or 81'84 per cent.	INI	Nill	s7 or cent. per cent.	999	ent.
	Progress in opening relief works.	Completely opened Information not received		Bitto of work done over 1848 277 or or over done over 1846 1816 per	IN	Nil	Completely opened Petty repairs in progress,	Sardin months	cubic feet. G. causeway slope. enthing. 9.495 enthic feet. Surface-fressing 350 superficial feet. Natural ballast, 959 entile feet. entile feet. entile feet.
10.	Names of Works, Progress in marking Progress in opening out relief works.	Complete project		Ditto		1		Tal tree mosts have	No. 2 of 12th curic feet, significant state of the curic feet, significant state of the curic feet, significant state of the curic feet, significant significant state of the curic feet, superficial feet, superficial feet, curic feet, state i sulfast, too curic feet, superficial feet, curic feet, superficial feet, curic feet, superficial feet, curic feet, superficial fee
	o. Names of Works.	7 Borio to Manitari Complete project road.		Metalling Bha. Fulpere and Soory road,	Kendra road	Possaroo and Design ready Babcopore	Repairs to Black	Rhahowa to Ror.	half road.

	•	0	40	0	61 6	
•	18 0	0 055	18 T	10	H .	
led for. 9 Supplied by Government, d for.	Most part sup- plied by Go- vernment.	The Civil officers issued about 450 tools among the laborers, no tools were bestead by the D. P. W. since the works were the works were them.	P. Supplied by de- 9 Supplied by de- 0 partment, er h-	Most part sup- plied by Gow- ernment.	Supplied by Department.	to laborers yet.
Brelanstion cal Dairy Labor. A. fen 1 Vomen 1 Hildren 0 Explanation calle	PIECE-WORK. 5 as, to 4 as. per 100/1 cubic feet. TASK-WORK.	en 1 6 en 0 9 ECR-WORK. and 4 ans. per cubic feet on	DAILY LABOR. A.P.	FIECE- WORE. From 4 as. to 6 as. Most part per 106 cubio feet. plied by	Men 2 0 Women 1 8 Children. 0 1	Zanne pe un no. de.
narge of the work. Ergisa Daily by sub-Men cashier. Children charge of work. Explan	Daily, or every and day by sub-cashier.	Dally payments Men are made in Women copper and sil- China wer by sub- Pincus cachiers.		9 m 9	Daily by s	
Superintendent, Mr. H. Sleigh, in el Same as in No. 19. he Superintendent, Mr. H. Sleigh, in	Full: the labores are become Dally, or every \$ 20,00 a.s. per 100 Meet part map are under the under the property of the proper	Civil The people are employed in Dally payments Men. Therefore the deep and, rever and different the Child and the Child of the Child	Difficulty in processing food-Daily by grathed has began to be field cashing, to some extent; the cooling of the or mains according to their wasts from its builts and basars. It is builts and basars. It is builtened that the people	who make show of rice or make have stopped selling them lest there be more disposa.	Same as in No. 16Supply of food same as in Daily by sircar No. 31. The coolies require some occupation, otherwisenany will suffer.	ureance as in No. 29. The road is taken on country and cartefrack and runs over table land. Country hilly.
No information received from the Superintendent, Mr. H. Sieleh, in charge of the work. Espianstico called to H. Williams and H	Same as No. 6	Rice is supplied by Civil sathorities.	Same as in No. 10	Same as in No. 7,	Same as in No. 16	Mice is supplied by Civianthorities.
Nai	Same as No. 6	Not known	HN EN			Not knowu.
86 11 1 1 NU	101	#181	IIN 825,I	199	89 Nil	
1 1 1	1		.			
114, or cent, cent.	i,	Information not received	or 13-13 per cent.	i	89, or cent per cent.	Information not received
	107, or cent, per cent,	Inform	1,151 or 86'87 per cent.	657, or cent per	94	Infor
Completely opened frd of work done	1	i miles	Half the work done.	1	out cent ro-thirds d done.§	
ğ	1	miles of sarked out carte line of stal so miles laid stal so les of 54 sken and egs put or lifes.			Page 1	Mohespore to Hee-7 miles of read had 84 miles rampore road. out.
16 Pakoor to Hiran-Complete projective road 17 Repairs to Poons- ka station road 20 Godda to Burhait road.	96 Brinda tank	29 Woltespore to 13 Dormka road. n	51 Bund at Katicond	32 Bund at Boari	60 Doomka to Mal- larpore road.	Mohespore to Heerampore road.

DENO NATH MONERIER,
Accountant, for Offs. Executive Engineer, on tour.

Any parment by sixteen white like the other backs of the man are sentered on E. W. repairs.

+ Ording to the richs and reasons stated in the 17th column, the number of laborers was comparable of manifest of the property Commissioner in the brief and of premais supply of Rode, grain for this place.

No. 852-S.R, dated Berhampore the 16th June 1874.

From-C. W. Bolton, Esq., Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad, in charge,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In the absence of the Magistrate-Collector, who has gone to meet His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor at Godagari, I have the honor to submit the narrative of scarcity and relief for the fortnight ending 13th instant.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Moorshedabad District for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th May 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

1. Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazar.—The supply of food-grains in the bazars and hats of the Head-quarters Sub-division is reported to be still sufficient for the daily wants of the people. Notwithstanding frequent reports from many parts that the local markets are never supplied with more than the day's demand of the neighbourhood for each day, prices are not subject to rapid fluctuations, and do not appear to be much affected by accidental circumstances, such as a heavy fall of rain, for instance, which might impede the importation of grain into the markets, at the period of their occurrence. There could not appear, consequently, to be much foundation for these reports. They have, in truth, been constantly received ever since the commencement of the present distress. In the Lalbag sub-division there is still a sufficent supply of food-grain in the city, Baluchur and Azimgunge, but the stock in the hands of shop-keepers is by no means large. In thana Bhadrihaut the supply of rice is reported to be very scanty. In the Jungypore Sub-division, in consequence of the importation of a large quantity of "purbi" rice into Dhulian, the smaller bazars in thanas Shumsheergunge and Sooty are more abundantly supplied with rice than when the last narrative was submitted. But in the smaller bazars in other parts the supply is still very scanty. In the

Rampore Hat sub-division the supply is reported to be scarce.

2. Kind and price of grain selling at one or more principal marts.-The price of common rice has, on the whole, risen; the average of 13 of the principal marts in the Head-quarters sub-division being 103 seers per rupee, whereas the last fortnight's shewed 112 seers per rupee. The difference is due rather to a heavy rise in two or three markets than a general rise in the majority of the markets. In some places there has been a fall. It is dearest at Dowluttabad, Hurhurpara, and Kallyangunge, where the rate is 9 seers per rupee, and cheapest in Gorabazar, where the rate is $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee; gram is $16\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee, being dearest at Satoon, where it is selling at 13 seers per rupee, and cheapest in Gorabazar, where the price is 18 seers per rupee. Wheat is $13\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee; it is dearest at Dowltabazar and Satoon, where it is selling at 12 seers per rupee, and cheapest at Gowas, where the price is 18 seers per rupee. It would appear from the cheapness of wheat at Gowas that there must be a good supply of it in that locality, as the greater demand for it, which the dearness of rice, now selling at 10 seers per rupee, must have created, has not as yet had much effect upon its price. In the Lalbag Sub-division the prices of best, common and "Purbi" rice in the several marts vary from 9 to 9½, 9 to 10 and 10½ to 11 seers per rupee, respectively; those of wheat, barley and gram vary from 12 to 14, 18 to 20 and 16 to 18 seers per rupee, respectively. In the Jungypore Sub-division, in the Roghoonathgunge bazar the retail price of coarse "Purbi" rice is 11½ to 11½ seers per rupee. At Shumsheergunge rice sells at 13± seers for uncleaned rice and 1111 seers per rupee for cleaned rice. At Sooty the latest quotation is 12 seers per rupee. Rice is dearest in parts of Dewanserai, where "aous" and "Purbi" sell each at 11 seers per rupee, while "Rashi" sells at 10 seers per rupee. The relief assistant sells at 10 seers per rupee. The relief assistant attached to this sub-division lately visited Lalgolah and reports that the supply in that bazar is somewhat scanty. In the Rampore Hat sub-division the price of coarse rice varies from 11 to 12 seers and that of fine rice from 91/2 to 10 seers per rupee. The latter kind of rice is reported not to be procurable in the markets of Nulhatti and Pulsah.

3. Any information obtained regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots and others.—The stock in the hands of mahajuns, zemindars, and well-to-do ryots, is not known, but is supposed to be sufficient to enable them to advance seed-grain to the ryots as occasion arises. There was no lack of seed for the "aous" crop already sown. In one station, Gowas, the mahajuns are reported to be lending grain at 150 per cent. Mr, Jones, special subdivisional officer of Kandi, reports that nothing certain can be stated on this subject, but he fears that the stocks of the ryots, if not already exhausted, cannot hold out much longer; while the smaller and some of the wealthier and more liberal mahajuns appear to have given out all their stocks. As the rice trade becomes more and more a monopoly, and the rise of the rivers and the state of the country render communication and transport of grain difficult in that part of the district, it will be seen whether the mahajuns have the power of enhancing prices. The next two months will be most critical and the pressure of high prices then most severely felt. In the Lalbag Sub-division the stock in the hands of the jain merchants of Baluchur and Azimgunge is still considerable. A large amount of grain is still being imported for sale at the Patibona and Debipore golabs, situated on the banks of the river Pudma in than Bhagwangolah. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Haut states that there is a very small quantity of stock in the hands of zemindars and traders, but believes that the well-to-do ryots

have some grain stored up.

4. Rainfall, if any.—There has been considerable rainfall during the fortnight under report, and it was almost general. The rain has been of the greatest benefit to the young crops where sown, and has also enabled the ryots to prepare their land for the cultivation of

amun. It has also materially benefited indigo, mulberry, sugarcane, and the "til" crop.

5. State of the Crops.—The prospects of the crops are very favorable. The young rice both "aous" and "amun" is reported to be doing well. The mangoe crop has been very good, although considerable damage was done to it by the storm of the 22nd instant, and vegetables also appear to have turned out well. Much help has, no doubt, been derived by the poor from these two articles. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbag reports that the "amun" paddy has been sown generally throughout the sub-division and has already germinated in most places. The young "aous" plants are well advanced. Indigo, mulberry, and sugarcane are doing well. The crops in thana Bhudrihaut are a little backward, as less rain has fallen there. The subdivisional officer of Jungypore reports that the prospects of "bhadoi" and "hoimonto" have been brightened by the rains. Indigo, sugarcane, and "bhadoi" seedlings look healthy in his sub-division. He has lately seen many "bhadoi" rice fields in thanas Rughoonathin his sub-division. He has lately seen many on his sub-division. He has lately seen many "bhadoi" rice fields in thanas Rughoonath-gunge and Dewanserai, and states that the seedlings looked very fine, especially in the alluvial lands of Dewanserai. If there be no inundation this year, a very good harvest of "aous" is likely to be reaped. He reports that another good feature in the prospects of the year is an abundant supply of "purbi" rice in the Dhulian bazaar. The alluvial lands near the Ganges in thana Dewanserai are the most fortunate parts of this sub-division, and this impression is confirmed by his late tour. The state of Mirzapore, which has no "bhadoi" erop to speak of, continues to give some anxiety. In thana Pulsah the "aous" on the banks of the Bansloi River is recorded to be premising.

River is reported to be promising.

6. Condition of the people.—There is little change to record in the condition of the lower classes from what has been given in previous narratives; they are still much distressed by the high price of food. For the poorer classes provision has been and is being made. The special subdivisional officer of Kandi reports that complaints of distress are now loudest from the cultivating classes and the class of writers. &c., who may be out of employment. In the south-east of this sub-division (where several large mehals have lately changed hands and it is useless for the ryots to expect help from their new landlords) applications for advances are constantly being made. The advances are required for subsistence allowance during the weeding season and for the payment of laborers who would otherwise go upon relief works. Most of the factories are The indigo season, now closed and many hands are thus thrown upon the labour market. however, will commence in a few days. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbag reports that the laboring classes generally have employment at present on relief works or are engaged in cultivation. Within the municipal limits as well as in than Bhugwangolah this class is very much better off than in thana Bhudrihaut. Here, as has already been observed, the erops are not so advanced and the people are, comparatively speaking, poorer than the poor classes of the other parts of the sub-division. Persons of this class, especially women and children, will come miles for a handful of rice in this portion of the district. To this class the relief works and the charitable relief are of the greatest service and will prevent a great amount of distress. The population of than Bhudrihaut is principally composed of the poorer classes, and the better classes are generally speaking well off, and up to the present time there does not seem to be any want amongst them. The sub-divisional officer of Jungypore reports that the condition of the people has slightly improved in parts of this sub-division owing to the importation of "purbi" rice. Everywhere the agricultural classes have got work nearer their homes. Shumsheergunge is now better off than it was reported to be in the last narrative in consequence of the good supply of "purbi" rice coming into the "Dhulian" market, which has already been mentioned. This has also had the effect of augmenting the supply in the smaller bazars in North-West Sooty. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hat states that the cultivators are in better spirits since the rain. The poorer people and some of the more respectable classes in thana Pulsah are in difficult circumstances.

Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation .- The case of one woman in the Khargram thana, who, from want, sold two of her three children for a rupee, was reported to the special sub-divisional officer of Kandi, privately, and afterwards by the relief assistant; temporary relief was given and arrangements are being made for her future maintenance. The special sub-divisional officer has been requested to report more fully on the circumstance of this case, and as to the present condition of the children who are alleged to have been sold. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Haut, states that there were a few cases of imminent starvation at Balia, in thana Rampore Haut, which had been relieved by the local

sub-committee,

8. Grain-thefts or robberies .- Three cases of grain-theft of a petty nature have been reported during the fortnight in the head-quarters sub-division; none have been reported from any of the sub-divisions. A crime statement is annexed, which does not show much increase of crime, as compared with the previous two years, but shows a decrease of crime as

regards Lalbag and Jungypore sub-divisions.

9. Condition of any special tracts.—In the head-quarters sub-division cholera and small-pox are still present; the former in Burwa, where there are a few cases lingering, and the latter in Bhurtpore and Sujergunge; but I am glad to be able to report that both diseases appear at last to be dying out in the head-quarters sub-division, where they have been present so long. Cholera has, however, broken out at Bhurtpore, where one of its first victims was the Secretary to the relief sub-committee. In the Lalbag sub-division cholera has decreased considerably, and only three fatal cases have been reported during the fortnight under report. Small-pox still prevails, but is also on the decrease.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

The average number of persons employed on the several relief works is 4,991; as far reports have been received the laborers are in good condition; food is easily obtained, except in the case of one work, the road from Panchgram to the Jebuntee bridge. Payments are made at the rate of 2 annas per diem, and the rates of task-work vary from one anna six pie to three annas per 100 cubic feet. On the principal works rice payment has been introduced, and laborers on many of the minor relief works started by the district relief committee are also being paid in the same manner. As fast as rice can be sent out to the relief works, cash payment is being the same manner. As rast as rice can be sent out to the relief works, cash payment is being substituted by payment in rice. Considerable progress has been made within the fortnight, and, provided supplies are regularly received from Calcutta, cash payment will be confined very shortly to a few of the least accessible minor works, principally under the relief committee, to which, on account of their limited extent, it will scarcely be necessary to extend rice payments. The rates of payment in rice on the Government relief works, which have also been adopted on the works carried on by the district relief committee, have been fixed by the Commissioner as follow: -12 seers per rupee for clean rice, and 14 seers per rupee for Burmah. and other partly unhusked rice. The laborers are perfectly satisfied with these rates, and the introduction of rice payment has not been attended by any diminution in their numbers. In some places it is reported that they are flocking to the works in large numbers; and a gentleman in charge of a road under the relief committee states that they apparently prefer to come to the relief works than to labor in the fields. He has been requested to report again on the matter after further experience, and, if his previous opinion be confirmed, it will probably be necessary to reduce the rates of payment. The laborers appeared to object at first to payment in cash for one day of the week only, but no more complaints, are now heard on this subject. They are in all probablity able to sell a portion of their daily earnings for cash at a profit, and thus obtain money for the purchase of other necessaries. The workmen as a rule bring their own tools. A statement showing the expenditure on relief works during the fortnight under report is herewith submitted.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

At Azimgunge the local merchants are still importing rice. Four boats laden with rice arrived at Lampat bear (Lablagh) on the 10th instant from Cutwa sub-division. It appears that 3,126 mands of food-grains have been exported from the Rampore Haut sub-division, and 12,599 mannds have been imported into the same sub-division during the fortnight ending 6th instant. During the fortnight 11,441 mannds of Government rice have been received, and 10,265 maunds have been already sent out to the places selected for its storage, and to several of the relief sub-committees. The district relief committee has indented largely upon the Government stores, and will require a large supply for its sub-committees, particularly in the Bhurtpore thana, where most of the relief works are carried on under it, and it has been found necessary to increase charitable relief latterly.

The Government rice already sent out has been distributed as under :-

		Governme	nt Kei	iet wo	rks. Relief Committee.
		Mds.	S.	C.	
Sudder sub-division		 636	8	12	
Lalbagh ,,					Information not received
Rampore Haut sub-div	rision	 395	10	0	as vet.
Jungypore ,					THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA

No difficulty has been experienced in procuring sufficient carriage for the conveyance of the rice from the railway-stations into the interior, but the Nulhattee (State) railway has not been able to convey the rice sufficiently fast from Nulhattee to the other stations down the line.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

The places at which Government grain has been stored are-

Sudder Sub-division

Harishpore and Huriharpore, thana Huriharpara.

Jellinghee and Fureedpore, thana Jellinghee.

Nobogram and Pauchgram, thana Kullyangunge.

Beldangah, thana Burwa.

Doulatabad, thana Doulatabad.

Lalbagh Sub-division—Lalbagh, Bhogwangola, Ramitalao and Lagurdighi. Rampore Haut Sub-division—Khargaon and Rampore Haut.

JUNGYPORE SUB-DIVISION-Jungypore.

Where houses could be produced, they have been hired for storage, and in other places bamboo structures are being erected. In Berhampore, a large building, formerly attached to the cantonment and used as a hospital, has been taken for a central golah. It answers the purpose extremely well, and has accommodation for 20,000 to 30,000 maunds. The establishment in charge of the golahs consists of a mohurrir on a salary of Rs. 10 per mensem, or, where available, a pound mohurrir on an extra allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem; a chowkeedar on Rs. 4 per mensem; and two coolies, to be paid principally in grain.

Rs. 4 per mensem; and two coolies, to be paid principally in grain.

The supply of rice as yet imported into the district is sufficient for its present requirements, but as the district relief committee are making large demands upon the Government

stores, it will be necessary to continue the daily despatches hitherto made from Calcutta for some time longer, until a sufficient stock is laid in. The district grain officer has written to Mr. Toynbee on the subject.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND THEIR RESULTS.

There were 31 cases pending at the end of the previous fortnight under the Land Improvement Act in the sudder sub-division; 3 fresh applications were received during the present fortnight. Out of the total 34, 16 cases are under investigation; in one case order for payment has been made; in one case the applicant has refused to take an advance; in 5 cases applications have been rejected, and in 11 cases the securities tendered have been found to be insufficient. A sum of Rs. 1,435 has been advanced to 6 parties during the fortnight under report. In the Rampore Haut sub-division a sum of Rs. 65 only has been disbursed during the fortnight as advances under the Land Improvement Act.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The statement prescribed by Government No. 1251—S.R., dated the 5th March last, is amexed, as regards each sub-division separately. The numbers receiving charitable relief have increased very considerably during the fortnight, not from a sudden increase of distress, but owing to compliance on the part of the relief committees with the wishes of the Central Committee, that charitable relief should be given freely and without stint. Much relief is thus afforded to thousands who would otherwise be seriously inconvenienced for food, although not reduced to starvation.

There was a balance of Rs. 42,250-11-7 at the close of the fortnight. The total receipts during the present fortnight amount to Rs. 63,691-11-7. This sum includes the grant of Rs. 21,100 made by the Central Committee for the present month. The total actual expenditure from the relief fund during the fortnight has been Rs. 1,983-9. The district committee has, however, purchased a large amount of rice from the Government stores, for which payment will be made shortly, on the adjustment of the accounts.

A cook-house is being erected at head-quarters, as of late applicants for relief have considerably increased. A cook-house has been started at Saktipore, and is now in full operation.

In the Lalbag sub-division the balance at the credit of the sub-divisional relief fund at the close of the last fortnight was Rs. 1,551-1-2, and the subscriptions realised during the present fortnight amounted to Rs. 276, making the amount of total receipts Rs. 1,827-1-2. The expenditure incurred has been Rs. 167-12-6, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,659-4-8 at the end of the fortnight under report. This sub-division still continues to incur expenses on account of charitable relief from local subscriptions, unaided by Government or any allotments from the district relief fund. Large numbers of persons appear to have been relieved by minor works, such as tank-excavations, road-repairs, &c., started by the city of Moorshedabad municipality, by the sub-divisional relief committee, and private individuals. Gratuitous relief, too, in the shape of rice, has been very liberally distributed.

In the Jangipore sub-division numbers have been at work on tanks and road-repairs, During the fortnight under report 64 persons received wage for jute spinning amounting to Rs. 14, 1 person received a dole of pice, and 8,957 persons received doles of rice weighing 147 maunds, 29 seers. The total receipts of the sub-divisional relief fund up to date is Rs. 3,127-5-1, and the total expenditure Rs. 1,826-9-8, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,300-11-5 at the close of the fortnight.

In the Rampore Haut sub-division there was a balance of Rs. 1,331-15 only at the credit of the sub-divisional relief fund at the close of the last fortnight. The total receipts during the present fortnight amount to Rs. 710. The total expenditure from the fund during the fortnight has been Rs. 1,761-2-1\frac{1}{3}, and the balance remaining in hand is Rs. 280-12-10\frac{1}{3} at close of the fortnight. The sub-divisional officer reports that he has been granting small loans to chowkeedars.

(d).—A great deal of relief under heading (d) of the Central Committee's notification of the 4th March last has been given at Kandi during the fortnight, and some cases which have been brought to notice have been relieved at head-quarters. The sub-divisional officers, however, appear not to have had any applications from peeple of the class falling under the above heading. As remarked by the Magistrate in a previous narrative, people of this class are not suffering very much from the prevalent distress. The principal sufferers are probably to be found in the towns, and especially in Berhampore, where many widows come to reside from other districts, in order to spend the remainder of their lives on the banks of the Bhagiruthee. Such persons are generally relieved by friends, relatives, or the members of their own castes, and in Berhampore the majority are also assisted by the Maharanee Shurnomoyee, whose generous charity embraces all classes. The number of applicants to the relief committees will, however, doubtless increase as the wishes of the Central Committee for the relief of this class become more widely known. Every genuine case of distress will be promptly and amply relieved. The number returned as relieved during the fortnight at K andi is 387, and an head-quarters 6 persons received rice and some pecuniary assistance.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

Vide accompanying statement.

Lalbag sub-division .- None.

				Jung	ypore sub-di	ivision.	
Total	expenditure	up to	the	last	fortnight	on account	of
tı	iccavee advan	ces, and	d for	the p	ourchase of	grain	
France	dituma dunina	the for	ntnia	ht m	dor roport		

Rs. A. P. 3,375 0 0

. Total

Rampore Haut sub-division.

Tuccavee advance made to one individual ...

Rs. 65 0 0

Crime Statement.

	Dacoity.	Theft.	House- breaking.	1874.	1873.	1872.
T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1	- 10	- 11	1.6
Head-quarters sub-division, from 31st May to 12th June 1874	1	31	9	41	35	31
Lalbag sub-division, for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874		•15	8	23	24	19
Jungypore sub-division, for the fortnight ending		8	1	9	13	13
Rampore Haut sub-division, for the fortnight ending 12th June 1874		6	1	7*	4*	7*

Return not received from thana Nulhattee, and the information for 1873 and 1872 not received from Khurgaon thana.

Statement showing the expenditure on Relief Works during the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

2 8	4	5	. +		6		108
	Gran	d Total		3,054	1	5	
Mirzapore and Gadi road				100	0	0	
Total by Publi	ie Works	Department		2,954			
		Sec. Na.		000	~	10	
Pultan Bazar tank				395	-	10	
Panchgaon tank				91	5	6	
Gorabazar improvement				537	10	9	
Nulhatti ,, Deepening Chota Laldighi				23	1	9	
Radhaghat ,, Nulhatti		••		125	8	3	
Calcutta "				94	13	6	
Jellinghee "				10	0	0	
Kishnagur road				23	0	0	
Jangipore to Khamra road				.100	0	0	- 100
Dewansarai to Marcha road				320	_	0	
Khamra road				39	-	0	
Bhugwangolah road			• •	64		0	
Panchgram road		**		125		0	
Salar and Talibpore road	• •	,.		643	13 13	4	
Kandhi ,, Badshahi road				86	4	2	
Nowada road				224	11	6	
Expenditure during the fortnight u	inder ren	ort ·—				-	
Expenditure up to last fortnight				65,471		2	
Art and the second seco				Rs.	As.	P	

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed.	Number of special roller sub-divisions opened and officered.	Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers.	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, ze- mindars, and other resi- dents.	Number of work- houses, or centres for the distribu- tion of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the classification of the charitable relief organisation design.
Head-quarters, 17 Lalbag sub-division, 1 Jungipore , 4 Rampore Hautsub-divn, 6	2	1.	15	E S	Men. Women. Children. Total. 07 219 68 384 345 553 154 1,032

^{*} The figures for the sudder sub-division are incomplete, as returns have not been received from several sub-committees

and the second s		Rs.	٨	P	
m (1 11 6 (1 114) 4 -1 -1 115	1.15-1	100.	22.		
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divi		0" 0"0	-		
treasuries, as shown in the last narrative		35,079	Ð	1	
Detail of the above total:	11-	-			
Amount credited to the district relief fund being pa	yable		0	4.	
from Government		11,515	6	4	
Establishment charges:—	0 0				
Travelling allowances Rs. 47	3 0				
Salary ,, 479	0 0				
Contingencies ,, 51	0 9	F.W.O.			
		578	2	9	
8 One-third of the cost paid by Government for a ta	nk at				
Khoyramaree		200		0	
Paid for construction of a furnash		83		0	
Tuccavee advances		20,644			
Advanced for purchase of grain		2,025		0	
Paid for digging wells		33	4	0	
Advances during the fortnight under report:		-	-	-	
Tuccavee advance to Ram Gopal Sircar		333	0	0	
,, to Lolit Mohun Roy Chowdhree		317	0	0	
to Mohamed Moaho		134	0	0	
, to Ram Doss Kubeeraj		50	0	0	
to Nobin Chunder Mitter		333	0	0	
,, to Chunder Sikhur Ghosal		268	0	0	
Paid to Officiating Magistrate and Collector on accou	int of				
pay of clerk		60	0	0	
Ditto ditto pay of a Relief Assistant from 5	h to				
26th May 1874		56	12	4	
Ditto ditto pay of Mr. Scougall		230	0	0	
Paid to district grain officer on account of pay		5	10	0	
Ditto ditto on account of contingencies		9	7	6	
Ditto ditto on account of travelling allowance		11	10	6	
Ditto ditto on account of pay of clerk		17	6	6	
Ditto ditto for transport of Government grain		600	0	0	
Total		2,425	14	10	
		-,			
Grand Total		37,505	3	11	
Olinia zovin		01,000			
	C	W. Bol	TON		
		Dol	-024	,	

Asst. Magistrate and Collector, Moorshedabad, In charge.

No. 862-S.R., dated Berhampore, the 17th June 1874.

From—W. Wavell, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to forward accounts showing the expenditure of the district relief committee from the commencement of operations up to the 31st of May, classified under the various headings, which I find were not sent with the last fortnightly narrative.

FORM A.

Cash account from 1st January to 31st May 1874, District of Moorshedabad.

RECEIPTS.	DISBURSEMENTS.	
Rs. A	s. P. Rs	As. P.
1. Opening balance	Expenditure under heading (b) 12,099	3 04
2. Remittances from central	ditto, ditto, (c) 27,691	5 4
committee 20,000	0 0 ditto, ditto, (d) 1,452	15 4
3. Recoveries by sale of manufactures and other- wise, under headings	Miscellaneous For orphans	***
c and d *270 1	0 6 Total 42,023	7 81
4. Local subscriptions +29,588 13		
5. Government grant 19,478	3 4	
6. Miscellaneous 797	1 7	
Total 70,135	3 0	

No. 1266-S.R., dated Dinagepore, the 15th June 1874.

From-A. C. Brett, Esq., Joint-Magistrate, in charge of Dinagepore Magistracy, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In consequence of the temporary absence of the Magistrate, Mr. Lowis, who has gone to Godagari to meet His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, it devolves upon me to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF COUNTRY.

The prospect of the bhadoi crop is excellent; Mr. Lowis in his last report said that unless no rain fell between then and July, it promised a good return. We have had splendid rain, so that a very full bhadoi may be confidently expected. Preparations for the winter crop go on apace, and for this also matters look very hopeful; cholera has disappeared. Mr. Rajkissen Sen, and Babu Joges Chandra Mitter, alluded to in Mr. Lowis' last report, have taken charge of their respective duties. The price of rice has universally fallen, owing without doubt, to the hountiful rain. without doubt, to the bountiful rain.

B .- Relief Works.

I subjoin the form of return framed by Mr. Lowis in his last narrative, filled in with

the figures for the present fortnight.

The orders of Government regarding the payment of wages in grain have been generally carried out. As Mr. Lowis will personally give His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor full information as to the different ways in which the supplies of Government grain are being utilised for the benefit of the country, I need not enlarge on this topic.

C .- TRANSPORT.

This is practically completed.

D .- STORAGE.

Under Mr. Lowis' instructions, the sales of rice at the various golahs have increased in quantity.

E.-Advances.

Advances of grain to ryots are freely made. A few zemindars have applied for money advances to purchase seed-grain. Their applications are under the Collector's consideration, but none have yet been complied with.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

I append a list shewing the expenditure for charitable relief under the heads B, C, D, of the Central Relief Committee's rules. The machinery for the distribution of charitable relief remains as it was during the last fortnight, viz., in the main, the mandals of individual villages. The extension of the system of group superintendents is under consideration. The following is the statement shewing the number of persons receiving charitable relief:-

		No. recei	ving relief.	1 1 10 10 1	
No.	Name of circle.	Shown in last report.	In this report.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	- 6
1	Dinagepore	1,902	2,430	528	
2	D : 1 1	5,146	4,631		515
3	Bindoil	1,810	1,876	66	
4	Doorgapore	907	1,500	593	
5	Charman	456	630	174	
6	Kaliagunge	486	705	219	
7	Tamboolee	324	1,280	956	*****
8	Gungarampore .	2,248	2,363	115	
9	Lushkerhat	1,274	1;129		145
10	Porsha	471	622	151	
1	Putnitolla	659	965	306	and the state of
12	Patiram	1,380	1,557	177	
13	Bhadoorea	1,182	1,266	. 84	
14	Bochagunge	330	959	629	
15			No informat	ion received.	
16	Habra	537	547	10	•
	Total .	19,112	22,460	4,008	660

35

The following table shews the number of criminal cases in connection with scarcity that occurred during May 1874.—

that occurred during May 1874	-							
					Nu	mber	of case	s reporte declared dnever
Dacoity-					,	to h	alse, an	urred.
Headings 30 and 31 of Cri	ime (Mont	h of May	1874				5	
Return					***		1	
Robbery-		Ditto	1872				3	
Headings 32 and 33 of Cri	Mont	h of May	1874				()	
return							2	
Theft-		Ditto	1872				()	
· Heading 43 of Crime Ret	urn (Mont	h of May	1874		***		60	
AI, excluding cattle-there	(Ditto	1872				21 20	
House-breaking, headings	95 (Mont	h of May	1874				56	
and 36 of AI,							41	
4	(Ditto	1872				40	
*	(Mont	h of May	1874				9	
Grain-theft or riot	} 1	Ditto	1873				0	
	(1	Ditto	1872				0	
	Mont	h of May	1874			-	124	
Total	1	Ditto	1873			-	65	
	1	Ditto	1872			-	63	
					,	-		
	GFINA	NCIAL BR	OTT TO					
			SULIS.		18 18 000			
The total expenditure up to	last fortnig	ht was		Rs.	17,17,839	8	6	
	The details	of the at	bove.		Rs.	A.	P.	
For road works					11,11.899	1	2	
,, construction of gold	ahs				39,396		6	
,, transport of rice		:	-		3,79,366	7	5	
Hire of carts for convey			fficers		1,100	0	0	
For purchase of fodder ,, construction of bung	ralows				2,000 2,443	0	0	
Pay of establishment, &c	C				10,345	8	0	
Miscellaneous					3,875	8	2	
Salary and travelling all		native do	ctors		252	7	3	
For tank-digging	•••				71,650	0	0	
Price of gunny bags Office furniture					107		0	
Placed at the credit of t	he Executi		er for				0	
works		*			45,000	0	0	
Placed at the credit of	Major J.		y, R.E.		50.000	0	0	
road works Railway freight of koda	lies &c	***			50,000 399	0	0	
The total expenditure d	uring the fo	rtnight u	nder re		000	V		
has been					50,857	14	5	
	The detai	le of the al	hare					
				e				
Head-clerk, district reli	to relief	for hire o	i carts	for	10	10	0	
Baboo Jadub Chunder (Hossami, fo	r road wo	rks -		5,000	0	0	
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., fo					500	0	0	
M. Finucane, Esq., for 1	road works	See.		111	1,662	6	4	
Kaliagunge circle officer	r, for road	works			2,000	0	0	
Lieutenant A. W. Prou	dioot, for r	oad works	wina		5,000 2,000	0	0	
Baboo Jadub Chunder (M. Finucane, Esq., for t			Sunk	.4.	6,000	0	0	
Kaliampre circle for ta	nk-digging	D			500		0	
Kaliagunge circle for tar Lieutenant A. W. Prou	dfoot, for to	ank-diggin	ng		2,000	0	0	
Baboo Aboy Charun Gh	ose for hire	of earts ar	nd wage	es of				
coolies for carrying n	noney to re	lief officer	8	***	100	0	0	
Baboo Purna Chandra G					5,000	0	0	

	Control of the Contro		(Carlo 1670)	m
	Rs.	A.	P.	
Baboo Hari Mohon Sen for transport of rice	10,000	0	0	
Mr. Rajkissen Sen, for construction of golah	80	0	0	
J. Pollen, Esq., on account of his deputation allowance for May	200	0	0	
J. Pollen, Esq., for tentage of his deputation allowance		,	0	
for May District relief officers' establishment for May 1874	11 87	10	9	
Famine establishment under Magistrate for May 1874	131	0	0	
Ditto under treasury officer	22	0	0	
Tossiduck Hussain, for price of horse	500	0	0	
M. Finucane, Esq., travelling allowance for January February, March, and April	570	5	8	
Mr. Rajkissen Sen, for his salary	154	13	3	
Baboo Surendra Narain Roy, for contingencies	25	4	U	
Ditto ditto for pay of his establish-	132	9	8	
ment for May Baboo Surendra Naraln Roy, for his own pay for May	89	0	6	
" Hari Mohon Sen, for pay of his establishment				
for May	177	15	11	
Baboo Jogat Chandra Chuckerbutty for pay of	157	0	0	
J. Polen Esq., for pay of his establishment for May	157 673	0	6	
Baboo Hari Mohon Sen for his travelling allowance	184	8	0	
Shiku, syce, for salary	12	0	0	
Baboo Purna Chandra Gupta for travelling allowance	0.1	0	0	
for March and April	91	8	0	
Baboo Jogodis Nath Roy for pay of his establishment for May	357	13	3	
T. W. Tweedie Esq., for pay of establishment		15	1	
Baboo Jadub Chandra Gossame for ditto	269	0	0	
Baboo Hari Mohon Chand for ditto for May Baboo Hari Mohon Chand for golah establishment	449 429	9	$\frac{0}{10}$	
Native Doctor Abdool Rohoman for contingencies	2	10	0	
Do. for travelling allowance	3	0	0	
M. Finucane, Esq., for pay of establishment for May	79	15	6	
Baboo Ram Chandra Barmon for his pay, and that of his inspectors for May	300	0	0	
Ditto for pay of his establishment for ditto	79	0	0	
Ditto for golah establishment for ditto	110	5.	2	
Mr. Rajkissen Sen for office furniture Baboo Prosonno Coomar Roy for salary for May	20 96	$\frac{0}{12}$	0	
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for construction of bungalows	200	0	0	
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for pay of his establishment for				
May	79	0	0	
W. H. Horsley, Esq., for May Jailer, for printing transport forms	82	0	0	
A. W. Scanlan, Esq., for his salary for April	173	5	4	
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., on account of his salary for				
March, April, and May Baboo Ram Chander Barmon, for his salary, and that	1,059	10	9	
of his inspectors for April 1874	173	5	0	
A. W. Scanlan, Esq., for his salary, and that of his				
inspectors for April 1874	490	0	0	
W. H. Horsley, Esq., for his deputation allowance for				
April 1874 Baboo Harokali Mukeherjee forestablishment for May	200 92	5	0	
Baboo Nobin Chunder Sen, inspector, salary for May	80	0	0	
w. H. Horsley, Esq , for golah establishment	100	0	0	
Native Doctor Abdool Rohoman for his salary	163		0	
Sunto paid in advance	25 25	0	0	
W. H. Horsley Esq., salary of inspectors for May	400	0	0	
Baboo Kedar Nath Banerjee, relief superintendent				
for his salary for May Mr. Jones, for Raigunge golah establishment for April	136	6	0	
Mr. Jones, for Durgapore golah establishment for April	32	5	4	
Jeartulla Sircar, golah-keeper for his pay	47	0	0	No.
	1000	1		

	975		Rs.	As.	P.
Lieutenant A. W. Proudfoot, for his sale his establishment	ary and	that of	1,232	1	11
Prem Chand Sirear, for Bongong golah for May	establis	shment	49	6	0
Peyaree Mohon Poddar, for Churamon ament	golah est	ablish-	45	13	3
Gungadhur Shaha, for Kumargunge	ditto		62	0	0
Syam Sundar Sircar, for Patiram,	ditto	4 + 4	86	0	0
Mutibulla Sircar, for Khanpore,	ditto		40	0	0
Mosrufallee, for Deorhat golah establish	ment		45	5	6
Ram Chandra Mozumdar for Balughat,			62	0	0
Jitto Ram, for Galghat,	ditto		52	0	()
Gurudas Chatterjee, for Chandgunge	ditto		52	0	0

Statement showing the daily average number of persons employed on each work in the several Relief Circles in the District of Dinagepore.

OF RCLE.	Name	of eac	ch we	ork.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece- work.	On daily wages.	REMARKS
						•						
r	Beerale	Road		***		65		100 60	165		165 77	
- 11	Bajutpore Sumelia		***	***		17 175		97	77 272	150	122	
- 11	Sahibgunge	**	***			214	2	13	229	212	17	
- 11	Nalaibaree	**				134	26	33	193	******	193	
- 11	Maharajpore	**		***		141	23	85	249	125	124	
- 11	Raneegunge	11	***	***		18	89	70	177 245	18	159 245	
. 11	Ramdubee	**		0.0.0	222	5 221	88 65	152 81	367	215	152	
M	Karimullapor Sumdiar		***	***		83	60	92	105	2.0	105	
8 11	Kantabaree	**				100	15	42	157	100	57	1
SUDDER	Binnukuree	"			***	316	26	80	422	300	1:2	
m	Gopalgunge	**		***		205	1 8	33 43	239 231	199 159	40 72	1
24	Fooltalah Em	bank				180	50	27	115	34	81	Stopped.
4	Sunderpore to Dinagepore	DELK.		***		34	19	43	96	20	76	
DINAGREORE	Bhowanipore			***		5		14	19		19	Finished.
K	Barole	**	***	442	***	217	9	3	217 129	120	217	
AI	Balarampore	"	***	***		124 76	24	50	150	60	90	Stopped.
- 11	Bairageepara Chongharia	**	***			14		15	29	5	24	Oto ppour
- 11		**		***		22	34	70	126	14	112	
il	Kaseimpore	**	***	***		27	1	4	32	. 15	17 45	Finished.
- 11	Raundighy	**				s 31	20 12	21	45 84	19	65	
- 11	Susharee	**	***	***	***	22	12	14	36	4	32	
- 1	Shibpore Shekpore	"		***	***	17	12	7	36	******	36	Stopped.
	Literpero	,,		otal		2,505	517	1,220	4,242	1,769	2,473	
-	Dhukurjhari	Road	***	***		80	6	84	120	44	76	
1	Maloon	**	***	***	***	480	35	58	573- 739	46 150	527 589	
- 11	Bochagunge	**		***	***	400 280	86 311	253 99	690	201	489	
	Bonbaree Katihar	**		***		151	99	113	363	87	276	
Восилетиве	Beergunge	23		***		300	169	154	623	159	15	1
N	Aglabad	**		***	***	65			65 405	50	355	
01	Raneesankoil		***		***	250 16	10	145	16	16		100
H	Peergunge Bonbaree	tank		***	***	50	*****	******	50	50		
00	Bosbhanga	12				89		******	39	89	*****	1
m	Jangaon	,,	***	***	***	108			108	108 108		
- 1	Chandpore	33	***	***	.***	108			108 50	00		1
	Josypara Bhowradaha	**	***	***		153	******		152	152	*****	
	Montanum	,,		Potal		2,529	716	856	4,101	1,310	2,791	
			1	LOCOL	0"	2,020						1
	Lahiri to H	uldib	ari	Road	1	471			471	471	488	
1	Nekmurd to	Ranis	anko	il "	***	232 98	488 16		720	232 98	16	
	Ranisankoil t Ranisankoii t	o Pee	rinor	ge "	***	526			526	526		1
255	Satugheta to	Mird	anga	"	Sec. 1	128	97	23	288	128	110	
	Harinore to J	amoc	11		***	436	15	15	466 427	436 193	30 234	
RANKESANKOIL	Bodessari to Jamoon to S	Satig	tta		***	193	229 23	114	507	870	137	
N	Jamoon to Se Ranisankoil t	atight	doil		****	370 997	50	119	1,047	997	50	10000
2	Tank at Karr	ail	idon		***	82			32	82	*****	The state of the s
ES	" Bangla	chat	***	***	244	80			30	30	******	1
NE	., Chalma	gooy	***	. ***	141	32			32 49	32 49		
31	Dooloo	pore	**	7**	***	10			10	10		
H	" Ratore Hatgao	m	***	***	***	72	******		72	72	*****	
CO-97170 R	Dantanh					45			45 60	45 60		
16,28,39												
	" Protato	nda	491	***	***	60			48	48		

AME OF ROLE	Name of each Work.	Ask	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece- work.	Off daily wages.	RHMARK
		17	10			10	10		
1	Tank Hurriah Tangagacha	***	56			56 28	56 28		
	Kamat Katuhat	***	28 15			15	15		
d.)	Hurriahneahpore	***	42			42	4.0	121111	
RANBESANKOIL(Confd.	Ranasonkon	***	42 27 83			27 83	27 83		
0	, Rukus , Palasharee , Burrocally		369 70	******		369 70 50 72 50	869		
13	" Burrocally	***	70 50		******	70 50	70 50		
5	" Doorgapore " Ladhabaree	***	72			72	72 50		
×	" Kochna		50	******		50 40	50 40	******	
N.			40 155			155	255		
8	,, Jamaon ,, Baliadanga ,, Singharrec	***	45	******		45	45 24		
R.A		***	24 93			155 45 24 93	93	*****	
- 1	" Mohespore	***	21			21	21 144	*****	
	" Dhookurjharee " Madhupore	***	144			30	30		
	Yotal		5,869	908	157	6,484	5,369	1,665	
-	Road Bindoil to Serajgunge , Bindoil to Monarajghr		159	13	15 636	187 1,494	187 377	1,117	
1	" Hemiabad to Bindoil	t	377 12	481	27,737	12 804			
1	" Hemtabad to Mohar	ighat	29	471	304 131	504 504	29	775 488	
1	" Hemtabad to Maloon " Hurripore to Adhiar	***	161 532	513	288	1,333	532	801	
1	" Torra to Hurripore		100 126	1		101 126	100	126	
	Bindoil to Moharayskin Hemitabad to Bindoil Hemtabad to Mohara Hemtabad to Mohara Hemtabad to Mohara Hurripore to Adhiar Torra to Hurripore Hemtabad to Fakurge Dinagrepore to Purnea Tank Maloou Adhiar Road Bhoranon	1	1,249	112	68	1,429	1,249	180	
BINDOIL	Tank Maloon	***	16	363 144	128 29	507 179	16	491 178	Y.
ES .	" Shoriabad	111	56	81	142	279	56	223	
BE			33 120	1	1	35 120	33 120	2	
	- Halalpore		468	468	151	1,087 637	468	619 190	
-	Banch Bhya		447 459	146 90	310	859	447 259	600	
1	" Balingaon " Kastoir	***	30 29		2 2	32 31	80 29	2 2	
-	" Bamura " Dadra		29 67	45	24	136	67	69	
-	Rania	***	67 281	35 81	48 179	364 275	281 15	83 260	
(" Bonagra Total		4,627	3,402	2,502	10,531	4,817	6,214	
,		and	100	400	100	600	100	500	
- 1	Doorgapore to Chooramon r Doorgapore to Koonair Doorgapore to Itahar) ad	460	500	200	1,100 350	400	700 250	
	Doorgapore to Itahar	,	100 25	200 115	50	350 140	100	140	
100	Koonair to Doorgapore	,	489	5.588	1,463	7,540	489	7,051	
AP	Doorgapore tank	other	50	402	60	512		512	
RG	Doorgapore to Itahar Raigunge to Katiharee Koonair to Doorgapore Doorgapore tank 7 tanks at Bistoopore and villages	***	200	500	150	850	200	650	
DOORGAFORE	27 tanks under Mr. Spurr	***	2,579	23		2,602	2,602		
-	Huntabad to Doorgapore ro	ıd	13	* ***	181	2,183		2,183	
-	villages 37 tanks under Mr. Spurr Roads under Mr. Spurr Huntabad to Doorgapore ro Huntabad to Raiguuge Raiguuge to Doorgapore Raigunge to Maharajuat		107	1,895	181	2,183	*****	2,100	
	Total		4,050	9,623	2,204	15,877	3,891	11,986	
× .	Itahar road		150	213	52	415	107	308	
CHOORAMON	Potaraj road		93	762 235	90	945 494	41 124	904 370	
RA3	Mirjadighi road Etahar tank	33.0	160 163	235	99	189	153	36	
100	Etahar tank Potaraj tank		34			34	32	2 6	
5	Mirjadigni tank	***	6			6			
	Total	***	606	1,227	250	2,083	457	1,626	
(Udgao road Kaliagunge road		62	84	51 147	197	5 228	192 670	
1	Kaliagunge road Radhikapore	***	404 304	347	147	898 304	304	670	
1	Pakura road	***	103	165	38	103 269			
.11		***	111		84	414	Di	ecified.	
0	Koonoor "	***	407	122	36	565 19	377 19	188	
KALIAGUNGE.	Baidal tank Doorgapore tank	***	63	******	******	63	63	******	
IAG	Nowada tank	***	1 8		******	1 3	1 3		
A.L	Rampore tank	***	9			9	9	******	
4	Nehalipara tank		6 26			6 26	1 26	5	
	Ramgunge tank Nehalipara tank Katiardanga tank Auaown tank Bhundara tank		25	.,	.,,,,,	25	25	******	
1			1,624	937	356	2,917	1,179	1,055	
	Total	***		- 1					
(Kalikamora road		137	55 462	80	272	117	155	
ni I	Koosomondi " Jamira "	***	427 139	40 24	782 74	1,671 253	161 135	1,510 118	
FE	Dhowlutnore		151	140	34 57	209 237	136 11	73 226	
20		- 17	539	987	484	2,010	16	1.994	
TAMBOOLEE	Baniatpore "		1,265	1,548	1,395	4,208	790	3,418	
2011			4	12.110	9	4	16		
			16			16	16		
	Haripore "	***	2.760	3,271	2.915	9,546	1,383	8,163	

OF RCLE.	Names of works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece- work.	On daily wages.	REMARK
	Employed by Public Works De-							
	Employed by Public Works De- partment Subordinates.							
	Mohipal road Shehoil " Tamboolee "	18 15 31	*****		18 18 31	******	18 18 31	
	Serai "	15			15		15	
	Dhowlutpore .,	90			90		90	
1	Lushkerhat road Nowbazar , Foolbarry ,	19	48 25	16	83		83 43	
		38 70 314	26	3	63 70 343	70 267		
1	Darail " "	92	2	9	103	84 73	76 19	
- 11		73 45 165	1	5 12	78 50 178	50 165	13	
.	,, Ram Cani Acharjee Tank at Koshba , Sankarpore (b)	3 36	8		8 44	35	3 11	
- 11	Madhubpore Shibpore	2 2		******	2 2	100.00	2 2	
ni l	Jagoti Hasainpore	150	*****		150	149	1	
LP0	" Nakurya	39 37 56		4	39 41 56	40 55	1 1	
GANGARAMFORE	, Akhanagore Nischinto	18 296	9		18 208	18 194	14	
NGY	" Rampore	43 42	8	9 3	60 45	48 42	12	
GA	, Rampore	25 36	20100	8	25 44	24	1 4	
11	" Srerampore " Joypore Bund Ausa	42 240	133	73	42 446	41 206	240	
- 11	Tank at Jordishbatee	2.4	5 5	3 3	42 50	38	4 1	
11	" Shehoor " Maucghikonda	42 75 45		10	* 85 45	84 45	1	
11	", Chuck Bohora Bhalukabaru	40 77 107	******	5 15	45	44 77 106	1	
	, Doorgapore , Salash	107 22			92 107 22	106	15 1	İ
	Bhasuria	81 20	21	5	81	80 12	1 34	
	" Nowabazar Total	2,336	284	183	2,803	2,213	590	-
(Bhakarpore road Ram Chandpore road Lakhi Narayanpore faak Koorahar Rai Chundra Lakhidanga	70 367	119 130	48 113	237 550	36 279	201 271	
- 1	Lakhi Narayanpore fank Koorahar "	307 23 35 12	111111	******	23 35	23 25 12	10	
17	Rai Chundra " Lakhidanga "	11		2	12 13	13	******	
4	Namhoonare	3	13	1	4 3	4 3 50		
BA3	Sookdebpore "	35 197 29	13 152 18	101	50 450	55	395	
LUSKERHAT	Bhobanipore tank	30	18		47 32	47 32		
LUS	Trical	40 43 19	2		40 45	40 45	******	
- 11	Palia road Lashkerhat road	1	3 19	6	22 26	22	26	
il	Bhalkadaho tank	100 28	. 20	5	125 28 20	125 28	*****	
	Tridhara "	20 33	******	******	33	20 33		
1		1,065	478 -	278	1,821	918	903	-
	Total	1,000	4/0.		1,521			
(Sapahar road Mardanga tank	427 67	41	124 21	592 88	66	592 22	
HA.	Gonalnore	66 52		4 25	70 77	64	77	
Ровяна	Serahi	207 108	105 55	188 74	500 237		500 237	
-	Simuldanga , Parasimul ,	70 58	9	19 49	98 107	66 5	32 102	
	Total	1,055	210	504	1,769	202	1,568	4 1
	Employed by Public Works Department subordinates.							
1	Road from Godagaree Road from Forsiparah to Rangama-	125	44	12	181	151	30	
1	Road from Forsiparah to Rangama- tia	728		52	* 780		780	1
4	Road from Shibgunge to Sateer-	62			62	62		
IOLI	Road from Modool to Sheebpore Ditto Matajurhat to Forsi-	271		5	276	141	185	
PATRITOLA.	parah	723 49		8 5	731 54	617 40	114 14	
A	Road from Farseepara to Hara-	277		6	283	231	52	1
	Road from Debipore to Rangama-	219		64	283	1	283	1
	tia							

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JULY 1, 1874.

NAME OF IRCLE.	Name of each work.	Mon.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece- work.	On daily wages.	REMARKS.
-	Road from Balughat to Hillee Patiram to Hillee Paglee to Khanpore Kumargunge to Sum-	1,267 654 394 809	111 40 146 192	225 131 136 105	1,603 829 676 606	1,267 654 394 309	336 175 282 297	
PATIRAM.	finia Baiuchat to Palsa Baiuchat to Palsa Baiuchat to Kokhilabaree. Tank at Strohee John Baiuchat Mohalla Rohimapore Salakaree Kanaraparah Malara Dossool Harigram Harapore	528 109 58 75 26 34 42 18 22 21 28 6	66 1 1 15 1	90 28 7 2 1 1 1 6 1 1	684 138 69 75 26 51 43 19 24 27 29 28	528 109 66 75 26 51 43 19 24 27 29 28 6	156 29	NP.
. [Total Ghoraghat to Sontapir road Bhadooria to Nowabrunge road	3,616 1,669 540	156 240 230	736 258 296	2,058 1,066 973	8,655	1.275	
BHADOORIA	Ghoraghat to Kulamudpore ghoraghat to Kamdia Bhadooria to Borokandi Ghoraghat to Govindoguage Ghoraghat to Govindoguage Mooradpore tank Siala tank Mirzapore tank	589 59 287 19 1 23 15 24	230 15 9 36 6	154 9 12 10 15 1	973 83 803 65 1 44 16 24			
	Total	3,226	692	745	4,668			

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Dinagepore duriny the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

			and the second						1	Total allot.	Total quantity	Total quantity	TOTAL QU	FOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	RENMENT GRAIN	CONSUMED UP I	TO DATE.	Estimated	Estimated
	NAM	E OF	NAME OF CIRCLE.			Ā	Date for which figures are given.	or which fig are given.	rares	ment of Government grain.		of grain con- sumed as per last report.	Sold to the laborers or to public.	Given for chari. I table relief.	By advances to ryots.	By advances to Amount paid in ryots.	Total.		gram expendi- ture of the ensuing fort- night.
						_				Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.
Dinagepore		1	1	•		13th	13th June, 1874	\$74	:	96,000		20,691 34 13	31,965 25 2	1,730 0 0	1,075 5 8		34,770 30 10	_	M.
Chooramon				:		8th	ditto	:	;	45,000	61,250	6,942 4 04	3,395 9 11	421 39 9	10,228 16 0	2,180 22 94	16,226 7 134		
Bindoil	1	. 1	1	:		10th	ditto	:	:	89,000	52,187	11,750 26 34	16,541 20 74	1,375 19 8	3,154 39 0	:	21,071 39 154		
Ranisonkoil	B	-		:		9th	ditto	:	:	80,000	1,37,080	13,785 2 4	21,404 15 13	1,084 7 11	812 35 0	54 12 13}	23,355 31 54		*
Bochagunge	9					8th	1 ditto	:	i	30,000	25,720	2,138 26 10	6,739 7 9	850 20 11	:::	8 22 0	7,098 10 4		
Kaliagunge			. :	:		9th	1 ditto	:	:	40,000	29,533	2,11 700,7	9,504 17 6	393 5 0	1,825 0 0	1,188 14 7	12,910 36 13		
Tamboolee	:	:	:			9th	n ditto	:	÷	1,00,000	1,02,084	8,504 0 0	6,951 20 0	563 1 4	7,399 34 12	3,019 29 12	17,934 5 12		
Gungarampore	pore		;			9th	1 ditto	:	÷	000'09	61,777	22,357 0 0	21,101 0 0	0 0 966	::	4,709 0 0	26,806 0 0		
Luskerhat	:	. :	:	:		9th	1 ditto	:	i	40,000	26,071	2,645 34 0	8 08 626,2	463 34 8		1,299 30 8	4,743 15 8	:	4
Porsha	:			:		9th	1 ditto	:	i	40,000	74,754	1,834 12 121	223 28 144	187 33 0	1,545 0 0	406 38 11	2,363 18 91	-49	
Putnitolla	i			:		9th	1 ditto	:	ŧ	95,000	1,00,164	9,626 0 13	12,720 16 5	1,116 31 9	5,690 20 0	682 11 9	20,208 39 7		
Patiram	1		:		:	10th	1 ditto	:	:	85,000	84,464	18,880 19 74	24,689 26 5	995 15 2		:	25,685 1 7		
Bhaduria	:	:	:	:		8th	ditto	:	÷	60,000	42,445	7,833 32 12	9,697 14 8	765 28 0		:	10,463 9 8		
Doorgapore	;		:	Ì	:	9th	n ditto	:	:	1,50,000	1,39,750	10,797 1 11	14,680 3 9	940 14 0	2,957 29 4	79 13 12	18,657 20 9		
Beergunga	:		1	:		:				:	10,270	2,815 7 104		-	No information.				
Parbuttypore	aio		:	:	:	:				:	6,971	313 34 8	1,339 7 8	26 12 0	10 0 0	:	1,375 19 8		
								Total		10.00.000		1 47 903 8 111	6 111 69 033 3 10	11 410 91 14	31 699 19 R	13 698 31 18	18. 43 671 39 13		

Statement showing the expenditure incurred on account of Charitable Religf from the beginning up to date.

				Headings of the	Central Committe	ee's notification of	the 4th March.	
				a.	ъ.	c.	d.	TOTAL.
Married Communication of the Party of the Pa	-	0		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P. 4,287 3 9	Rs. As. P. 4,214 3 3	Rs. As. P. 217 12 0	Rs. As. P. 8.818 1 6
Dinagepore	***	***		98 14 6	72 6 0	434 9 10		506 15 10
Beergunge	***	***	***			400 0 10		
Bochagunge	***	***		0 0 0	339 6 0			342 14 0
Ranisonkoil	***	44+	***	8 8 U	000			216 0 0
Bindoil	***	***	***		3,516 6 5	547 3 9	60 0 0	4,113 10 2
oorgapore	***	***	***		1,325 7 10	101111	30,423 14 11	1,325 7 10
hooramon	***	***	***		1.057 1 2	58 0 0		1,115 1 2
amboolee	***	***	***		1,497 0 7		5,475 0 0	1,497 0 2
aliagunge	***	***	***		2,085 2 10	7,959 14 7	41 1 7	10,086 3 (
ungarampore		***	***		2,000 2 20	No information.		
uskerhat	941	1.11	***	1	825 7 2	215 13 1		1,041 4 8
orsha	***	***	***		2,499 6 8	7,536 7 3		10,035 13 11
utnitolla	***	100	***		4,204 8 7	1,883 10 3	81 7 6	6,169 10 4
atiram	***		***	30030	ajaroa o i	No information.		
Bhaduria	***	***	***					
arbuttipore	***	***	***	*** ***				
	T	otal .	[318 6 6	21,709 9 0	22,849 14 0	390 5 1	45,268 2 7

Statement showing the quantity of Grain stored in the various Galahs.

Amount stored in the various Hammer to 18th June of Golahs.

Atamie of Condis.					to 18	th Ju	ane.	
		Ranise	mkoil Circle.			~	~	
					Mds.	S.	C.	
Ranisonkoil					58,123	0	0	
Neckmurd					12,950	20	0	
Bedeshari					7,143	0	0	
Haldibari					5,323	20	0	
Bonbari					5,895	0	0	
-		***			6,043	0	0	
Bongaon	• • •	•••			41,605	20	0	
Huripore		•••						
Banglaghur								
Jameon	***	• • •	***					
Nundgaon	•••							
Bashhanga					1,37,080	0	0	
Madergunge					1,01,000	0	U	
		Bine	dole Circle.				-	
D' 1.1.					18,193	0	0	
Bindole					20,084	0	0	
Hemtabad .					3,732	0	0	
Adhiari	***	***			5,366	0	0	
Maloon		***			4,812	0	0	
Serajgunj	***		***	***	3,012	·	U	
			Total		52,187	0	0	
		Choore	amon Circle.		***************************************		-	
The second second		Choore	emon Oncic.		41 100	0	0	
Chooramon	***		· · · ·	***	41,132	0	0	
Itahar					10,077	0	0	
Putiraj	****	***	* ***		5,039	0	0	
Meerjadighee	***	***	***	***	5,002	0	0	
			Total		61,250	0	0	
	*						-	
		Putn	itolla Circle.					
Putnitollah					37,187	0	0	
Mohadebpore					7,728	0	0	
Bhowanigunge				,,,	166	0	0	
Rangamatia					20,491	0	0	
Fershipara					12,606	0	0	
Shibpore					10,000	0	0	
			*		6,448	0	0	
Matageerhat Modoilhat	**				5,498	0	0	
Modomat		***			3,200			
			Total		1,00,164	0	0	
						SUMMY.	07556959	B5.42

Raigunge Mats S. C.		Name of G	olah.	*		Amount st	ored June.	up to	
Raigunge			Raigu	nge Circle.			-	C.	
Total S,033 0 0 0	Raigunga	4	-				436	0	
Total 1,39,750 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							-	0	
Patiram Patiram Circle. Patiram Patiram									
Patiram	Doorgapore					14,410	0	0	()
Patiram				Total		1,39,750	0	0	
Baloorghat 14,973 10 15 18 18 19 19 10 18 18 18 19 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 10			Patira	um Circle.					
Raleorghat	Patiram				***	25,401	32	0	
Kourgunge	Baloorghat				***	14,973	10	12	
Chandgunge						13,453		6	
Pugli							0	0	
Teorhat								8	
Bollahat								0	
Total S4,464 0									
Total S4,464 0					4.1.1			0	
Nowbazar	Khanpore		***	***	***	2,874	22	8	
Nowbazar				Total		84.464	0	2	
Nowbazar			~			02,102		_	
Gungarampore 7,561 15 Noyabunder 3,081 0 Kurdaha 14,374 35 Bisroil 1,941 0 Janpan 2,686 0 Foolbari 6,995 25 Praneagor Total 61,777 30 Tamboolee 26,054 0 Brajarbulloopore 1,082 0 Kalikamara 35,327 0 Kushamondi 13,337 0 Mahipal 6,122 0 Dowlutpore 10,187 0 Hurrirampore 7,561 15 Kaliagunge Total 1,02,084 0 Kaliagunge Total 29,533 0 Kaliagunge Total 29,533 0 Kaliagunge Total 29,533 0 Bhaduria Circle. 18,314 0 Ghoraghat 18,314 0 Ramgunge Total 42,445 0 Luskerhat 1,822 0 Total 42,445 0 Luskerhat Total 26,071 0 Porsha Circle. Neetpore 5,400 0 Total 26,071 0 Neetpore 5,053 0 Shapaher 5,000 0 Nichantapore 5,000 0			Gungara	impore Circle.		00 ===	0.	-	
Gungarampore	Nowbazar							0	
Noyabunder 3,081 0						7,561	15	0	
Kurdaha 14,374 35 Bisroil 1,941 0 Janpan 2,686 0 Foolbari 6,995 25 Praneagor Total 61,777 30 Tamboolee 26,054 0 Brajarbulloopore 1,082 0 Kalikamara 35,327 0 Kushamondi 13,327 0 Mahipal 6,122 0 Dowlutpore 10,187 0 Hurrirampore 7,985 0 Total 1,02,084 0 Kaliagunge Circle Choraghat 1,02,084 0 Bhaduria Circle Ghoraghat 1,334 0 Bhaduria 2,533 0 Choraghat 1,344 0 Bhaduria 2,534 0 Choraghat 1,344 0 Choraghat 1,345 0 Choraghat 1,445 0 Choraghat 1,						3,081	0	0	
Bisroil								0	
Janpan								0	
Problem								0	
Praneagor									
Total							-	0	
Tamboolee	Praneagor	• • •				2,378	0	0	
Tamboolee				Total		61,777	30	0	
Brajarbulloopore 1,082 0			Tambo	olee Circle.					
Brajarbulloopore	Tamboolee					26,054	0	0	
Kalikamara 35,337 0		e			***	1,082	0	0	
Kushamondi						35,327	0	0	
Mahipal Dowlutpore 6,122 0 10,187 0 11,187 0 11,187 0 11,187 0 11,187 0 12,187 0								0	
Dowlitpore 10,187 0 9,985 0								0	
Hurrirampore								0	
Total								0	
Kaliagunge Circle. 19,190 0						1.02.084	0	0	
Raliagunge 19,190 0 6,337 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			TT 11		3.5			-	
Baboorhat	** **					10 100	0	0	
Total	Kaliagunge							0	
Total	Baboorhat							0	
Choraghat Bhaduria Circle. 18,314 0	Udgaon	•••	****		•••	4,006	0	0	
Choraghat 18,314 0				Total	•••	29,533	0	0	
Choraghat 18,314 0			Bh	aduria Circle.					
Bhaduria Company Com	Chorachat					18,314	0	0	
Ramgunge								0	
Total								0	
Luskerhat Circle S,361 0				Total		42,445	0	0	
Luskerhat 8,361 0 Munipore 1,822 0 Bakharpore 5,400 0 Gungihar Total 26,071 0 Porsha Circle 59,684 0 Shapaher 5,053 0 Ghatnagor 5,000 0 Nichantapore 4,997 0			Tank					-	
Munipore						0 901	0	Ω	
Bakharpore	CONTRACTOR	***						0	
Total					***			0	
Total	Bakharpore		***		***			0	
Porsha Circle. 59,684 0				•••	***	10,488	0	0	
Neetpore 59,684 0 Shapaher 5,053 0 Ghatnagor 5,000 0 Nichantapore 4,997 0				Total		26,071	0	0	
Neetpore 59,684 0 Shapaher 5,053 0 Ghatnagor 5,000 0 Nichantapore 4,997 0			* Pors	ha Circle.		The same			
Shapaher 5,053 0 Ghatnagor 5,000 0 Nichantapore 4,997 0	Neetpore		11.			59,684	0	0	100
Ghatnagor 5,000 0 Nichantapore 4,997 0		40, 35 -632	Section 2					0	
Nichantapore 4,997 0								0	
Honandpoo								0	
Thotal Control of Table 1	Tionantapore						3-2104		
10tal 74,70± 0				Total	•••	74,754	0	0	

Name of Golahs,					Amount to 13		
					Mds.	S.	C.
4		Bochag	unge Circle.	h	: 1 m		
Pirgunge	***	110			16,416	0	0
Bochagunge			***		3,894	0	0
Ajnabad		***			5,410	0	0
			Total		25,720	0	0
		Birgui	ige Circle.		1-1		
Birgunge					4,432	0	0
Khansama					4,403	0	0
Sahebjillah		***	***		1,484	0	0
			Total		10,270	0	0
0		Habr	a Circle.				500 00 0
Parbuttipor	е	***			4,212	0	0
Chintamon				***	332	0	0
Habra					991	0	0
Foolbari					1,436	0	0
겠다. 그는			Total		6,971	0	0 .
		Dinagenore	Sudder Circ	le.			
Dinagepore					1,32,568	0	0
DINAGEPORE,					A. C	. B	RETT,
The 15th June 1874.					Joi	nt-A	Tagistrate.

No. 584F, dated Maldah, the 16th June 1874.

From—F. WYER, Esq., Officiating Magistrate-Collector, Maldah, To—The Offic. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward my narrative for the fortnight ending 13th of June.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

During the fortnight rain fell throughout the district, and in consequence of this the prospects of the Bhadoi crop are very good indeed; a greater area has been sown with this crop not only in the north-east part of the district but in the south-west and western parts, which I visited about a week ago; the people are beginning to leave the relief-works for weeding and cleaning their rice crops. There will be, I think, a much greater falling off in the numbers during the next fortnight; the daily number of coolies working during the past fortnight was 6,488 against daily average of 8,521 during the preceeding fortnight; the prices of rice were much the same as during the preceeding fortnight. The following list gives the latest prices—

			4	per	y, No. of seers rupee, (80 ah weight.)	Common rice, No. of seers per rupee, (80 tolah weight.)
					Seers.	Seers.
English Baza	r				16	114
Old Maldah					0	12
Gazole			43		18	12
Nowabgunge					0	91
Rohunpur					161	103
Chanchal, Tu	dseeg	unge, Samsee	and Abadpore		16	10
Kaliachuck					0	121
Sheebgunge					0	91
LUN COLUMN TO SERVICE			4			The state of the s

Boats are arriving at Head-quarters with rice and paddy from the eastern districts, and from Rohunpur, Nielpur, and other places, so that sales of Government rice in Maldah have fallen to two and three maunds a day, the total quantity sold there during the past fortnight was only 74 maunds. In fact, the total sale to the public throughout the district reported up to date was only 1,172 maunds. I erroneously informed Mr. Bernard that the sales did not exceed 1,000 maunds, the exact amount reported is as given above; but I found to-day when I was at Sheebgunge that that circle officer had not sent in his report of rice sold, that quantity was 932 maunds, and thus the total sold was 2,104 maunds. This quantity, though double the quantity I thought had been sold, is not much for the whole district.

The ra	infall as recorded-					
A	Head-quarters w	728				1:07"
93	Chanchal		***	***	 •••	0.56"

Condition of special tracts.—Owing to the small quantity of rain which fell during the fortnight at Chanchal the tanks and wells were lower than at any other time of the year, and the water went bad in them. Mr. Reily made wells for drinking water for the people, but they did not take the trouble to go to them, so that cholera has broken out both at Chanchal and Maltipore. The number of cases was 71, of these 15 died, 22 are still under treatment, and 34 are said to be out of danger; therefore, the disease does not seem to be of a virulent type. Since the close of the fortnight there has been heavy rain in Chanchal and the Mohanuda has risen; thus the small rivers will soon fill, the people will get wholesome drinking water close to their doors, and most probably the disease will not spread.

The prospects in Kaliachuck thana were reported by Mr. Livesay to be gloomy, but rain has now fallen there, and I think that, at present, there is not much cause for anxiety

for that part of the district.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The daily average of the number of people employed on relief-works during the fortnight was 6,488; thus there has been a falling off of 1,833 a day since the preceding fortnight. The laborers are now paid in six-part grain to one-part money, with the exception of a few in Kaliachuck who were under the supervision of Mr. Fergeson, an indigo planter. The men having refused grain payments, Mr. Fergeson continues to pay them in money pending orders. Since it is clear that if the laborers reluse rice payment they cannot be in any great distress. I have ordered the discontinuance of the relief-work in Kaliachuck, unless they accept these payments. The following table gives the number of persons employed in each circle. It will be seen that the amount disbursed in each by the Department Public Works was Rs. 3,153, and the amount in grain Rs. 2,217-11-0 (taking 12 seers for the rupee). It is is owing to the payment in grain having been introduced towards the end of the fortnight:—

		of Public		1	Number of la		ler
NAME OF SUB-DIVISION.	w		CI DA		w	OF 11.4	m
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
* *						1	Ī
Sudder circle	1,685		3				2,548
Gomastapore circle	2,801	1,941	841	5,037	3,160	1,816	10,013
Gazole circle	6,821	1,907	677				4,228
Nawabgunge circle	4,428	3,376	819				15,666
Maldah circle							5,390
Chanchal circle	94						16,790
Seebgunge circle	7,712	2,280	560	207	34	*****	241
Total number of laborers under	Departm	ent Pu	blic Wor		en omen ildren	 	23,541 9,504 2,901
				T	Cotal		35,946
Total number of laborers under	Circle O	fficers		(3)	`		38,026
Total number of laborers under	Chancha	l Circle	Officer	} W	omen hildren		16,790
					Total		16,790
				Grand	Total		90,762
Daily average number of laborers e	employed	in the	Sudder S				
Under Department Publi	e Works		*** *			2,567	
" Circle Officers	•••			***	***	2,716	
				Total		5,283	*
Daily average number of laborers e	mploved	in the	Chancha	Sub-div	ision—		
Under Department Public				,		6	
, Circle Officers						1,199	
And the second s		*		Total	•••	1,205	
Daily average for the wh	ole distri	ct			•••	6,488	1000
Amount disbursed in wages by the	Public 1	Worke	Departm	ent durin	or the for	tnight v	798-
In cash.	Lubiic	ULBO	_ opin on		n grain.	Buc v	
Rs. A. P.					S. Ch.		
3.153 7 9				2.217			

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Of the total quantity of grain received into the district (i.e., 9,71,997 maunds) 7,82,701 maunds have been despatched to Purneah and Dinagepore, and the rest is stored in the district, of which 1,35,685 maunds have been stored in the several golahs of the district.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The following quantity of grain has been stored in the several golahs of the district, viz.:-

					Mds.
English Bazar				***	40,462
Old Maldah			•••	***	27,195
Gazole					9,995
All the golahs of th	e Chanchal cir	rcle			44,608
Gomastapore			•••		1,125
Nowabgunge					8,750
Jhelim					1,000
Parbuttypore				***	1,000
Sheebgunge					1,000
			Total		1.35.635

The following table shews the quantity of grain distributed to subsidiary golahs during the fortnight, viz.:-

From	English Bazar Golah-				Mds.	Sis
	To Foolbaree				 50	0
	. ,, Gopalgunge			***	 288	0
	,, Shershahye			***	 998	0
	,, Kalliachuck		***		 492	0
	,, Kamalabaree				 1	38
	" Goamaltee				 400	0
	" Bhugwanpore				 500	0
	,, English Bazar			***	 35	0
	,, Sosain				 300	0
	" Sheebgunge				 191	25
	" Nowabgunge			4 -5	 1,000	0
					4,056	23
From	Maldah old town-				.,	
	To Maldah	***	***		 131	6
				Grand total	 4,187	29
						-

The total quantity of grain disposed of up to date for all purposes was 25,137 maunds 2 seers $4\frac{1}{4}$ chittacks.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

No advances of money have been made during the fortnight, either for purchase of grain or for land improvements. During the fortnight 4,123 maunds were advanced to ryots. The total quantity advanced up to date is 6,403 maunds.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The following table shows the number of people charitably relieved during the fortnight under report.

	Name of	Circl	le.			Number of centres at each circle.	Number of people relieved.	Rice distribution.	Cash distribution.	REMARKS.
				L. Spin				Mds. Srs. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	1.
Sudder				***		8	16,133	209 18 2	45 10 8	
iazole	***	***	***	***		7	5,754	134 11 2		
lomastapore		***	(5. Fee	***		n	20,882	219 0 12	257 12 40	1
owabgunge	***	***	***		***	14	34,219	540 19 10	191 18 3	
Ialdah	100					16	24,846	269 37 12	409 4 6	1000
heebgunge	***		***		***	4	1,200	70 0 0 .		
hanchal	1.00	44	***	***	***	38	30,890	702 21 7	81 14 79	1.5

Total daily average number of people relieved during the fortnight was 9,562.

It will be seen that there is an increase on the previous fortaight. This increase has taken place at Chanchal, Maldah, and Nowabgunge.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

			U.—,	CINA	NCIAL	IVESU	UIS OF	THE PO	TRTN	GHT	Rs.	A.	P.	
		expend fortnig				t treas	ury, a	s shown	in		3,10,813		8	
					*							-	-	
				1	Detail	of the	above	total, vis	z. ;—					
	Ordin	ary dis	trict ros	ads a	nd rel	lief-wo	rks				1,00,614	15	0	
		nces for									40,000		0	
		nces for	-		-						17,800		0	
		nees for		-		LL CLD				***	1,650		0	
	24.	llaneou				2000 0							8	
	THEADOR	TIME OU	s expen	LULLULL		***		***		wie e	1,50,748	о до	. 0	
										-	0.40.04		_	
							, 1	Cotal		***	3,10,81	3 14	8	
											_	-		
				Fine	ancial.	Result	of th	he Fortn	iaht.					
				at mi	ATTO COMP	24001111	, 0	20,000	grev.		Rs.		D	
T .T	Dag 7	and rel	of mon	l- o							rts.	A	P.	
		ulchand									30	0	0	
4	Refu	nd of f	erry far	mer'	s secu	rity de	posit	•••			10	f 0	0	
	Estal	olishme	nt			•••		•••			4	1 0	0	
	Tran	sferred	to the	eredi	t of t	he Exe	cutive	Engine	eer	• • •	5,00	0	0	
		*									-	-	-	
							7	Cotal			5,44	8 0	0	
											-			
	Salar	ies, esta	hlighm	onts	and	office o	ontine	rencies			3,638	12	3	
	Stora		*WIIOIAIII	***	serrice .	omice e	OHUME	Sources		•••	45	5		
		ellaneou	20						*	***	1,625	13	_	
		sport of		mme	nt orro	in		•••			12,373	8		
	Aran	sport of	dover	шис	ne Bro	PTTP				***	12,010		. 0	
												-		
- Ide							7	Cotal		•••	23,13	1 7	6	
											-			
	(a)	Final 1	paymen	ts m	ade	***					. 23,13	1 7	6	
	(6)	Advan				***		10.00		***		0 0	0	
				-				_						
							*	Cotal			00 10	1 7		
*								Lotal		***	23,13	1 7	6	
N								able Reli	ef in	the	Maldah .	Distr		1 7 92
1000000										Tot	al		1	00
											Y		_	-
N N	Numb	er of sper of re	ecial regular re	lief	circles	opene	ed and	d manne	ed by	spe	ecial office	ers)		2
N		er of reother r			opene	d and	mana	aged by	plan	ters,	zeminde	rs,		N
							Por 13	ho die	ibert'	···	f ford			
N				nises	or e	entres	ior t	ne distr	iouti	on o	f food a	ща		92
		uitous 1												44
N	Numb	er of m	en, won	den,	and of	table	In re	reanizat	ion	dail	us relief		9,5	Re
	any	эпаре	unougi	t the	CHAIT	TO DILLEG	MACA 4	organizat	TOIL (Tests)		•••	0,0	UA
					1					100	5575ES 5416			

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Maldah District.

Government rain stored, transferred	TOTAL QUAN	TITY OF GOVERNME UP TO DATE	ENT GRAIN CONSUMED	n receipts of night.
Total allotment of Government. Total quantity of grain frames of grain frames.	By sales to the public or to laborers.	button in any shape. By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind fo laborers.	Estimated grain rece the ensuing fortnight.
Mds, Md 25,000 27.1 10,000 9.9 30,000 44.6 25,000 4.5 5,000 2.1	95 924 4 6 494 95 1,304 10 12 368 98 5,131 9 8 1,643 99 415 35 01 992 90	23 0 63 0 0 37 8 2,544 0 0 11 1 1,759 15 0 18 4 5 0 0 1,040 0 0 19 10 873 32 0 17 11 118 20 0		Nil.
		70 200 0 88 5 820	70 200 0 28 5 200 7 0 0 400 07 0	10.000 0.01 5.000 7.0 0.400 07.0 0.500 00.01 05.107 D.40

The estimated expenditure of grain includes 9,000 maunds for advances to ryots.

F. WYER,

Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

No. 489.

Comparative statement showing the Number of true Cases of Dacoity and Robbery, &c., for the month of May 1874.—Maldah District.

Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be falso and never to have occurred.

Column IV of AI,

* *			minus column IXA.
DACOITY-			on a little area
Headings Nos. 30 and 31 of Crime	Month of May 1872		2
Return AI	Corresponding month of	May 1874	1
ROBBERY-			
Headings Nos. 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI	Corresponding month of	May 1874	2
Тивет-			7/4
Heading No. 43 of Crime Return	Month of May 1872		14a
AI, excluding cattle-theft	Corresponding month of	May 1873	21
	Month of May 1872	A SHEET	16
Total of all three crimes	Corresponding month of	May 1873	21
	, , , of	,, 1874	41
			14
Heading 35 of Crime Return.AI			
THE THE PERSON OF THE PARTY AND THE PARTY.	,, ,, of	1874	
ande com a la la companya de la companya	Month of May 1872		
Heading 42 of Crime Return AI			
	,, ,, of		
the second for the second second	Month of May 1872		19
Total of all three crimes	Corresponding month of		
The second second second	,, ,, of	,, 1874	34
and produced as a second as a second			
Grand Total	Corresponding month of	May 1873	48
Amphaliff mag. continue of the second of the	" " " of	,, 1874	75
	PARTY OF A STATE OF		~ -
	B. S.	MOITROYA,	Ct. Inspr.,

a — 9 m

MALDAH,

The 2nd June 1874.

a=2 grain thefts.

9

For District Superintendent of Police.

No. 1229, dated Beauleab, the 18th June 1874.

From-W. H. D'OYLE, Esq., Collector of Rajshahye,
To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit herewith my narrative for the fortnight ending on the

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Prices have remained high throughout the fortnight; in some places as high as 7 seers 4 chittacks per rupee. There is no doubt whatever that this has been caused by the almost total cessation of importation during the latter part of the last and the beginning of the present fortnight. Lately, however, rice has been imported in large quantities chiefly at Beelmaria, Charghat, Beauleah, and at Teygatchee. The first three of these places are on the Ganges; the fourth is on an affluent of the Atrai, about 7 miles north of Nattore. These importations have not yet had any effect on the prices except to a small extent in Beelmaria. It is reported that the supply in several markets has been hardly equal to the demand. Sales to the public on a small scale were commenced at Nowhatta, in the north of the Beauleah thana, at Nowgong and Bandaikhara, and in one or two marts in Tannore. I have lately had the advantage of a consultation with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and in accordance with his instructions Government rice will be sold to the public more extensively in parts of Baraigaon, Singra, Bandaikhara, and Tannore. At the end of the last and in the beginning of this fortnight, crowds of ryots came into Beauleah, and said they had no seed-grain and no money, and that they would not be able to get through the next two months unless grain was advanced to them. The district relief officer at first gave a few advances of grain, and the result was that the crowds of applicants increased daily. I found that most of these were well-to-do, wearing good clothes, carrying umbrellas, and presenting none of the appearances of want or privation. Their object was to make a profit for themselves. I therefore stopped advances, and ordered that only those should be provided for who really required assistance.

During the fortnight I rode over the part of the country from which most of these applicants came, and although I was prepared to find a good deal of agus dhan, I was surprised at the quantity that I saw. From Beaulean northwards to Soorsa, and from Soorsa 18 miles to the east through the north of Pootean thana, not a beegha of land hardly that could be cultivated with aous has been left fallow : everywhere the aous has germinated well, and is thriving as well as could be wished. In the low lands the deep-water rice is doing well also. I found as well as could be wished. In the low lands the deep-water live significant and also that the condition of the people generally was good. In all the villages I passed through, the women, the children, and the cattle were fat and well-cared for. Still, in the face of all this appearance of prosperity, there is undeniably a good deal of distress. The weavers, the poorest of the ryots, the infirm, all flock to the poor-houses, and those who can work, gladly take to it. There is a great deal of mulberry cultivation in that part of the district, but the Cheit and Bysack bunds have not been good. Further south the Bysackee bund was an excellent one. The next important bund will be in August, and that with the agus crops will, I trust, prevent any further distress. Mr. Walton and Mr. Forbes, who are in charge of silk factories in the north of Pooteah, have rendered invaluable service in establishing poor-houses and in affording relief, personally superintending the relief operations.

I hope to close most of our poor-houses when the aous comes in.

Crime has not increased; sickness has decreased. There have been no cases of starvation. No orphans have been thrown on the hands of committees.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

There has been a very slight increase in the number of laborers on works under the Public Works Department during the fortnight, but the number employed throughout the district is very small, the daily average number being a little over 1,000.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

Sec Statement.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

I have not yet heard positively from the railway authorities, but I believe they have in store for me 40,000 maunds between Sooltanpore, (Nowgong), and Sora. All the rest of our allotment has been stored, barring short weight, amounting to about 500 maunds.

E,—ADVANCES TO	PRIVATE I	PARTIE	s.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Up to end of last fortnight				1,26,132	12	0	
During the fortnight, in money				1,400	0	0	
During the fortnight, in grain, 873-20	maunds,	value		292	. 8	0	
A CAP IN THE WAR CAN IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	Total			1,27,825	4	0	

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The numbers at the poor-houses have increased. The following statement will show that the daily average number of persons relieved is 13,620, of whom 7,009 are fed gratuitously, and 6.611 in return for work done. The rise in the prices of rice has caused the increase in the numbers, and till the aous crop comes in, in August and September, they are not likely · to decrease.

		9	NUMBER SONS R	R OF PRE- RLIEVED HAT.	
Name of Thana.	Name of poor-hou	*	Gratui- tously.	Doing light work.	Прылки.
Beauleah	Nowhatta Beauleah		123 126	54 195	* **
Denuican	Bargatchee		335	- 40	to de la companya de
Churghat .	. Sarda		292		
Lallpore	Lalipore	,.	476 No. 8	69 ccount	This pass house has been
		••	rece	eived.	This poor-house has been opened only recently.
Pooteah	Pooteah			ccount eived.	***
Toolean	Kooseadanga	**	1,241	1,782	
	(Pannugger ,.	*	190		
	Tahirpore*	* *	594 288	837	* The number of persons re-
	Nariapara	7	378	20	lieved at this poor-house has since greatly increased.
	Bamiogram		89	19	Accounts have been called
	Takurpara			23	for but not yet received.
	Tayatihi	**		64	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Bagmara	Kocer Sarpara	• •		177	
	Bhabaingunge		***	17	
	Bhabainpore			23	
	Khomgoan	***		51	
	Bajsoll		67	1	
	Bagmarah	••	106	21	
	Baingache		**	22	
	Nooroollabad		83	В	
	Doshatina	10.0	160	2	
	Kooshooniba		158	3	
Manda	Sabai		162 118	11	
	Ghandernugger Deolia		110	3	
	Haloodgachee		487	3	
	Sonadanga		50		*
	Bandaikhara	::	59	"1	
D 1.:1.1	Doorgapore		225		and the second second
Bandaikhara	Mahamedpere			14	
	Banaipore	***		68	
	L Polapara		**	23	
and the second	Chowbeesnugger		3	1	
Godagaree	Raneenugger		1		
	Mehrahur				
	0.1		>902	2,735	
	Saikara Tannore	**		3.00	
Taunore	Dhooroil				
	Hatana				
Singrah	Rimbagha		89	8	
	Kashimpore		20	8	
D	Boraigoan		35	14	
Boraigoan	Nattore		312	77	
	1			0.073	1-1
	Total	2500	7,009	6,611	

G.—Financial Results.

			ALVAL.	CIAL LUBOULIS.				
		- 14	200	16		Rs.	Α.	P.
	Total expenditure a	s shown i	n the la	ast narrative		3,45,506	11	8
Detai	of the above-	1						
	Advanced for conv	evance of	Govern	ment grain		1,84,228	15	2
	Advanced to Mr. L			.,		1,29,117	3	1
	Advanced for store					50	0	0
	Frant-in-aid to cha					8,761	13	0
1	Paid on account of	contribut	ion to d	listrict relief fund		465	0	0
	Salary and deputat	ion allows	ince			7,090	0	9
1	Advanced for purch	ase of go	la mate	rials		9,453	0	0
1	Advanced for relief	works				1,878	12	0
1	Expended for di	itto				3,005	0	0
1	Advanced for purch	ase of see	d for fr	ee distribution		600	0	0
. 1	Centage and travel	ling				205	15	8
(Contingencies					656	0	(
Exper	aded during the fo	rtnight-						
	Advanced for conve			ment grain		1,724	13	3
	Salary and deputat			B		1,969		
	Storage of Govern					301		
	Frant-in-aid to cha					165		0
1	Miscellaneous char	res				95	5	9
	Contingencies		V.			31	5	0
	Package '					176	a 4	11
7	Centage and travel	ling				23	2	0
	Permanent advance					50	0	0
						-		
-				Total		4,536	13	7
2144	re Sub-division-							
1	Advanced to Execu			orthern Bengal (S	tate)	10.400		
	Railway, No. 2,			1 37 11 7	٠٠,	16,480	8	4
1	Paid to Mr. Luff (State) Railway,				ngal	4,596	8	0
	. *					21.000	_	
		7''		Total	••	21,077	0	4
1	Brought over expen	nditure of	last na	rrative	•••	3,45,506	11	8
				Grand total		3,71,120	9	7
						_	-	

W. H. D'OYLY, Collector. Statement showing the cholera cases treated under the jurisdiction of Bagmara Police Station by the Native Doctor, Biddu Bhooshan Roy, from 11th to 15th May 1874.

	Name	s of vil	llages.			Remaining.	New cases treated.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Died	Remaining
Madareegunge Bukura Mohunpore						4 2 12	5 9	9 2 21	4 7	2 *	4	3 2 7
Bhatkhalce Dukeepore Bangal Parra	***	,		* ***	***	8	1	9			1	1
Hashoneepore Chuck Ochinghât	***	***	***			3 1		3	1	. 1		1
Nomaggha Pooran Tahiri	ore					1 2	 1	1 3	"1	1 2		
Doulutpore Heathpore Mahomedpore			•••		***	1 1 3		1 1 3		1		3
a anomongo re			Total			40	17	57	- 13	12	5	27

Statement showing the cholera cases treated under the jurisdiction of Novchatta, and east, by the compounder Dwarka Nath Sen, from 8th to 15th May 1874.

				Total		11	61	72	49		15	8
Sheal Baree		***		***	***	******	4	4			******	4
Makhunpore		***	***	447	2000		3	8	2	******	1	******
Dadpore		28		111	***	*****	4	4	2		25	*******
Baraipara	***	***	***		***		7	7	5		9	*** ***
Ektarpore			***	***		******	5	. 5	3		1	1
Falta				***		*** ***	8	8	5		******	8
Tucaree				***	***	*****	2	2	1	******	1	
Peerulah				***			21	21	16		. 5	*****
Bagshora						2	4	- 6	4		2	
Shorodoho		***				2		2	2	*****	*** **	******
Dwaree				***	***	2	3	5	4	*** ***	1	******
Modun Hatee				***		2		2	2	******	******	******
Chalk			***	***		3	******	3	3	******	*****	******

Report of cholera cases treated by Sasha Chellum Pelly, third-class Hospital Assistant, in the famine district of Rajshahye, at Nowhatta out-post, between the 1st and the 16th May 1874.

								RES	CLT.	
Names of vill	lages.	Disease.			New cases treated.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining
	(Simple cold, fever			2 5	2 5		2 5		1
Jhohary	5	Cholera Ague			1	1		1	*** **	
Bagshora		Cholera			7	7	******	4	3	
		Cholera			24	24	12	5	5	2
Gangopara	3	Cholera	***	***	1	1	1			1
		,, debility			1		-	1		1
	1	Cholera	***	***	31	31	19	3	4	5
	- 1	Ague	***		8	8	7	***		1
	1	Dysentery	***	***	1	1	1	***		
		Ulcer under tongue		***	1 2	1 2			*****	1 2
aepara'	3	,, of leg	***	***	1	1	1			A 17 THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.
	1	Burning of urine Dyspepsia	***	***	3	3	2	1 1	******	W11.77
		77	444	***	1	1	1	i		
	- 1	Simple cold fever	***	***	i	î		1		
	1	Febricula			2	2				2
Thoke		Cholera			5	. 5	3		9	
Check Kristpere		Cholera	***		10	10	8		9	******
Jullagoripore		Cholera	***	***	6	6	3	· · · · · ·	******	8
sreepore		Cholera		***	9	9	4	8	9	
	(Dysentery			1	1	1			
Borgotchee)	Dyspepsia	***	***	1	1	1		*****	
sorgotchee)	Psoariasis	-111	***	1	1		1		
		Diarrhœa	***		1	1		1		
handpore		Cholera	***		32	32	10	10	2	10 1
Chunsihatta		Cholera	***	***	12	12		12	*****	*****
Chalookpara		Cholera	***	***	T	1	*****	1	*****	
Meethapady		Cholera	***	***	1	1		1		
Cozybathree		Cholera	***	***	1	1		1	******	
			Total		172	172	72	58	20	27

Report of Cholera patients, and other discarge treated at Saipara Famine Hospital between 1st and 8th June 1874.

	N	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	of disco	Names of diseases.				New cases	Total.		RESU	LTS.	
				23031			Remaining	admitted.	2000	Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining
Rheumatism							2	1	3	2	1		I
Cholera					***		14	7	21	18	1 1	2	1
Ancemia							1	2	3	2	1 1		1
Ulcer			***				1	1	2	2			
Gonorrhoa							1	1	2	1	1		1
Bite of Leon	pard	***			***		1		1	1			
Hepatitis								2	2	î			1
Dyspepsia -						***	1	7	8	3			5
Ague							1	14	15	8			9
Asatis		***	***				2		2		1		9
Diarrhoa							1	2	3	2			1
Wound			***			***	1	2	3				3
Bronchitis					***	***	1	2	3	2	1		1
Constipation	1				***			1	1	1			L.
Phthisis			***			***		1 1	1	1			1
Spermatorce								1	î			***	1 1
Colic			***	***		***		5	5	1	4	***	1
Anasarca			***				111	1	1				1
Primary syr			***				1	2	2				0
Homoptisis	MILLIAN		***	***		* ***	***	i i	ĩ		3.000	***	-
Abscess		***	***			*		3	3	1		***	2
Dysentery		***	***		***	***	***	5	5	4	310	***	1 1
Conjunctitis		***						1	1	1		200	1
Fabricula			***	***		***		1	î	1	2444		
Debility						***		3	3	1 1		***	2
O-1:42-		***	***	***				3	3	1 7	***	1000	2
TO			***	***		100		1	1	1	***		1
Catanal			4.	641	***	***	1	1	1	1	***		1
Catarra	•	***						1		1		***	
					Total		27	71	98	52	5	2	39

Daily report of cholera cases treated by the 3rd-class Hospital Assistant, J. Manickma, in charge of cholera epidemic, Bagmara station, from 4th to 8th June 1874.

	Name			Remaining.	Noncon	Total.		RESULTS	
	TARING.			remaning.	Avew cases.	Total,	Cured.	Died.	Remaining
Badeegrain	 	 	 		4	4	1		3

Daily report of cholera patients treated in the Nattore Sub-division by compounder from 4th to 7th June 1874.

Harroya Jigory	 	 		 	14 4	6	20 4	 1	19
			Total	 	18	6	24	 1	23

Daily report of cholera patients treated in the Novehatta out-post by the compounder DWARKANATH
SEN, from 1st to 7th June 1874.

		*			Total	***		2	. 6	8	- 8		
Joynugger	***	***	***		***	***	***	*****	5	5	0		*** ***
Baraepara	***	***	***	***	***	***		******	1	1	1	*****	**- ***
Gaganbarea	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	1		1	1	111 -41	*****
Sreepore	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	1		1	1		*****

Report of sick treated by the 3rd-class Hospital Assistant T. Kunniah, famine district of Runbagha and its adjoining villages, between the dates of 1st to 10th June 1874.

ysentery plenitis heumatism					 	=	1 .	1 9	3 3 9	3	 2
euralgia gue	***			***	 ***		5	6	10	8	 9
bacess emittent fe		***	***	***	 			1	1 9	1	

Beaulean, The 13th June 1874. R. H. Curran, Offg. Civil Surgeon,

Statement showing the number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the very state 1874.

J. J. O'FLAHERTY, Executive Engineer.

BEAULEAH; The 10th June 1874.

Aften employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engi-the week ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

Women, W
20 45 13 200 44 12 204 28 11 1.482 282 100 1014 July Metalling road 2 miles 185 10 1.254 2 miles 1.255 2 miles 1.25
106 10 185 1. 250 1. 0 251-54 1. 0 251-54 1. 0
191
15 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
29 15 29 20 314 20 20 344
9 \$47 8 \$ \$77 10 \$9.44 1014 May 108th Addy 108
9 24 10
9 247 8 97 10 304 10 1.361 62 181h July Three-fourthed these mean three formula of these mean three formula of these means will be seen the consistency of the consi
1 6 2 3 2 16 2 Rate of reaper waid for To continue. For the continue the c
Rate of wappe waid for To could rear-th. To could rear-th. To price task-ord. To price task-ord. To price task-ord. To the seal of the seal At task ord. At the seal of the seal Attention the show period. In the seal of the seal of the seal Attention the show period. In the seal of

John J. O'Flaherty, Executive Engineer.

Godagaree.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

	Dat	te of d	esp	atch.	To whom despatched.	To whom despatched.						
1st	June	1874			 Overseer, J. N. Sein		20	40 0				
2nd	**	**			 Moharpore, I. C. Choudree		5	10 0				
4th	"	,,			 Overseer, J. N. Sein		8	15. 0				
5th	**	**			 Ditto		.5	10 0				
5th	**	22			 Ditto		13	25 0				
th	**	"			 Ditto		10	20 0				
th	,,	,,			 Dwarka Nath Sirkar		8	16 0				
)th	**	***			 Jadu Nath Sirkar		13	25 0				
)th	"	**			 Ditto		10	20 0				

Nowgong. Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Dat	e of d	espa	teh.	To who	om despate	ched.	Bags.	Maunds.	Bags.	Maunds.
Slst	May	1874		Bograh			115	300 11		
	June			Ditto			226	594 20		
2nd		"		Ditto			219	569 16	341	682 0
3rd		"		Ditto			796	2,104 26	234	468 0
4th		"		Ditto					318	721 32
5th		"		Ditto					317	317 0
6th	27	**		Ditto					1,056	1,613 0
7th	22	"		Ditto					1,063	2,114 0
8th				Ditto					610	950 0
9th	**	"		Ditto					1,107	1,658 0
10th	"	"		Ditto					1,179	1,918 0
10th	"	"		Roy Grish	Chunder	Lahory			51	100 0

Beauleah. Receipts.—Nil. Despatches.

	Date of despatch.				To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds	
	May	1874			Prosanna Kumar Majumdar	51	100	0
27th	22	. ,,		***	G. C. Chukerbutty, Burgatchee	26	50	0
27th	22	77		***	Sub-Inspector of Charghat	13	25	0
8th	22	22			Ram Das Bundopadhaye Bya	6	12	0
8th	22	"			Sarafatoolla, Beauleah	16	30	0
9th	22	22			Kiamut Misri	13	25	0
9th	**	1)			Store-keeper, Beralda	490	451	26
0th	22	**			Prosanna Chunder Sing, over-	1,354, th	IC AN	
					seer, Saheb bazar	13	25	0
1st	**	- 55			Store-keeper, Beralda	254	508	14
1st					Shostibar Banerjee, Koosha-		1200	
					danga	50	100	0
lst	22	53			Prasanna Chunder Singh, over-		1.001	
		1.4			seer, Saheb bazar	10	20	(
1st	June	**			Shostibar Banerjee, Koosha-		10000	
		1			danga	189	271	(
2nd	,,,	***	***		Ramdass Banerjee, Bya	6	12	(

Beaulean. Despatches.—(Continued.)

	Date of despatch.				To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds	Maunds.	
2nd June 1874			Prosunna Chunder Singh, over-	4 1 2	eg ()				
					seer, Saheb bazar	8	15	0	
3rd	"	**			Ditto ditto	13	25	0	
3rd	**	,,,			C. B. Walton, Esq., Panna-		1		
	**	**			nuggur	50	100	0	
3rd	**	. ,,			Sarafutoolla, Beauleah	13	25	0	
4th	17				Ram Das Banerjee, Bya	6	12	0	
4th		"			Ditto ditto	13	25	o	
5th	**	"		***	Nrising Prosad Sakul, Now-	20	~ ~		
our	99	"		•••	hatta	15	30	0	
5th	**	"			Mr. Ridge	25	.50	0	
6th	**	,,			Shostibar Baneriee	65	129	0	
6th	"				Prosunna Chunder Sing, over-		1.00		
0011	"	27		•••	seer, Saheb bazar	8	16	0	
6th	29	,,			Fakir Chandra Dawan	13	25	U	

Runbagha. Receipts.

Date of receipt.					From whom received.			Bags.	Maunds.	
12th	May	1874			Store-keeper at S	ingra		153	222	
12th	22	**			Ditto			- 28	56	
13th	"	22			Ditto			41	46	
13th	"				Ditto			17	34	
13th	**	22			Ditto			237	450	
15th	"	22			Ditto			307	433	
17th	"	22			Ditto			262	442	
19th	"	"			Ditto			260	518	
20th	,,	22			Ditto			7	99	
1		,							37.	

Despatches.

Date of desp	atch.	To whom despatched.			Bags.	Mds. Srs. Ch.
19th May 1874		 Hari Das Sha	, ticca mood	lee	6	11 26 0
23rd " "		 Ditto	ditto		20	38 4 10

Manda. Receipts.

	Da	te of r	eceipt.	4	From whom received.				Bags.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
9th	May	1874			Nowgon				302	599 34 8	
9th	33	1)	***		Ditto	***	***		68	132 37 8	
10th	**	**	***	***	Ditto		***		244	482 28 12	
12th	- 22	"			Ditto		***		384	764 18 4	
12th		**	***	***	Ditto	***	***		156	302 22 0	
13th	n	"			Ditto .	***	***		615	1,181 39 12	
15th	"	33		***	Ditto	44.0			222	422 7 0	
16th	22	,,			Ditto				140	272 7 0	
17th	**	22		•••	Ditto	***	•••		430	829 11 0	
18th					Ditto	100			606	1.173 7 0	
18th	27	"		:::	Ditto	88627((3)			389	745 12 14	

Despatches.

Da	te of de	spatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Mds. Srs. Ch.		
26th May	1874		 Nahoroolla Jugi		1	0 1 8	
27th	**		 Ditto		1	0 1 8	
28th	***	***	 Dhani Bewa		1	0 5 10	
29th	**		 Nahoroolla Jugi		1	0 1 8	
1st June	**		 Nanda Kumar Nag		26	50 0 0	
3rd *	**		 Rhidov Krishna Raha		1	0 12 0	
Brd "	**		 Chundra Mohun Dutta		1	0 5 4	
tth ,,	**		 Kasi Chunder Ghose		15	30 0 0	
oth "	**		 Chundra Mohun Dutta		16	30 0 0	
0th .,		***	 Rhidoy Krishna Raha		15	30 0 0	
l0th ,,	**		 Nunduk Nag		25	50 0 0	

TANNORE.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Control of the contro								-	
Date of receipt.					To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.		
26th 27th 28th 28th 29th 29th 29th 30th		1874 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	receipt.		Manager of Hattra Tannore Manager Hara K. Moitra, Tannore Parbuty N. Sirkar Sabioollah Mullah Saepara Manager Mr. Wilcox Tannore Manager Mr. Wilcox Tannore Manager Choubeesnugger Manager Hattara ditto Dhooroil ditto Saepara ditto Hattara ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Hattara ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Saepara ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Choubeesnugger ditto Saepara ditto		Bags. 10½ 13½ 1 5½ 2 15½ 2 15½ 2 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½	20 26 2 10 4 4 3	
9th 9th	"	"	:	::	Dhooroil ditto Mr. Wilcox Parbuty N. Sirkar		$ \begin{array}{c c} 15\frac{1}{3} \\ 40\frac{1}{2} \\ 7\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	30 80 15	
9th	37	"	::		Tannore Manager	::	5	10	

LALPORE.

Receipts.—Nil.

		hes	

		Despatches.		
Date of despate	h.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds,
22nd May 1874	Secr	Sree Krishna Moitu, etary to the Beelmarea committee	27	50

BAGMARA.

Receipts-Nil.

Despatches.

					vis-		
	Date	of des	spatch.		To whom despatched	Bags.	Maunds.
					*		1
26th	May	1874.	.,		Sobioolla Pramanick, mohurir	3	5
27th	1991	59			Boykunta N. Gupta, Tahirpur	52	100
27th	"	99			Arip, Thandar	13	25
27th	**	99			Moonshee Mundul, mohurir	15	30
27th	**	**			Sadu Pramanick, mohurir	3	6
27th	**	**			Halim Shaha	66	130
29th	39	,,			Dwarka N. Mozumdar	51	100
29th	* ***	**			Kanai Mundul	3	5
30th	. 59	99			Chandra Nath Sing	16	40
30th	1.	.,			Malikoolla Sirkar, mohurir	21	30
30th	**	99			Bacha Sheik, Tegachee	8	15
30th	73,	* **			Mozul Khan	5	10
30th	299	**			Rajkristo Mundul, mohurrier	17	32
31st	31	**			Rajkristo Mundul	10	20
3rd J	une	,,			Woomesh Chunder Mozumdar		
					mohurir	25	50
3rd	**	**			Sofioodeen Sirkar, mohurir	8	15
3rd	**	"			Chees Siekh, mohirir	11	20
4th	99	99.			Boy Kunta N. Ghose, Tahirpur	154	300
5th	**	.22			Govinda Mohun Pramanik	20	40
5th	29				Grish Ch. Rai, Bahadoor	18	35
5th	**	.,,			Sreedhur Mundul	26	50
6th	**	99			Sabidoolla Pramanick	4	7
6th	. 99	. 99			Fajoo Pramanick	16	30
6th	99	. 22			Alli Mundul	15	30
6th	99	- 29			Bhoyrab Sirear	26	50
7th	,	- 29			Shadhu Pramanick, mohurir	8	15
8th	**	99		**	Khalim Pramaniek	10	20

Nowgong, (RAILWAY DEPOT).

Receipts.—Nill.

Despatches.

The same and the			
Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
15th May 1874	Not stated in the return	929 362 252 818 227 317 443 74 533 29 210 12	1,858 724 504 1,756 454 494 794 148 1,066 58 420

Statement showing the Storage and during the	Consumption of	Government	Grain	in the	Rajshahye	District
during th	e fortnight endin	g 14th June	1874.		Nice/a ericina	

1	2	. 3		8	6	,	8	9	10
	g	ment	fored, rans-	Con	NSUMPTION		OVERNMEN D DATE.	T GRAIN UP	iditure ht.
NAME OF CHICLE.	Date for which, figures given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain trans- ferred to other districts.	By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribu- tion in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expend of the ensuing fortuight
Sudder Sub-division *South Bhurind Sub-division	1877.	Mds. Srs. 19,500 0	Mds. S. C. 19,461 4 0 13,649 29 0	Mds 30 510	Mds. 8. C. 2,430 20 8 604 0 0	Ms.S. 203 0	di	Mds. S. C. 3,391 20 8	Mds 2,500 2,000
*North Buhrind Sub-division Nattere Sub-division	13th June 1877.	29,407 5 37,226 35	25,449 19 4 37,226 35 0	300	474 12 14	356 0 304 20	119 5 6	475 5 0 1,159 36 13	2,000 2,000
Total		1,00,000 0	95,787 7 4	840	3,508 33 6	873 20	1,266 27 15	6,489 1 8	8,500

[·] No reports received from these sub-divisions for the fortnight.

W. H. D'OYLY,

Collector

No. 15, dated Rungpore, the 13th June 1874.

From-E. G. GLAZIER, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Rungpore, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

THERE has been a marked change for the better during the fortnight, evidenced by the greatly diminished numbers on relief works. The rainfall has been copious, 8:33 inches having fallen at head-quarters, and it has been very general. In most parts the aous rice is safe, and the yield will be abundant. In Durwani the yield is expected to be double that of an average year; in the eastern parts of Molung such a crop has not been seen for 10 years, and in Sundargunge I saw the crops were splendid. In some parts, however, the preceding drought did great damage, especially in Mahigunge, where much has been soroched, and some ripe ears shewn me by the relief officers were half of them empty, the milky juce having dried up instead of being developed into grain. Down, too, in Pirgunge and Govindgunge, a good portion of the jully, or early aous, was lost, but the regular crop, which is much later, is thriving, and promises a full outturn if more rain falls when wanted. On the whole, a much more than average crop may be expected. Land is everywhere being prepared for the amun

more than average crop may be expected. Land is everywhere being prepared for the amun crop, and in many places the seed has been sown, and here and there transplanted.

The time for the sowing of this crop will extend over one or two months, according to the nature and position of the soil; and the question of seed-advance is being dealt with and will be referred to later. In one quarter a strange difficulty presented itself to the cultivator, the want of land; the people have carried on acous cultivation to such an extent, that there is not sufficient room left for the amun; and the relief officer of Borobaree saw some cultivators removing acus plants, to make the land clear for the amun rice. Jute and sugareane have been extensively grown and are looking well. The millets have nearly all been harvested, and there is a good supply of them, and also of acus rice, in the markets. Mangoes and jack fruit have also been brought for sale in large quantities, and the condition of the poorer classes has been much ameliorated by the different cheap food-products. In one division, cheena, the least palatable of the millets, is, it is said, kept in store and rarely brought to market as the purchasers are now sufficiently well off to export and buy the brought to market as the purchasers are now sufficiently well off to export and buy the dearer food grains

Prices have fallen everywhere to a moderate extent, as the following quotations shew: -

Mahigunge Nowabgunge	per Rup	90		91		0 of 80	tolahs weigh
Gyebunda	3,			91		0	ditto.
Govindgunge	,,		***	9		0	ditto.
Pirgunge	,,	***		71	to	81	ditto.
Sundargunge	"			97	to	10	ditto.
Durwani	27			81	to	10	ditto.
Borobaree	25			12	to	13	ditto.

At the same time, trade has been brisk, but the importations from other districts show a falling off, while local supplies have largely increased. At Kallygunge trade has much straitened, owing, it is said, to the local supply of millet and early rice in the markets. Rungpore station markets still continue to be supplied with Serajgunge rice from Sundargunge to a large extent. An extensive cart traffic in rice has sprung up along the new relief road (now finished), from that mart on the Teesta, and the falling off of the usual Dinagepore supply is thus balanced. Government rice on passes from Kallygunge is now brought in regularly by traders to Rungpore markets, and has a marked tendency to keep down the general rate. Molung and Pirgunge continue to be supplied in this way, and for Kumargunge, Durwani, and Jaldaka, passes are freely given on the Kumargunge local golah, and on Chellakhal. The pack-bullock traders are a very energetic set of men, and shew a great readiness to draw supplies from any new place on terms which will yield them a fair profit. In any future scarcity, if sufficiently early measures of the kind are taken, it may be depended on that if Government will place its stores at convenient locations on the rivers, the small traders of the country will carry the grain into every market in the district where it is needed.

Our sales continue to be made at the places before reported (Rungpore, Chellakhal, Durwani, Molung division, Mahigunge division) with the best results. Sales at Kishoregunge had been opened and 457 maunds sold. The demand has not been so large as was expected. The reports of distress to the north have subsided and prices have fallen all along the western border. I have now reduced the selling price to 12 seers for clean rice, and 15 seers for dhan, and the Durwani and head-quarters sales, which fell off a good deal, have again increased. In my next report I expect to be able to state that sales have been commenced in Pirgunge and Govindgunge. The large quantity of rice there consumed by the gangs on relief works rendered such measures before unnecessary, and besides it was not certain that the rice could be spaxed; but as now many of the people have returned to their homes, sale will have to be commenced both at Kamdja and at Pirgunge, and probably at Polashbari. The special feature of the fortnight has been the decrease in Govindgunge in the numbers on relief works from 30,000 to 12,000. Of those who have gone off, 5,000 have been provided for in their own district, Bogra; 5,000 have been drafted to villages, and the rest have returned to their cultivation. The system of payment by grain has been fully inaugurated and is very popular, and piece-work has been now introduced on all the roads. The information on this head is in advance of the figures given in the return No. B. Piece-work is now almost universal, many women preferring to work at it to being drafted off to charitable relief. In one division they earn 1 to 2 annas a day for finishing roads at the rate of 1 anna for 400 cubic feet, and by this means they get sufficient to support their children at home. The grain they receive in payment is exchanged partly for cheaper food, such as millet, which they mix with their rice. In the smaller divisions, the effect of the grain payment has been to materially diminish the number of workmen, and there is a sig

Much of the decrease shewn under the head of roads will only go to increase the head of charitable relief, as the people have been drafted to the villages under the group system, and otherwise, under munduls. The group-system has been introduced into parts of three thanas, Gobindgunge, Pirgunge, and Molung. In Kamdja, 155 villages have been divided into eight groups, and arrangements have to be made in Khairabad. In Molung, part of Andwah, Sharhatta, and Pyrabund, have been divided into groups and put under superintendents. The system is working well everywhere. Mr. Damant writes:—"I have been much surprised to find the amount of work these women and children have done; they have made some excellent roads in the villages wide enough for the passage of a cart, and even created some small bamboo bridges where necessary." To the same effect is the testimony of Baboo Akhoy Kumar Sen of Molung. Village paths have been cleared of jungle, narrow ones have been widened to almost half the size of the public roads. "Everywhere the work," he says, "has been useful and satisfactory, and it reflects great credit on the munduls, who have succeeded in extracting good and really useful work from persons who hitherto did little or no work on our roads." He gave to three of the best munduls two maunds of rice each as their remuneration.

The condition of the people varies much, but has on the whole improved. In Borobaree the agricultural classes no longer need looking after, and the paupers only will need assistance until the agus is fully harvested; but in Mahigunge and Durwani the still high prices have developed fresh distress. In some of the worst parts of the former thana all along its south-west corners, 200 fresh cases have come on charitable relief. The attendance, however, at annachatras is less than usual, and the people have no longer fear for the future. In Molung there is keen distress on the red land, which cannot be fully alleviated until August; but in the eastern parts, which has been throughout the blackest and most affected part of the division, all anxiety is at an end in the full promise of an abundant crop.

Dr. Ghose has been round the southern division and seen to the medical arrangements; he found the people at Kamdja strong, contented, and in good health; the fact is that the relief works there have been most thoroughly carried out and saved the lives of the people, who must else have perished by thousands. In Sadullapore the people were markedly unhealthy; it is the most jungly than in the district; there is still much cholera about it.

Nothing much has to be reported as regards advances. In Molung, matters have progressed, and 970 maunds have been given to 30 villages. About 8,000 maunds will probably be disposed of in this way. In Govindgunge and Pirgunge the laborers who go to cultivate will get a monthly advance. Sanction has been received to the advance of cash for seed-grain in Govindgunge, and I have just made application for Molung, as the relief officer says the same will be needed there. The zemindars in the red land are many of them poor, and will not take advances from Government, and the relief officer has not been able to effect any exchange of Government rice for seed-grain. I have told him to try and induce ryots to take advances of rice, which they can sell in the markets and then buy seed-grain; but I wish for sanction to the disbursement of cost for the purpose to the extent that may be needed.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The figures are as follows; they have been referred to above. Roads generally are being finished up in prospect of a stoppage of work on account of the rains:—

Abstract Statement of the relief roads for the fortnight ending 18th June 1874.

Divisions.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	employed on piece-work.	Employed on daily wages.	Remarks.
A. Govindgunge	10,025	1.113	1.091	12,229	2,738	9,491	4 40
B. Pirgunge	3,015	52	51	3,118	8,049	69	1.00
C. Sadullapore	2,593	1,013	2,182	5,738		******	
D. Sundergunge	178	263	442	883	172	711	1 A 2 C 3
E. Molung	9,032	421	299	9,752	8,747	1,005	
F. Mahigunge	677	56	257	990	450	540	
. Kumargunge division	1,155	3	10	1,168	******		
H. Borabaree	221	20	1	242	*****	*****	A TON LAND
Durwani				*****	******	****** **	The formation and
Executive Engineer's	671		16	687	*****		
Gyebunda	26			26			Unenumerated
Total	27,593	2,941	4,299	34,833	15,156	11,816	7,86

C.-TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Little more remains to be reported here. Grain is being sent by rivers for the Borobaree and Mahigunge divisions to Chillakhal, to meet the demands there for passes and sales. At Kaligunge, rice is being received for Julpigoree, to be kept as a reserve.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Rungpore
for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

			2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10	n	12
			figures	of Govern-	vern-	TOTAL 6	UANTITY	OF GRA	IN CON	UMED	100	eipts ight.	expendi-
Divi	ion.		Dates for which fig are given.	Total allotment of Go ment grain.	Total quantity of Govern- ment grain stored.	By sales to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Balance.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expe- ture of the ensuing in night.
Govindgun Pirgunge Sadullapor Sundergun Moliung Mahigunge Kumargun Borabaree Durwani ankamari hillakhal allygunge tishorgunge	ge	1111111111111	9th	Mds, 55,600 30,000 20,000 10,000 40,000 30,000 5,000 25,000 8,000 35,000 35,000	Mds. 1,03,156 9,992 87,951 32,372 5,100 10,504 8,669 24,678 14,293 17,287 4,394	Mds. 26,350 352 10,103 1,619 383 878 6,099 17,746 11,303 5,836 567	Mds. 5,928 318 1,915 1,175 718 398 78 40	Mds. 326	97 770 84 277 188 110	Mds. 32,613 771 13,758 2,878 1,378 6,365 17,866 11,442 5,876 567	Mds. 70,548 9,221 24,223 29,494 8,782 15,649 2,304 6,822 2,851 11,651 3,827	Mds.	Mds. 10,000 150 5,000 1,000 1,000 4,500 5,000 5,000 1,000
	Total			3,00,000	2,74,686	80,745	10,570	1,379	1,665	94,359	1,80,307	32,019	37,750

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE			Marie 4	Rs.	A	P.	
For purchase of food	n	***		7,500	0	0	
To zemindars for advances	to their ryota	š		1,50,844	. 0	0	
To jotedars ditto	ditto			27,106	0	U	
Add advances sanctioned,	but not taken	by the par	ties	20,300	0	0	
				STATE ASSESSMENT	-	-	
		Total		2,05,750	0	0	

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF .- (Prepared by the District Relief Officer).

The distribution of relief has been actively proceeded with as hitherto.

The numbers of recipients of charitable relief are reported to remain almost stationary, or to be falling off, and the apparent increase is attributed to the greater completeness of the returns, and to the transfer of people from the roads to the village relief works.

The closing of three private annochatras has been reported during the past fortnight, two in the division of Barrobaree, and one at Burghaut in Kumargunge division. In the latter division a Government annochatra was opened at the same time, in case any of the beggars who had been frequenting the Burghaut food-house might have to fall back upon organised charitable relief.

There were petitions for assistance from Ghoramare in Jaldhaka in the north, and a Government cooked-food relief centre has been temporarily opened there.

The number of public and private annochatras shewn in the last return was 72. The present number is 71.

The Bahirband pergunnah private annochatras are, for convenience, shewn separately.

The detailed figures in the return are from the accounts submitted by the relief officers. Previously, the private annochatra returns were submitted very incompletely and irregularly through the secretary to the charitable relief fund.

With regard to the present return, from the end of the fortnight under notice, two of the largest and best managed private cooked-food relief centres have been closed, viz., that of Baboo Janoki Bullebh Sen, of Dimla at Kannungotolah, where, during the last four months, between 700 and 800 people have been well fed daily; and that of Baboo Annoda Proshad Rai of Sanibariya, where between 300 and 400 people have been well fed daily for about five months. Both these annochatras were in the Mahigunge division. They have been closed because it is alleged that the people who attended them are of the begging or part-begging classes, and that they can now obtain an easy subsistence by begging, or eking out their means by begging in their usual way.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF (MEAN).

Statement showing the Daily Progress for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

1	. 2	3	4	. 5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DIVISION.	Government centre.	Private centre.	Number relieved at Government centre.	Number relieved at private centre,	Home relief, on ticket system,	Home relief on cotton distribution.	Casually relieved by donations of food and money.	Other relief-weaving, husking, &c.	Number employed on wilage light work.	Total.
A Govindgunge R. Firgunge C. Sadullapore D. Sundergunge E. Molung F. Mahigunge G. Kunargunge H. Borsbarce L. Durwani Under Superintendent of Bahirbund Bhowanigunge Other thanss	6 1 4 2 5 4 5 5 1	4 2 4 7 8 1 9 2	1,281 173 137 246 750 231 345	500 276 1.575 1.749 556 217 760 290	405 407 1,729 3,545 93 780 	1,062 4,962 2,028 84 88 6	290 18 651 	302 28 35 35	5,767 673 60 	8,485 2,631 9,121 8,314 843 1,717 600 1,229 290 70
Total	34	87	3,233	5,920	7,361	8,360	757	369	6,650	32,650

GFinancial Results.	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shewn in the last narrative	7,18,638	12	2
Advance to G. H. Damant, Esq., relief officer, for relief works	10,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Akhoy Coomar Sen, relief officer, for relief works	5,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Brojo Mohon Roy, relief officer, for relief works Ditto to Baboo Dino Nath Chakrabattee, relief officer, for relief	5,000	0	0
works	3,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Goarango Chandra Bhoumic, Durwani golah, sale superintendent, for relief works	150	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Upendro Chundra Moozoomdar, relief officer, for			
relief works	1,000	0	0
Ditto to Deputy Magistrate of Gyebanda, for relief works	500	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Behari Lal Maitra, relief officer, for relief works,	14		
from Bhobanigunge sub-treasury	3,000	0	0
Total	27,650	0	0
Grand Total	7,46,288	12	2

Statement for the month of May 1874, showing the number of true cases of Dacoity, &c., in the District of Rungpore, as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of May 1871, 1872 and 1873.

					be fi	
Dacoity—						
Heading Nos. 30 and 31 of crime return No. A1	Month	of Ma	y 1874			5
			1874			47
Heading No. 43 of return No. A1		,,	1873			48
No. A1	. ,,	" "	1872			44
	"	21	1871			57
House-breaking-	- //	,,				
		22	1874			38
Headings Nos. 35 and 36 of return No. A1	,,,	22	1873	****		26
of return No. Al		21	1872			13
	. 25	27	1871			13
	- //	//				_
	,, .	,	1874			90
						-
	- "	"	1873		444	69
Total of all four crimes <						-
	**		1872	***		57
						-
	11	22	1871			70
						-
				TO C	0	

E. G. GLAZIER,
Officiating Magistrate.

No. 972—S.R., dated Bogra, the 13th June 1874.

From—E. J. Barton, Esq., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of relief operations for this district, which is now due.

CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY AND PEOPLE.

2. The improvement to which I referred in my last narrative still continues. During this fortnight no less than 6½ inches of rain have fallen, and the crops and country present the dark-green hue of a luxurious vegetation. The long drought had generated a grub which was doing damage to the acus crop. The heavy rains have invigorated this crop, and destroyed the grub. An exceedingly fine acus crop, probably above an average, is confidently anticipated by all.

3. The excellent prospects of the aous harvest have had a very visible effect on the market. There can be no question that the holders of grain have up till now been keeping it back, either for their own consumption, or in the hopes of securing a larger price for it. The rain and the consequent security of the growing crops are bringing these stocks into the

market, and it has been generally observed all over the district that the bazars have been better supplied since the late copious rainfall began than they ever were before; those who were hoarding amun rice are now bringing it into the market. The rivers, too, are open for boat navigation, and grain has been brought by merchants by these routes to localities where it was much wanted; for example, in one corner of the Sherpore circle, where the ruling price has been about 7 seers (80 tolahs) per rupee for months, rice is now selling at 12 pucka seers the rupee. Importation and private trade have been the cause of this.

4. I append in the margin a comparative table, contrasting the price of rice last

Name of			rtni	last ght.	Prices of rice					
Shibgunge	***		9	to	101	seers.	9	to	91	seers.
Sherpore	***				76	**	10		12	**
Khetlal	***				10	**	92	to		39
Bogra	***		91	to	10	37			114	77
Panchbibi	***	***			9	**	9	to	10	
Adamdighi	***				9	22			94	**

fortnight with its price this fortnight. In nearly every place has there been a cheapening, more or less. Moreover, the boro and boono rice crops are now getting into the market, and one may now see in the bazars not only the new rice of recent crops, but the old rice of the last amun harvest. In some places a coarse food-grain called kawans is selling at 24 seers the rupee

Although I have heard of no case of great distress, still there are two or three tracts in the district to which the general improvement just described by me does not extend, and which continue to give anxiety; we are fully prepared to cope with any suffering that is likely to arise in them. Moreover, the returns made by the relief officers of people whom they have had to gratuitously relieve, and to whom they have had to give work, show that there is a considerable residuum of distress in the district which requires assistance, notwithstanding the good prospect of the aous crop and the general easing of the markets.

RELIEF WORKS UNDER THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER

6. The chief thing to be noted in the history of these relief works during this fortnight is the complete introduction upon them of the system of paying the laborers in grain. In Appendix E I give figures showing the number of men, women, and children employed on each road, and the grain and money expended in the payment of them. As most of the laborers are ineffective, the introduction of grain-payments has saved, and will save, large sums of money to the Government.

7. Last fortnight I expressed an opinion that the introduction of grain-payments would drive a good many able-bodied persons from our relief works, and that anticipation has to a certain extent been fulfilled, but not to the degree I had expected. The places of the ablebodied who have left have been filled by the non-able-bodied, who, being almost destitute, come upon our works, and whom we cannot well turn off. Grain-payments have been in full opera-

Total number of laborers on relief works during last fortnight, the daily average employed 37.147 Total number of laborers during this fortnight, the daily average employed ...

tion everywhere during the fortnight, yet, as the marginally noted figures will show, it has caused no very great diminution among the laborers. The mode of payment is not unpopular. Another reason for this comparatively small

diminution may be found in the description of the people who are working on our roads,the greater part of them being aged or young, and comparatively few being able-bodied. In some places grain-payments have been very unpopular. They drove a good many laborers in the Panchbibi circle from our works to the railway, and there was a general desertion of a road at Siruttee, where only 39 are now at work, instead of three thousand, as was the case three weeks ago. It is well that this has happened. There is an enormous demand for agricultural labor just now. The soil is being ploughed everywhere for the amun crop, and the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor are that laborers at present should not be encouraged to remain on our relief works. The figures will show that comparatively few able-bodied persons are left.

SALES TO LABORERS.

	Na	me of e	circle.		A	nt sol	ld this	
Shibgunge Shirpore			***			-	Mds. 67	Srs. 39 0
Panchbibi		a etter		A	***	***	188	27
							262	26

N.B.—In the other three relief circles there were no sales to laborers during the fortnight.—E. J. B.

Name of	circle.	Number removed last fortnight.	Number removed this fortnight,
Sherpore Bogra By Mr. Clay	**	 0.000	69 969 1,678
	Total	 2,802	2,716

8. As a necessary consequence of the introduction of grain-payments, sales of grain to laborers have fallen very low, as the marginally noted figures will prove. Only in three circles have any sales been made to those working on our relief roads, and these sales have been but small. They would have been smaller than they are, but there was some delay in introducing grain-payments into these three circles, and the greater part of these sales was effected then.

The process of cautiously and gradually weeding the most useless and helpless of the old women and old men from the relief works has been continued during this fortnight, as the statement in margin will show. These aged and feeble creatures are sent back to their villages with a month's supply of food, and their names are duly recorded in the registers as objects fit for relief. We have freed the works of a total of 5,518 individuals

of this class.

The payment of the laborers is now in the hands of the relief officers. I believe that one cause of the comparative popularity of grain-payments is, that they are made with more punctuality and greater honesty than the money-payments were. It is more difficult for the supervisors and grain mohurrirs to peculate grain than money.

The payments also are more closely and vigilantly superintended than they ever were before. The rules under which the payments are made are very simple, and are working with much efficiency and very little friction.

11. As the rains are now begun, I fear that we shall have to stop all road and tank work immediately. I do not, however, anticipate that this will cause any dangerous distress among the people who are now subsisting by means of these works, as the registration of the more helpless of them is being done, and means will be taken to succour and relieve them,

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

12. The work done during the fortnight naturally falls under three heads, viz:—
(a) The filling of certain golahs from Chandanbasia by boat.—I give below the names of the golahs and the amount of grain actually put into each during the fortnight, the total aggregating 28,602 maunds:

INTERIOR STORAGE DONE DURING THIS PORTNIGHT FROM CHANDANBASIA.

						nt of grain sent th
1.						Mds.
		1.0				21.721
		***		***	*** 1	740
***	***	***	***		***	993 2,750
* **	***	***				2,398
***				Total		28,602
	***					du

(b) The transporting of the 20,000 maunds lying at Nowgong into the golahs of this district.—I am sorry to say that, owing to a TRANSPORT FROM NOWGONG. complete failure in the local supply of carts, To what golah.

2,371 4,485 2,406 11.083 Total

this transaction has taken a longer time than was at first anticipated. The marginally noted figures show the progress which has been made from the 28th May, when this transport was begun, till the 9th June.

(c) The storing of minor and subsidiary golahs out of the large golahs.-About ten minor golahs have been stocked during the

In addition to these three forms of transport, movements of grain have been rendered necessary to pay the coolies on the roads and other relief works. I need not here enter into any particulars of what has been done under this head.

13. Transport and storage are now as good as complete throughout the district. There will still be a movement of grain from golah to golah, according as exigencies arise, and the

greater part of our future transport will assume this form.

14. I referred in my last fortnightly narrative to errors in the grain accounts, and it will not be out of place to refer to them again here. I have been bestowing what time I could spare from more important duties upon the discovery and elimination of these errors; they extend so far back that the complete removal of them will be a work of some time, and it is perhaps uncertain if they ever will be properly corrected. That I time, and it is perhaps uncertain if they ever will be properly corrected. That I shall be able to reduce the errors in size, I am certain, but I am not so sanguine about being able to eliminate them altogether. I am afraid that the data do not in many cases exist for this. In the beginning of the transport operations these errors have their origin, and they have continued all through them. That they should occur was perhaps inevitable, considering the novelty of the work and the inferior clerks who had the duty of keeping the accounts.

15. In Appendix D I give, so far as the data in my hands permit me, a statement of the storage and expenditure of Government grain up to date.

16. The account of them stands as follows:

(a)	Advances to traders and others for the purchase of grain (para-	fortnight.
1	graph 4 Circular No. 80)	500
(b)	Advances to zemindars for improving water-supply of a village (paragraph 21, Circular No. 80)	3,150
(c)	Advances to zemindars to help their ryots see Government letter No. 403—S.R., dated 3rd February 1874)	50,870
	Total	54,520

17. As cash advances without the special sanction of Government have now been forbidden, no money has been expended in this direction during the fortnight. I have had

applications, but I did not think that they deserved to be recommended to Government; I always told the applicants they might have an advance in grain, but this they have generally declined.

18. I cannot say that the zemindars (there is one, and perhaps there may be two, exceptions) of Bogra have shown as a rule any desire to aid their ryots on this occasion. I think they are more backward here, and have done less than in any district where I have yet been. It is true that, as a rule, they are poor and indebted; nevertheless, they might have done, and might be doing, far more than they have yet attempted.

SALES OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN TO THE PUBLIC.

19. During the whole of this fortnight this form of relief has been worked throughout

SALES OF GRAIN TO THE PUBLIC.

Name of	circle	. at	aber of places which sales going on.	Amount sold fortnight,			
					Mds.	Srs.	
Shibgunge		***	2		199	0	
Serpore	***	***	1		224	32	
Khetlal	***	***	2		156	26	
Bogra .			3		676	0	
Adamdigi		***	1		216	24	
Panchbibi	***	***	9		1,165	35	
		Total at	18 place	g	2,638	37	

all the district, and I give in the margin a condensed synopsis of the work done. It shows that during the fortnight under report we have sold 2,638 maunds to the public from 18 places of sale. I cannot say that the extent of these sales has come up to my expectation. Every facility was given to the public to buy. Retail sales were conducted at the golahs; banias could take our grain into the villages and sell it there at a profit to themselves. I consider that one great cause of the comparative smallness of our sales is to be found in the

fact that the people prefer their own country rice, although it is dearer, to ours, and that they have not yet become so impoverished that they cannot afford to buy the former. The banias also do not show much energy in selling our grain; they seem to look upon the sirkar as a competitor in the market. The liberal profit of one seer in the rupee is offered them, but that does not induce them to push sales for us.

20. I know the people have prejudices against the Burmah rice, and the intermixture with paddy increases this unpopularity; several laborers told me that its bhat did not leave the cooking pot in well-defined isolated grains like that of their own country rice, that much of it spoiled in boiling, that it was deficient in flavour, difficult of digestion, and not so nourishing as their own rice. Some of this is true; the people admit that many of these deficiencies in the bhat may be caused by their not knowing how to cook and boil the rice. However, there can be little doubt but that, if there was a real dearth of food in the country, the people would be only too glad to buy and eat the Government grain. I believe also that much they say of it is unfounded, and probably has its origin in a baseless story invented by some one, and circulated and improved by many others. What induces me to think that these tales about the inferiority of the Government grain as a food are, though partly true, yet to a large extent unfounded, is the fact that the people take it fast enough when they get it for nothing, or as a loan which they never mean to repay,—and that it is only when they are asked to buy it and pay money down for it that they hold back.

			104				
Kind of rice.	Kind of rice.						
(1.) Best country atab rice (ci	lean)		10				
(2.) Country ushna rice	20	***	11				
(3.) Burmah atab rice	**	***	11				
(4.) Red ushna rice	11	***	12				
(5.) Country ushna (mixed)			14				
(6.) - Burmah ushna ,,		***	15				

21. I have done all I could to foster these sales. In Bogra I have lowered the selling prices two times within the fortnight, till now they stand at the figures which I append. The circle officers have been empowered to sell cheaper than the bazars, keeping within the limit of 12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed grain.

22. I am convinced that these rates (12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed grain) will soon be too high for this district. Markets are daily falling before the prospects of an excellent accus harvest and the opening of the rivers to traffic.

23. If I may be permitted to make a suggestion, I think that the local officers should be allowed to fix the selling price of the grain in the Government golahs, in accordance with the fluctuations of the local market, within the limits of 16 seers for clean and 20 seers for mixed rice. Something like this was done in Orissa in 1867, but it was then experienced as a fact that the local officers had to follow the markets in a downward course, and had constantly to cheapen the rates at which they sold the Government grain. The result of their efforts is well known, viz., that, notwithstanding all they could do, large stocks were left undisposed of at the close of the operations. I anticipate that if some such power be not accorded here, and if the present hard-and-fast line of a maximum rate of 12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed rice be adhered to, our sales will soon cease over a large part of the district.

In what week.	Amoun	t paid		A. P.
Week ending 5th June	 		3,465 1,468	12 9
	Total		4,934	10 6

24. Sums realized from the sale of grain have been paid into the treasury, as is shown in the margin; of course more money than this has been realized which has not yet been remitted.

LOANS OF GRAIN TO CULTIVATORS.

Name o	f circle	0.		lent last night.	Amount lent this fortnight.		
			Mds.	Srs.	Mds.	Srs.	
Shibgunge	***	***	2,096	0	44	10	
Sherpore	***	***	17	35	77	5	
Khetlal	***	***	301	28	2	10	
Bogra	***	***	8,258	0	313	12	
Adamdighi	***	***	1,973	0	452	20	
Panchbibi	***	***	826	27	130	0	
			13,473	10	1,019	17	

LOANS TO CULTIVATORS

The marginally noted figures will show the transactions under this head both during the current and the past fortnight. I mentioned in my last fortnightly narrative that these loans had in some places been distributed with a certain amount of profusion and reck-lessness, and that steps had been taken to introduce more discrimination and judgment into this mode of relief. The figures which are shown above do not really represent the work which has been done in carrying out this mode of relief this fortnight. The relief

13,473 10 1,019 17 officers have freely received applications for loans, but, instead of recklessly or capriciously granting or refusing them, as was the case before, they have instituted intelligent inquiries into the necessity of granting those loans in each case. Many of these inquiries are now completed and the results will propose in the next terminal properties.

completed, and the results will appear in the next fortnightly narrative.

26. I have also issued special orders on this subject. I have pointed out to the relief 20. 1 nave also issued special orders on this subject. I have pointed out to the relief officers that this is the season when the ploughings for the amun crop are done; when the ryots of the khiar land especially must abandon all labour by which they are earning money, and devote themselves to the cultivation of their fields, and that it is the wish of the Lieutenant-Governor that every facility should be given to these men to enable them to leave extraneous work and sow their crops. In these circumstances, loans will be given in the following fortnight with more freedom than that under report, while at the same time a

following fortnight with more freedom than that under report, while at the same time a certain amount of discrimination and judgment in the granting of them will be insisted upon. In connection with this question of loans to ryots, it may not be out of plage to mention here that no Bogra zemindar, talukdar, or ijardar (with the exception of Mr. Ridge, who is engaged in silk cultivation, and another who has asked for a loan on certain terms) has consented to stand security that his ryots will repay the value of the grain which they get in loans from the Government stores. There is a singular want of interest on the part of the zemindars in anything that affects the condition of their ryots. It is said that the Pubna combinations of ryots against zemindars, which appeared in a very mild form in this district, are one cause of this arathy. But, whatever may be the cause, the anathy is a fact. district, are one cause of this apathy. But, whatever may be the cause, the apathy is a fact, and any aid that the zemindars have rendered to the Government officials, with one or two exceptions which I shall report bye-and-bye, has been of a flimsy description. As a rule they do nothing.

CHARITABLE AND GRATUITOUS RELIEF.

27. I append below a synopsis of the work of relief officers in this direction. It is a condensed summary which I have compiled from various returns sent in by the relief officers. It shows that 13,705 persons have been relieved gratuitously during the fortnight.

								Number returned this fortnight.				
		NAME	OF CI	ECLE.				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
Shibgunge								532	1,596	1,175	3,303	
Sherpore						***		Т	otal only give	n	1,313	
Khetlal								467	920	732	2,119	
Bogra								1	Total only give	n '	5,367	
Adamdighi									Ditto		859	
Panchbibi		٠							Ditto		742	
					- 10	Total			- 19 and		13,705	

28. Most of the people who are enumerated in paragraph 27 as having been charita-

		e of ci	E REI	СДВЕ			this	
						Rs.	A.	P.
Sherpore	***	***	***	***	***	627	7	4
Bogra		100	-		***	945	10	0
Khetlal	444		***	***	*****	277	14	9
Shibgunge	***	***	***		334	24	13	0
Adamdighi	***	***		***	***	0	10	0
Panchbibi	***	***	5 m		***	79	7	0
	10 101			Total		1,955	14	1

bly relieved were assisted with gifts of grain. Several high-easte Hindoo families we found who were distressed, but who had sincere prejudices against what they said was Government grain transported over the seas from ment grain transported over the seas from foreign countries, and who were unwilling to go with the common herd to the Government golahs with relief tickets in their hands for gotans with rener toxers in their hands or our rice. These were relieved in cash to the extent which is marginally noted, and the money so expended will come from the con-mittee's funds. In view of the large discretion which the Central Committee have placed in the hands of the local officers as to the disposal

of the contributed funds in their hands, I have greatly modified the restrictions which (in obedience to the orders of Government at that time) I have insisted upon in the relief of distress in cash.

29. Spinning and weaving relief in jute and cotton.—During the rains, when out-door employments become impossible, this form of relief is almost certain to assume larger and larger proportions. At present, as will appear from the table which is recorded below, 9,419 people have during the fortnight under report been assisted in this way. Men and women who spend their days in working in the fields are glad to earn some additional sustenance for themselves and their females by working at cotton and jute. It is also a form of work which those take whom caste or social prejudices make unwilling to publicly work upon the roads.

Statement of the number relieved by spinning and weaving.

NAM	E OF	CIRCLE.		PREVIOUS	FORTNIG	HT.	CURRENT FORTNIGHT.			
			Men. Women. Children.		Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
Shibgunge		·	 To	tal only giv	ren	359	273	372		645
Sherpore				Ditto		. 2,052	To	otal only gi	ven	425
Khetlal .				Ditto		504	1,430	754	93	2,277
Bogra				Ditto		. 14,870	To	tal only gi	ven	4,389
Adamdighi				Ditto		. 775		Ditto	1	1,092
Panchbibi .				Ditto		. 43		Ditto		591
		Total	 			18,603			,	9,419

30. Hitherto this form of relief has been administered, but there has been little care taken to secure that the material turned out by the workers shall be marketable. Inspected several stores of jute and cotton work, and I came to the conclusion that all the worked material was so bad that it would not be saleable. No doubt much of this inferiority was due to a laxity on the part of the relief officers in receiving and paying for a badly manufactured article; I have therefore, in view of the probable large extension of this form of relief, ordered that it shall be administered under rules, of which the following are the general heads:—

(a) Hitherto the rules have been to give each applicant 1 seer 2 chittacks of raw cotton, and require from her a seer of thread, and give her 12 annas in money as a remuneration. The nominal money-value of the labor may remain the same, but henceforth I wish the payment to be thus made:—

Five parts in rice, One part in cash.

Rice with not more than two annas paddy in it is valued at twelve seers the rupee, and the amount to be paid in rice for this cotton labor should be calculated accordingly.

(b) The mode of paying in rice will be much the same as on the roads. A book, foil and counterfoil, will be used. The counterfoil will be given to the worker, who takes it to the nearest golah and gets the rice; the foil will be kept by the relief officer.

(c) Hitherto, all thread or yarn has been paid for at the uniform rate of 12 annas, whether fine or coarse, ill-spun, or not spun at all, good or bad. Henceforth there should be two qualities of thread, viz.:—

No. I.—This should be a fine, well spun, well rounded, uniform thread; for making one seer of it, the remuneration is fixed at 12 annas, to be paid as

directed in paragraph (a).

No. II.—A thicker yarn or thread than No. I, but still it must be insisted upon that this thread be well spun, well rounded, of a uniform thickness, and free from lumps,—unless yarn has these properties it is useless for weaving purposes; for one seer of this yarn or thread a remuneration of 9 annas is fixed, to be paid as directed in paragraph (a).

(d) People who show that they cannot make either fine or coarse yarn or thread, should, after a second trial, be refused more raw cotton, and put upon other work; or, if no work is available, and they are completely destitute, they should be gratuitously relieved.

(e) The thread or yarn given in by the spinners should either be sold or given to weavers to weave. In this latter case, the remuneration to weavers should be at the rate of 2½ poise for a cubit length of cloth which is two cubits broad, or two poise per chittack of eyeight. The weavers should be paid as prescribed in paragraph (a) above; for every seer of yarn or thread he gets, a weaver should return 18 chittacks of cloth. Sarces, dhoteces, and gamchas, should be the cloths woven, and they should be sold in the nearest bazars.

FOR WORK IN JUTE.

Mutatis mutandis, the general directions which I have given regarding cotton relief apply to jute.

(b) Generally in the district only twine or yarn has yet been made out of the jute, and the same remuneration is given for it, whether it is good or bad. I now direct there

shall be two qualities, viz:-

No. I., the remuneration for which is 11 annas per seer weight of twine. Good jute twine or yarn has the same characteristics as good cotton yarn or thread. It should be strong, well spun, well twisted, well rounded, be what is called an equal yarn, that is, every part of the same uniform thickness and free from

No. II., of an inferior quality to No. I. It must, however, be strong, equal, and well spun. I fix the remuneration at 5 poise per seer weight of this yarn or twine. Payments for jute-work is to be in grain and money combined, as provided in

paragraph (a) of the cotton general directions.

(d) The jute twine or yarn may be woven into gunny bags, the weavers to get 11

poise per cubit one cubit broad.

I am very desirous to sell the cotton thread, jute twine, cloth, and gunny bags which make: I am unable to find for them a local market here. I have written to several we make; I am unable to find for them a local market here. I have written to several gentlemen, Government officials and others, asking them to aid me in disposing of the articles which we manufacture. I have some hundreds of maunds of cotton thread and yarn made by distressed people, which I cannot sell here. There are almost no weavers in the district to make the yarn into cloth. I respectfully suggest that I should send this yarn into distressed districts where there is a large number of weavers, and I shall be only too ready to do it if the Collectors of those districts will take it from me.

GRAIN PAYMENT FOR WORK ON JUTE AND COTTON.

31. The important measure has been introduced this fortnight of paying for all cotton and jute work, five parts in grain and one part coin. Apparently the people are content; there is certainly less chance of their being defrauded when they are paid in grain, and very likely they get a larger compensation under this form of payment, because the mohurirs and others who pay them find it harder work to cheat them.

VILLAGE REGISTRATION AND VISITATION.

		,	VILLAGE VISIT	visited this fortm	night
Name of circle.		By Superin- tendent.	By Assistant Superinten- dent.	TOTAL.	
Shibgunge			16	118	134
Bherpore	***		126	Not given.	126
Khetlal		***	39	53	92
Bogra	***	***	Not given.	25	25
Adamdighi		***	11111	60	60
Panchbibi	***	***	Not given.	17	17

Nam	e of circle		of	mber of villages which registra- tion finished.
Shibgunge		***		12 done.
Sherpore	***	***	***	6 ,,
Khetlal		***		198 "
Panchbibi	***	***	Arr.	14 ,,
Adamdighi	***	***	Fi	gures not given.
Bogra.	***	***	***	Ditto.

Name	of circle.		Number of onachatras opened.	Average daily number relieved.
Sherpore		***	2	239
Khetlal	***	100	2	109
Panchbibi	***	***	1	3
			-	
	Total	***	5	351
			-	

32. This part of their work has also, as will be observed from the figures given in the margin, been prosecuted vigorously by the relief officers, although some of them, more particularly the circle officer of Bogra and his assistants, seem to have neglected it. Collier, c.s., relief circle officer of Adamdigi, had unfortunately an accident in the beginning of the fortnight, which laid him up and prevented him from moving about. He is now recovered.

33. Village registration is confined only to the worst tracts, and is progressing. I append figures showing what has been done in this direction during the fortnight. The superintendents of the Bogra and Adamdight

circles give no figures, but the former says that a great part of the work has been done.

All the golahs in the district have been visited by the relief superintendents or their assistants. The condition of the accounts at

I am trying to get them into a better state.

34. Poor-houses or Annachatra.—Now that the rains are begun, these will be more systematically worked than they have ever yet been in this district. The annachatras at present at work are given in the margin. In addition to these, the Dighaputia Rajah has an annachatra near Shariakandi, at which a daily average of about 750 is fed. The necessary

Total ... 5 351 buildings, cook-houses, eating sheds, &c., for an annachatra at Bogra are nearly ready, and I hope to begin food distribution next Tuesday or Wednesday. Only those will be relieved at annachatras who are homeless, utterly destitute, and disabled.

FINANCIAL RESULT OF THE FORTNIGHT.

Rs. A. P. 4,29,238 3

* Details of ti	he above.					
Relief roads and works		2	2,51,697	15	9	91
Transport of Government rice			1,07,428	13	0	
Construction and repairs of rice golahs			6,086	8	3	
Loans to zemindars			47,170	0	0	
Advances to ryots			1,183	0	0	
Construction of bungalows for circle offi	cers		1,200	0	0	
Salary of relief native doctors			85	4	0	
Establishment .			2,761	5	9	
Miscellaneous		**	975	5	0	
Packages and incidentals			650	0	0	
Relief works by the relief officers			10,000	0	0	
	Total		4,29,238	3	9	

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

	•				Rs.	Α.	P.
Relief roads and	l works				7,728	7	11
Salary and esta	blishment, &c.				2,916	4	3
Transport of G	overnment grain	n			10,550	0	0
Miscellaneous					111	10	0
Packages and in	cidentals .				50	0	0
Construction ar	d repairs of ric	e golahs,	&c.		30	0	0
		Т	otal		21,386	5	11
	Total of the	last fortni	ght		4,29,238		9
		Grand T	otal	7	,50,624	9	8
				7	E. J. B.		
		-	-		Offa.	. Ma	aistra

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the Expenditure of Cash by the Relief Officers during the fortnight.

Name of Circle.	Charitable relief.	In payment for work.	Transport.	Purchase of material.	Miscella- neous.	· Total.	REMARES.
Address of the second	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Khetlal	277 14 9	304 14 71	21 0		23 1 3	612 9 78	
Adamdigi	0 10 0	23 10 0	82 1 0	100 0 0	85 8 3	261 13 3	
Shibgunge	24 13 0	112 15 0		102 9 6	39 14 3	280 3 9	* The large cash payment
Shariakandi	627 7 4	225 12 9		707 2 0	80 5 0	1,640 11 1	for work in the Panchbib circle represents arrears
Panchbibi and Badulgachi	79 7 0	*4,955 0 9	634 3 6		1,192 2 13	6,860 13 4h	
Bogra	945 10 0	6 5 6			588 13 0	1,540 12 6	here,
	1,955 14 1	5,628 10 7%	722 15 6	909 11 6	1,979 11 104	11,196 15 7	

APPENDIX B.

Table showing the Expenditure of Grain by the Relief Officers for purposes of relief during the fortnight.

		1				2	1	3	4		5	6	7	8
Nam	e of R	elief C	irele.		Grain s		away	given gra- usly.	Expended in relief centre	n r	Grain given away in exchange for labour of all kinds.	Amount of grain given in loans to ryots.	Other expen- diture of grain.	Total expen- diture.
		恐炸			Mds.	s. c.	Mds	. s. c.	Mds. S. C.		Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Md. S. C.
Kbetlal	garang. Kanpus	***		***	155	39 8	54	39 8	0 34 1	1	35 12 9	2 10 0	509 2 1	758 17 11
Adamdigi		75.75	***	411	215	24 6	555	39 0	0 10 (196 8 19	440 33 0	648 1 3	2,056 36 51
Shibgung	b		***		219	17 0	217	12 0		1		44 0 0	558 2 8	1,038 81 8
Shariakar	ndi	411	***	(448)	224	32 0	36		81 0 8	3	1 0 8	77 5 0		383 38 0
Panchbib	i		***	***	1,165	85 8	396	88 9	88 17 (,	142 2 13	160 6 8	637 12 13	2,590 32 14
Bogra					216	21 8	1,365	17 12			10 29 11	818 0 0	0 12 0	1,905 39 10
	Total	***			2,198	9 4	2,590	26 13	170 21 1	9	385 13 5	1,037 14 8	2,352 30 9	8,734 86 1

APPENDIX C.

Table showing the work of the Relief Officers during the fortnight under all the various heads of relief, and the number of people relieved by them.

	1					2	8	4	.5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	CIEC	LR.			*	Date.	At centres.	In poor-houses.	By village relief tickets.	By light-labour tickets.	By loans of grain.	By spinning.	By weaving.	By other means.	Total.
Khetlal								104	14,041			13,566	996	800	29,507
Adumdigi				***				30	1,497		1,726	1,005	87	800	4,245
Shibgunge	-								3,303			625	20		3,948
Shariakandy						*****	1,313	209	44		67	425			2,059
Panchbibi			***				696	2	264		358	559	32	54	1,965
Bogra	·		***			*****			5,869	44	34	4,319	70		9,836
							2,009	845	24,518	44	2,185	20,499	1,205	854	51,559

APPENDIX D.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bogra on the dates nearest to the 12th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

		ent of grain.	of grain ive of ed.	TOTAL	QUANTITY OF CONSUMED	GOVERNMEN UP TO DATE.	NT GRAIN	-
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment Government gra	Total quantity of grain stored, inclusive of grain transferred.	By sale to the public or laborers,	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	in kind	By advance to ryots.	,
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	
Bogra Circle.		Mds.	Mds.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	
Dargarhat Bogra Gohail Narnamala Maiancha Gokul	10th June 1874 Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	2,000 1,00,000 4,000 2,000 2,000 3,000	2,456 26,000 4,644 1,998 1,694 3,232					the relief officers
Khetlal Circle.	Ditto	20,000	19,684					he tho
Panchbibs and Badalgachi Relief Circle.		20,000	10,054					ada h
Panchoibi Heelee Badalgachi	Ditto Ditto Ditto	15,000 10,000 3,000	15,000 10,124 3,210					the prein-nermonts made
Shibgunge Circle.				4,065 34 4	7,150 8 3	3,891 7 64	14,511 5 15	1000
Shibgunge Burigunge	Ditto Ditto	5,000 5,000	6,244 5,123				40.00	orain
Adamdigi Circle.							200	1
Adamdigi	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	3,000 15,000 2,000 5,000	3,178 14,014 2,000 2,179				A Charles	umn 7 amear also the
Shariakandi and Sherpore Circle.			1000		19 kg	1000	经点	
Sherpore	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	5,000 3,000 30,000 3,000 3,000	4,200 3,000 30,000 3,000 3,000			*		Tri column
Total		2,40,000	1,64.040			3.4. 6	e production	100
Add a reserve stored at Chan- danbasia.			56,108				100 M	
Grand total stored up to date			2,20,148					m.

APPENDIX E.

Statement showing the daily average of men, women, and children employed on relief works in the District of Bogra, for the fortnight ending the 6th June 1874, and the amount expended in money and grain upon the payment of the laborers.

work.		Daily av	rerage nuring the	imber er fortnigh	nployed t.	Amount expe payment,		
Number of	NAME OF WORK.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Grain.	Money.	REMARKS.
	2 4					Mds. Srs. C.	Rs. A. P.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 6 17 18 19 20 21 22 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 23	Nashipore road Shonamukh road Tank at Kahaloo Dikto at Cohairr Dikto at Cohairr Dikto at Cohairr Dikto at Uchairr Dikto at Uchairr Dikto at Uchairr Dikto at Uchairr Madhupore road Tank as Ashokola Dikto at Narhatt Dikto at Marhatt Chairr Khetial and Ghoraghat road Badalgachi and Adamdigi road Badalgachi and Adamdigi road Badalgachi and Adamdigi road Badalgachi and Adamdigi road Tank at Dhawapar Tank at Dhawapar Dikto at Jishani Dikto at Jatool Dikto at Baradighi	877 711 135 740 2,552 172 4 160 231 489 41 5 81 209 130 130 130 130 130 130 146 248 467 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130	794 380 548 3.114 273 29 9.243 671 819 423 755 15 208	656 268 1,795 3,995 194 3 895 5 8-7 1,539 5 5 8 566 145 36 838 19	1,827 719 135 3,083 9,571 639 27 77 77 639 1,789 1,789 1,789 1,237 13 787 341 341 341 341 341 341 447 544 47 545 64 47 535 64 47 535 64	132 26 12 135 18 0 466 33 10 460 33 10 460 33 10 460 33 4 5 25 4 74 24 12 132 30 12 92 9 0 0 27 0	1.307 11 0 723 7 6 725 7 6 725 7 7 8 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 826 18 10 6 827 10 8 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 10 6 828 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	A great part of the east which is shown here as expended inpor roads and support of the state of pay which had occurred in past fortnights, but have been paid off in this Australia of the state of the
33 34	Rungpore ,,	55 26	165	114	3S4 26		416 14 9 62 11 6	
	Total	6,417	8,861	11,792	27,020	1,536 4 2	22,792 0 21	

Bogra, The 13th June 1874. E. J. Barton, Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

No. 1001, dated Pubna, the 15th June 1874. Memo. by-W. V. G. TAYLOR, Esq., Magistrate of Pubna.

Submitted to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department, for information.

Fortnightly Narrative ending the 13th of June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Any change since last report is for the better, and at this critical time this must be considered very satisfactory. Prices have failen within the last week. Imports have been more active. The best judges seem to think it unlikely that prices will rise beyond their present level; but, on the contrary, with the rise of the river we may expect to see increased importations, and a further fall in the price of rice. The weather during the past fortnight has been all that could be desired. The heavy rain which ceased on the 27th May 1874 has been followed by bright sunny weather, mitigated by frequent showers. The growing rice crop is looking extremely well, and this has had a most reassuring effect on all classes. A great portion of it will be ripe early in July, and from that time there is a confident expectation that things will begin to mend. There is a considerable demand for employment, which has been met by various works in different parts of the district. This is owing to all sowing operations having been nearly completed. On the other hand, the applicants for gratuitous relief have not increased anywhere, and in the Pubna station jurisdiction have diminished in number. In a district like Pubna, where the distress was never very severe, and where there are such unusual facilities for importation, it was necessary that relief measures should be carried out with discrimination. The relief committee, while offering work at fair rates to all who needed it, restricted gratuitous relief to the really helpless, weak, and very indigent. They refused to admit the excuse of those who stated that they could not come on the roads because they had fields of their own to sow, and at the same time claimed gratuitous relief. Advances on security have been sanctioned to this class. The committee have acted in the belief that it was never meant by Government that men who had lands and houses and cattle should be demoralized by alms; and it is an adherence to this principle that has restricted

gratuitous relief, at least in the Sudder sub-division, within reasonable and necessary limits. The teel crop has nearly all been harvested. It is an average crop. The kaon crop promises well. It will be ripe about the end of the month, and will afford most seasonable assistance. The julye crop is being reaped. It is at all times, however, a small outturn. The aous crop is, as already stated, most promising, and unusually forward. Indigo is a very fine crop this year. The health of the district continues extemely good. Special native doctors have been moving about prepared to treat any outbreak of sickness.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

Numbers employed on the several roads are as follow :-

Sujangar 273, Faridpore 102, Chatmohar 324, and Maligacha road 202. A new road from Dulai to Gangohati via Chinakhora has been lately opened under the direct supervision of the sub-inspector of Dulai. The head constable of Ataikula has been deputed to undertake the repairs of the road from Goeshpore to Ataikula. I do not think that it will be necessary to open any more new works. There would not be time to complete them, and the cutting of the kaon and agos will shortly afford employment to considerable numbers.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

3,000 maunds out of 6,000 intended for Serajgunge has been kept for the Sudder subdivision, and the canoongoe has been deputed to Goalundo to forward it in quantities of 500 maunds to six different sub-committees. 5,000 more have been indented for from the other sub-committees. Under orders of the Commissioner, 2,000 maunds have been indented for from the Dhapari depôt and will abe retained in hand at or near head-quarters for advances to zemindars and others.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

The following sum has been advanced to several zemindars and others since last report:-

					Rs.
Esharatulla, talukdar			***		75
Golam Abdin					200
Golom Abbaj	***			1	-00
Isvar Chundra Chowdhuri]	500
Madhav Chundra Chowdhuri		***		;	, 000
			Total		775

Advances up to the present have been made in cash, there being no grain in store. People to whom advances have been made have been required to show their title deeds, to give a registered bond for the amount, and to submit a monthly list of ryots assisted.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Charitable relief has been given by the several sub-committees, who are apparently working judiciously and well, and carrying out the principles of relief unanimously decided on by the central relief committees. It is confidently believed that most cases of real distress have been, and will be relieved.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Out of Rs. 7,870-8-0 promised as subscriptions to the Pubna relief fund, Rs. 4,824 have been realised up to date. Reminders have been sent to the subscribers for transmitting their subscription shortly.

Expenditure as detailed below-				Rs.
Wages paid to the coolies of Mala	nehi road			150
Advanced to the Secretary to the	ne Sujanagar	sub-commit	tee for	
Sujanagar road works			***	300
Advanced to the Secretary to th	e Chatmohar	sub-commit	tee for	
Chatmohar road works				300
Advanced to the Sagarkandi sub-	committee			500
Advanced to Maligacha road super	rvisor for wag	es of coolies		200
Expenses for sending medicines to	Raigunge			6
Advanced to Golum Nabby, native		s pay for Jun	e 1874	60
Sent to Sagarkandir sub-committe	е			500
Sent to Dulai ditto				500
Advanced to canoongoe for convey	ing rice from	Goalundo		100
Sent to Chat Mohar sub-committe	е			130
Advance given for bringing rice fr	om Dhapari d	epôt		100
Advanced to the Secretary to the	municipal con		further	
relief works within the munipali		***		300
Advanced to the Secretary to the	e Ataikula sul	o-committee	for the	
repair of the Ataikula road				100
Advanced to the Secretary to the	Dulai sub-com	mittee for o	pening	
the new road at Dulai		• • •	Section 1	100
Paid for Sujanagar road-works		THE STREET	4 2000	300
,, for Maligacha road-works	***	***		200
attiglicies sure est autes a sonare a		m all plants		
		Total		3.846

Tenth fortnightly Narrative of distress in the Serajgunge Sub-division, from 28th May to 10th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The high prices which prevailed at the end of May attracted a large amount of rice to the sub-division, and supplies are now abundant at all the markets on the river banks. Prices, though still high, have fallen, as will be seen from the following statement :-

				NUMBER OF SEERS OF 80 TOLAR	IS PROCURABLE POR A RUPE
		P MARKET.		Last Narrative.	At present.
1863 Te 157521	1. 12.			G	5
				Seers.	Seers.
Serajgunge		 		10	111
Raigunge		 		7 1/2	10
Ullapara		 		9	104
Pangaghi				9	93
Tangasm		 		101	0,4
Taras		 ****		$10\frac{1}{2}$	9 .

The rise in prices at Taras is accounted for by the fact that local rice is sold at that

bazar, which is too far from the rivers to be affected by importations.

The rainfall during the fortnight was only 0.37 inches; more moisture is wanted, but still our prospects are, on the whole, good. The rise in the rivers in May spoilt some of the kaon and joleah rice, but not any very great quantity, and since then the waters have been falling. The kaon now being harvested is a 12-anna crop. Unfortunately it is grown only by about one-half of the cultivators; those who are fortunate enough to possess a field of it are now relieved from all auxiety. The joleah dhan is in ear, and will be cut immediately. It is sown in few places. The jute is forward and promising. The prospects of the aous rice, on which so much depends, are still uncertain. Til has been a failure; an 8-anna crop only can be expected.

The ryots in distressed villages where there is no kaon continue to look thin and anxious. Our system of relief provides for the classes who would otherwise appear most emaciated, and

supply the cases of actual starvation.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The number of laborers employed on village tracks is 404, that on the Chunderkona road is about 250. The rate paid for earth-work is Rs. 2-4 per 1,000 cubic feet, and Rs. 2 only at Taras, for which I wish to withdraw some coolies for the Chunderkona road. The cultivators at first refused earth-work, but would now accept it if we would give it to them; this we cannot do everywhere, the season being so far advanced.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

During the fortnight 500 maunds of rice was reported to have been sent to Taras' by cart from Raigunge. I visited the place lately, and arranged for storage. Our stock of rice is sufficient for the present.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND THEIR RESULTS.

The system of cash advances to zemindars, to enable them to assist their ryots with loans, has beeen brought to a close during this fortnight, in consequence of the Government order that such payments should for the future be made in rice. The total amount advanced has been Rs. 49,427. The advances may be classified as follows :-

									Rs.
Loan	s of	Rs.	2,000						20,000
"	of		1,000 to	Rs.	2,000		2	***	8,500
33	of		500 to	,,,	1,000		Access.	***	10,450
,,,	of	22	100 to	,,,	500				9,272
5956	of	23	50 to	"	100		0000000	***	930
Less	than	"	50		***	Service.	•••	***	275
							Total	•••	49,427

The loans have been made by the Collector on my recommendation. Before approving a loan, I examined the papers which the applicant could bring to prove his title, generally either revenue receipts, or deeds of conveyance, or both. I then took a registered bond for the debt. In some cases I insisted on ryots being paid before me, there being some doubt as to whether the money might otherwise be misapplied. There will certainly be a difficulty in recovering many of the loans by the ordinary method, but I hope that some summary way of realising them will be adopted. The ryots showed that the money actually reached them by their eagerness to get their zemindars to take this form of Government assistance. The abuses of which I have heard are such as must necessarily be expected under the system, that some zemindars lent only to the better class of ryots (whose security is tolerable); that they gave most to villages where there were disputes with co-sharers in which the ryots' assistance was required; that they would not help unionist (vidrobi) ryots, and so forth. All these complaints may be very true, and yet a great deal of relief has been afforded by the advances.

During the last week loans have been given in Government grain at the rate of Rs. 3-5-4 per maund. These disbursements have been made exactly in the same manner as those of cash, that is, on the Collector's order after I had approved the loan and taken a registered bond. The only difference is that in the end I gave an order on a rice golah instead of on the treasury. I have given such orders for 1,097 mannds.

E .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Charitable relief is given in Ullapara and Raigunge thanas to all persons who, on the inspection of their residences by the superintendents and their assistants, are found destitute and unfit for road work. The inspecting officer gives such persons tickets, entitling the holder to receive a dole of 6 seers rice and 2 seers dál, fortnightly, with half that allowance for children. If the ticket-holder is capable of in-door work, a certain task of jute-twisting and cotton-spinning is assigned. Yesterday I received a return of the number of tickets issued. It is as follows:—

		Total		16,361
Laboring tickets	 {	Jute Thread	1,790	4,224
Gratuitous ticket	 {	Adults Children Cotton	3,701 8,636 2,351	12,837

The recipients of these tickets are nearly all women who in ordinary times live by husking rice, or on charity, their children, and the sick. The cultivators have not received this form of relief.

The first point which strikes us on seeing these figures are that they are very large. It must not, however, be supposed that all the 16,561 are at one time in actual receipt of the dole. The cutting of the kaon crop has taken many off the lists; others have found employment since they were first admitted as ticket-holders; others have ceased to attend on finding that work would be exacted from them. The number of persons drawing rice on tickets at Ullapore during the fortnight was equal to 5,147 adults (counting 2 children as an adult); that relieved at Raigunge according to the consumption of rice, was 2,170, making in all 7,317. Supposing half of these to be children, we would have 10,966 persons receiving the dole. I am trying to convert the gratuitous tickets into laboring tickets wherever I can.

In Serajgunge and Shazadpore thanas there is no system of house-to-house visitation, or of village relief, but cooked-food is given to the destitute. This is also done at the other thanas pending inquiry. The average number fed daily at our annochatras, according to our

returns, was 1,357. The Belbuchi return has not been received.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE WEEK.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Purchase of rice	(2,500 mau	nds remains	to be paid for)		35,577	8	6
Chanderkona roa		•••			459	4	9
Harial track	•••				150	0	0
Tatulia ,,					30	0	0
Cholla khal			•••		30	0	0
Dassika "					30	0	0
Gaitae track	•••	•••			160	0	0
Shazadpore track		•••	***		30	0	0
Karjury ,,			•••		30	0	0
Rajapore annoch	atras	•••	•••	***	50	0	0
Shazadpore ,,		•••	•••	***	50	0	0
Jamtoil "			***		190	13	9
Chanderkona "		***	•••	***	50	0	0.
Ullapara relief su				***	1,000	0	0
Cotton for Raigu	nge relief s	tation		***	136	8	0
Establishment	•••	Maria de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de l	***		- 11	10	8
Expense for prin		tickets	***	***	14	8	0
Khodalis purchas					273	7	3
Conveyance charg			000 maunds of	rice		1157	
supplied by M		r	•••		1,251	2	0
Loans given in c	ash		14. 8.00	***	6,860	0	0
1 2016	a Ayla		Total		46,384	14	11

Remarks by Magistrate.

The improvement mentioned by Mr. Nolan is cause for satisfaction. The great and sudden rise of the rivers at Serajgunge about a fortnight ago caused considerable anxiety for the fate of the kaon and rice in the low-lying lands. Fortunately the damage done has been but

of the kaon and rice in the low-lying lands. Fortunately the damage done has been but trifling, and the river having again subsided, the general prospect appears much improved.

I am forced to remark again on the great disproportion between the numbers gratuitously relieved and those on relief works. The difference is much greater than in any district in the division, though it certainly cannot be said that the distress in Serajgunge is as severe as yet as in parts of Dinagepore and Rungpore. Mr. Nolan's attention will be called to this, and more discrimination recommended.

PUBNA. The 16th June 1874. W. V. G. TAYLOR. Magistrate.

No. 1275, dated Dinagepore, the 22nd June 1874.

From—W. Lef. Robinson, Esq., Relief Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, To—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit the following narrative for the past fortnight.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. There is certainly a scarcity of supply of rice in the local markets, and in fact there is scarcely any rice to be had except from the Government stores, and it is evident that there cannot be much grain held locally, or the market would not be at 7 seers for the rupee,

with the prospect of a very good bhadoi crop.

- 3. There has been plenty of rain during the fortnight, at times very heavy, and the rivers are all rising; the condition of the people is pretty good. No known cases of starvation have been brought to notice. In the northern portion of Dinagepore there were some grainrobberies about a fortnight ago, but the district superintendant went out to inquire into them personally, and ascertained that the people engaged in them were not suffering from actual want, but were bad characters who preferred plunder to working. A good circle officer (Mr. Scanlan), has been placed in charge of Thakoorgaon, and grain has been sent up to that part of the country both from Dinagepore and Raneesankoil, and I don't think there is any cause for uneasiness about that part of the country
 - 4. From Maldah, Rungpore and Bogra, the accounts are also good.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

5. These are being gradually closed, as the ground is now so saturated as to prevent much work being done. Laborers are everywhere paid in grain, and large numbers are returning to cultivate their fields, after taking advances of grain either from their zemindars or direct from Government stores

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

6. This may be said to be over, except as regards keeping up the supplies at subsidiary golahs from the main golahs, and this is easily done by boats now that the rivers have risen. Some rice on its way by cart from Nowgaon to Hillee was, I am sorry to say, damaged by heavy rain on the road, but I have not yet received an account of the amount actually rendered useless.

D .- STORAGE OF GRAIN.

7. This has been completed, though changes of stock have to be made from one place to another. Captain Conolly has finished his inspection reports on Rungpore and Bogra golahs, which are on the whole satisfactory. The district officers have been requested to see that attention is paid to the recommendations for petty alterations and improvements suggested by Captain Conolly. I think the stock of grain which we have in the country will be sufficient to meet all demands if the seasons progress favorably.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

8. Advances of grain are now being made very largely to ryots and laborers hitherto employed on relief-works to enable them to attend to their cultivation; in one circle alone in Dinagepore, viz., Putnitola, over 28,000 maunds have been thus advanced, and the circle officer assures me in reply to a letter on the subject which I wrote, that these advances have not been

assures me in reply to a letter on the subject which I wroce, that these advances have not been made indiscriminately, but that proper enquiry has been made in all cases before advancing.

9. The total amount of Government grain expended under all the different heads up to my latest dates of information, is in Dinagepore 3,20,550 maunds, and in Rungpore 1,06,536 maunds. I have received no returns from Bogra or Maldah, later than those given in the district officers' last narrative. There has been considerably more actually expended in Dinagepore, because the date at the latest golah is 19th June for Dinagepore itself; the others are for 15th, 16th and 17th June only, and the Dinagepore golah alone is now giving out rice at two thousand maunds a day.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

10. This has been going on throughout the four districts under me; the group system is working satisfactorily wherever it has been introduced, and as work on roads is stopped, the expenditure under the head of charitable relief is likely to increase very considerably.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS. 11. The financial results are given in the district officers' narrative.

No. 525T, dated Burdwan, the 17th June 1874.

From-C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit in original the fortnightly narratives which have been received up to date from the district officers, for the fortnight ending Monday the 15th instant.

Hooghly.-The report for Hooghly is again generally favorable. There has been a rise of half a seer in the rupee in the price of rice, but on the other hand, the rainfall has been well diffused over the district, and though not heavy, is "universally stated to be sufficient for the present wants of the crops." The Collector observes: "Fortunately the health of the district is better than it has been since 1860." A native officer reports— "whereas two annas of the people were formerly sick with fever, now only one anna is afflicted." The Collector adds: "what distress exists is primarily due to fever rather than scarcity;" and again "at the great bathing festival of the Juggernath car at Serampore, it is said that every one appeared to be quite happy, and to be spending money as usual."

3. The daily number of persons employed on relief works of different sorts is returned

as 4,539, against 4,972 of the previous fortnight.

4. The exports of rice and other grains by the East Indian Railway were above 20,000 maunds, but they are apparently merely exports of grain passing through the district from the east. The imports of Government grain have exceeded 2,000 maunds, and the Collector has applied for a further supply.

5. The daily number of persons receiving charitable relief was as follows:-

		Previous fortnight.		Present fortnight.
Men		 626	 	761
Women		 1,878	 	2,101
Children		 1,180	 	1,181
		-		-
	Total	 3,884	 ***	4,043

6. The Collector has not attempted to give the separate chapter of the details of relief as required by the Government Circular order No. 3216 of 19th May, as he cannot yet obtain them from the 151 sub-committees who are at work in the district. He will be reminded to submit it.

7. Beerbhoom.—The report of the Collector is again more assuring, and notwithstanding some increase in pauperism, he is of opinion that the state of the country is decidedly improving. The unnatural outbreak of dacoity seems to have ceased, as the Collector reports that only two grain robberies occurred during the fortnight.

8. The average daily number of persons employed on relief works as shewn in state-

ment C, was 10,484 during the present fortnight, against 10,374 of the previous fortnight.

9. The local exports of rice had amounted to 8,672½ maunds, against imports of 7,218 maunds of Government grain, of which 3,872 maunds had been consumed up to date as shown in the Appendix Return II. Further supplies of Government grain have been applied for.

10. The daily number of persons receiving charitable relief during the fortnight is given as 10,913, against 9,803 of the previous fortnight. The Collector has omitted to send the return required by Government Circular order 3216 of 19th May, which he submitted in

Appendix 5 of his last report, and he will be called on to supply it.

11. Bankoora.—The Collector's report is generally hopeful, and there has been a fall in the price of coarse rice. There have been partial showers throughout the district, and the weather has been as favorable as possible for cultivation, except in one very small tract.

12. I would invite attention to the Collector's remarks in paragraphs 4 and 5 on the subject of advances to cultivators, and the popular appreciation of advances of Government grain. From the tabular statement it seems that the Collector had advanced 390 maunds to ryots, but he has not explained on what security these advances were made. In paragraph 14 he states that advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,277 have been sanctioned, and further

14 he states that advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,27 have been sanctioned, and further applications are under inquiry; a special report will be called for on the subject.

13. The daily number of laborers employed was 3,823 during the current fortnight, against 3,188 of the previous fortnight. The Collector calculates that about 8,400 persons were also employed by private individuals on works executed from tuccavee advances.

14. The Collector has given the details required by the Government Circular order of 19th May, under the head of "charitable relief." The daily average totals appear to be—

			Total	 14,446
Class D	•••			 865
Class C		•••	•••	 3,609
Class B		100 000		 9,972

- 15. Burdwan.+The Collector has, as usual, submitted an abstract of the sub-divisional reports, with some more than usually incisive comments of his own, to which I would invite special attention. There is no doubt much truth in the Collector's remark that "the people have a fixed idea that the Government must relieve them all gratuitously, and entirely on their own terms, if they only cry out long enough and loud enough." And when a Government officer is thus brought in contact with the expression of this feeling, he naturally seeks to protect the interests of Government, and of the charitable public against imposition. The Collector has fordbly described the scenes presented at the local food depots, in terms which ought to satisfy my one that he is well acquainted with the wretched objects who are there gathered together, representing the still surviving, but incurable sufferers from epidemic fever; the most horrible victims of leprosy, and the well-feigned anguish of the professional beggars. The Lieutenant-Governor has seen such people collected at Kanoo and at Gulsee, and the district relief officer assures me, that the specimens of distress at Gulsee may be considered to le as bad as, or worse than, what is to be found anywhere else in the district, and I see no riason to doult this from what has come under my own observation. A special report is under preparation regarding the village at the Beddial railway station, which has been the subject of the comments of a newspaper correspondence.
- 16. The Collector his quoted the remarks recorded by the Civil Surgeon, Dr. French, who had been on his angual visit of inspection to Cutwa last week, before any special orders arrived on the subject of Cutwa and Bood-bood. It will be seen that his description of the people is generally favorable, and that fever appears to him to have been the real cause of emaciation. But on the other hand, the Collector's remarks shew that distress is increasing in parts of Cutwa while the Civil Surgeon could not visit, and five additional food depots have been opened durin'the fortnight in Cutwa, and advances of Government grain have been made there to the amount of 675 maunds, whilst the applications for advances have amounted to 74,012 amunds, out of which applications for 38,130 maunds have been rejected, and application for 31,207 maunds are pending (see Collector's statement No. 4). If grain has to be sentin large quantities to Cutwa, it will be best to send it by river direct by a Government steaer, and a special application will be made on this subject.
- 17. The rainfa has been heavy and general throughout almost the whole district, and it has rained ery day since the 14th, and it is still raining to-day (17th). The Collector has given 'table of the rainfall, but I have obtained a later report from the Civil Surgeon up to the 16th instant, which shews 16:30 inches, instead of 14:78, as the total rainfall up 'yesterday, of the current year. It would be difficult to see the country more favably situated than it now is as regards the prospects of rice growing. The immerable patches of seedling rice shew that there was no lack of seed-rice in the country, and everything goes well, there ought to be an excellent crop this year. From my old expense of Bengal, I am satisfied that the burra bursat have really begun, although native onion seems to be rather to the contrary.
- 18. The stement of relief works shews a daily average attendance of 11,028 laborers against 14,178 dring, the previous fortnight. In addition to these, nearly 5,000 persons were employed Cutwa in collecting gooting and kunkur to metal the road to Cutwa, which is at present also impassable for wheeled carriages during the rains.
- 19. The elector states that the exports of grain were 9,431 maunds, against imports of 7,673 maun of Government grain. The statement No. 2 of Government grain shews an import of cy 4,082 maunds, of which 2,083 maunds were consumed during the fortnight. An explanati/will be called for.
- 20. Use the head of Advances to private persons, the Collector notices the reluctance of the people give any sort of security for one another. The Collector proposed to reduce the joint sective to a number of not less than six persons collectively, and I sanctioned this, and have exhally reported it. But with reference to paragraph 6 of Government orders No. 428T. of 12th instant, I have now authorised the Collector at once to make advances of grain in all quantities to individual ryots who declare that they are really reduced to perilous sta from want of food, provided the local charitable sub-committee certifies that this grae. Each applicant, on these terms, is to be required to engage for repayment of the amat advanced to him within two years.
- 21. tatement No. 5 shews the daily average number of the recipients of charitable relief as 651, against 14,551 of the previous fortnight, and of this number 3,200 were fed at the case of His Highness the Maharajah of Burdwan. But to the total of 13,651 there must be ded 1,731 persons as entered in statement required by the Government Circular Order | 3216 of 19th May, so that the total daily number relieved is 15,382 during the fortnig
- $_{\rm 2}$ The narratives for Midnapore and Howrah will be forwarded as soon as they are $_{\rm r}{\rm v}^{\rm ved}.$
- I beg that as soon as the district narratives are printed, three copies may be sent to this ce, and three copies to each district direct.

No. 149, dated Hooghly, the 15th June 1874.

From-F. H. Pellew, Esq., Offg. Collector of Hooghly, To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 18th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. There is no scarcity of grains in the bazars of the district. As a report had been 2. Inere is no scarcity of grains in the bazars of the district. As a report had been received of scarcity of rice in the bazars of than Kristonuggur on the south-west of the district, the sub-divisional officer at my request visited the thana last week. He reports that the statement is groundless; that there is plenty of rice in the market, and that the Damoodur having now become navigable, supplies are available by boat from every direction.

3. Kind and price of grain selling at certain specified marts-

					-		10.7	The State State of the Local State of the St	-	-	
1		2		3		4		5	1	6	
		QUARTITY PER RÖPEE BY THE SEER O. 80 TOLAHS.									
Names of principal marts.	Wheat.		Barley.		Rice, best.		Ree, common.		Gram.		
	Present return.	Past. return.	Present return.	Past. return.	Present return.	Past. return.	Presnt retun.	Past. return.	Present return.	Past. return.	
Setting	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	
Baboogunge in Hooghly Chinsurah, Khuroo Bazar Balore Jinkrapontahgunge Serampore Chunditallah Bydabatty Bhudressur	13 13 13 12 13 12	13 13 13 12 13 12	16 174 15	16 171 15	9 to 9\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	9 to 10 9 10 9 10 9 10 8 8½ 9½., 0 8 0	114tol 11412 11212 1213 1213 1213 120 130 11213	12 to 12½ 13 ,, 12½ 12 ,, 12½ 12 ,, 12½ 12½,, 13 12 ,, 13 12 ,, 0 12½,, 0 12 ,, 12½	13 to	13 to 134 13 ,, 134 13 ,, 134 134 ,, 14 13 ,, 14 12 ,, 0 13 ,, 0	

From this it is clear that the price of rice has risen half a seer in le northern part of the district, following a similar rise in the south recorded in last rept. A rise has also occurred at Bhadressur.

occurred at Bhadressur.

4. Information as to the kind and price of rice in the hands of zemdars, traders, &c.—
Same as in previous reports. The markets in thana Ballagurh are upplied principally from Cutwa and Culna by boat and bullock-cart. Those of Pandod from Calcutta, Muggrah and Culna. Those of Dhunyakhally from Silamabad, those Huripal from Bydabatty, and those of Kristonuggur from Ampta.

5. Rainfall if any.—It rained during the fortnight in all the than of the district.

At the following places measurements were made :-

							Hooghly.	Serampore.	Dhunyakha	Chunditola.
2nd J	une	 					 	1.16		
3rd	"	 					 			-07
4th	**	 ·				4	 		.02	1:00
6th	,,	 				***	 		.02	'55
0th		 					 *80	-27		281.500
2th	,,	 					 *85		. 50	
5th		 	.,.	***			 .01	+	*****	1.2
				Total	***		 1.16	1.43	.80	1:62

The rain, though not heavy, is universally stated to be sufficient. Early rillate rice The rain, though not heavy, is university search to be studied in the moodur seedlings, and jute, are being put into the ground as rapidly as possible. The moodur rose from a volume of 2,000 cubic feet per second to over 30,000 cubic feet, and length rose from a votation of the sand dam constructed across it for the purpose of forcing a supplier good water into the Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty rivers, as previously reported by me ibparate water into the Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty rivers, as previously reported by me is parate correspondence. The dam was not carried away, however, till the work for which was constructed was fully carried out, as the Executive Engineer reports that the tess and hollows on the banks of the Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty have been filled with Doodur water, so that "there will be no further dearth of water." Much use was made of twater whilst its supply lasted, for irrigation, as well as for drinking purposes.

6. A small crop of til has been got in, which the unusual January and Februarians enabled the ryots to sow. The spring crops of rice, boro dhan, and joli dhan, haveen harvested in the few places in the district (excluding Howrah) in which they were plad; the late rains have revived the sugarcane. In some places, where from want of water artificial irrigation, this crop had died, the ryots are replacing it with early rice (acus.)

7. Early rice sowings are being rapidly made over an unusually large area. Jute is being planted, but less than usual. The seedlings of late rice are sprouting, and are 5 or 6 inches high in places. The alternate showers and sunshine are very favorable for the rice crop, though later on heavier rain will be required.

8. A fair crop of mangoes was obtained and is being disposed of by the ryots at 76 to

the rupee.

13.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

 As prices rise, and the organisation of charitable relief becomes more complete and searching, the number of paupers obtaining relief from the committees' funds increases, but I do not consider that there is any serious increase in the number of paupers. The relief I do not consider that there is any serious increase in the number of paupers. The relief officer states that, as a rule, the cultivating classes can maintain themselves. Speaking of villages in than Dhunyakhally, he says: "The cultivators, though under heavy pressure, are not yet in actual want." The Mahomedan cultivators appear to be worst off. To some of these advances for cultivation will be made, though, as a rule, they will get sufficient assistance from zemindars or mahajuns. Fortunately the health of the district is better than it has been since 1860,—the Dhunyakhally sub-inspector writes that "whereas two annas of the people were formerly sick with fever, now only one anna is afflicted." What distress exists is wineyily due to favor rather than scarity.

is primarily due to fever rather than scarcity.

10. At the Snan-jatra or bathing festival at Serampore, the crowd was said to be somewhat less than usual, but it is reported that "the state of the poorer classes assembled did not appear at all bad, and their condition did not denote that there was any distress or starvation in the country; every one appeared to be quite happy, and to be spending money as usual."

GRAIN-THEFTS.

Two cases of grain-theft have been reported, one in Huripal and the other in 11. Pandooah. The thieves could not be traced.

CONDITION OF SPECIAL TRACTS.

12. There is no tract here which can as yet be said to be in a specially distressed condition.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

36						
Name of road.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	REMARKS.
Hooghly Sub-division.	1					
Tribany to Gooptiparah road	15	To be had from the nearest market.	Pair	Paid at annas 3-3 per 100 cubic feet of earth-work, re- ceiving annas 2 as khorakee, and their accounts are settled twice in the week.	Partly by the con- tractors, and partly by Public Works Depart- ment.	The coolies all local.
Pandooah to Culna road	50	Ditto	Do	Ditto, and for breaking jhamma at annas 8 per 100 cubic feet.	Ditto	40 local, rest imported.
Mugrah to Bansbariah road	5	Ditto	Do	Paid annas 0-3-3 per 100 cubic feet.	By contract	All local.
Tarakeshur road Dhunyakhally road, metalling	8 360	Ditto Ditto	Do Do	Ditto Generally all works done by task labor at certain rates. Coolies get annas 2 daily, khoorakee; carters annas 5.		Ditto. About 66 men living in the Pandooah thana, and 20 local. The rest from Burdwan and Beerbhoom.
Shagunge and Tribany	8	Ditto	Do	At annas 3-3 per day per head.	Ditto	Local.
Tribany bridge	10	Ditto	Do	Masons and car- penters are work- ing; they are paid at task work.	Ditto	Ditto.
Bhastora to Gooroop	14	Ditto	Do	3 annas to 3-6 per 100 per cubic feet.	Ditto	Partly laborers partly cultivators; all local, under Baboo Joggessur Singh,
Dhunyakhaily to Bhastora Mahanad to Gopikantpore	35 144	Ditto Ditto	Do	Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto	Ditto under ditto. Ditto under Revd. Juggo-
Moolye to Jamgram	17	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	dish Bhattacharjee. Partly laboring classes and partly cultivatore; all local.
Koolasparah to Nashindencer Dakchart o Ballaghur Mhenyau to Chapta Sandan Sanda	39 6 61 111 83 8 50 10 109 119 12	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto Heart	Ditto ditto.
Dwarbasinee to Kanarye	18	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Works. Ditto	Ditto.
Total	1,202					12 1 May 19 2 1

Name of road.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Rémares.
Serampore Sub-division.		Marie Anna	A CONTRACTOR			
Branch Grand Trunk Road	12	Coolies pur- chasing from Bazar.	Fair	Rs. 6-8 per month; one rupee advance taken weekly by each man as kho- rakee.		All imported men are working; no local cooles can be had for this work.
Sheakhalla road	112	Ditto	Do	At annas 8-8 per head daily, taking 2 annas as khora- kee, breaking jhama at annas 8	Contractor	47 local, rest not local.
Boldyabatty feeder-road	58	Ditto	Do	per 100 cubic feet. At ditto	Partly contractor, and partly De- partment Public Works.	25 local, rest imported.
Old Benares road	54	Ditto	Do	Brick clampers taking at Rs. 40 per lakh advance, daily coolies at anuas 3-3, &c.	Ditto	About 30 men local, and the rest imported.
Connuggore and Jonye road	10	Ditto	Do	An advance of Re. 1 each, or 2 annas per day for each, is usually given.	Contractors	So many coolies have gone to cultivation, that the number required for the works cannot be got.
Kalipore road	15	Ditto	Do	Men paid 4 annas.	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
Harida to Baksa	148	Ditto	Do	women 3-6, 3 annas to 3‡ annas per 100 cubic	Ditto	All local, under Baboo Chunder Kanto Mookerjee.
Jonye to Baraset	63	Ditto	Do	feet. Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
Derghango to Doorgrampore	24	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	All local, under Baboo Sharai
Bora to Nussibpore	51	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	Chunder Banerjea. All local, under Baboo Aunooroop Chunder Mook- eriea.
Jonye to Bora	13	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
Total	540				1	
Grand total	1,742					

^{14.} The Collector of Howrah will give the Howrah works separately.

15. The following laborers were employed daily on tanks in the municipalities, towns, and unions:-

			Total.
Hooghly and	d Chinsurah	 	 570
Serampore		 	 203
Ootterparah	works completed	 ***	
Kotrung		 	 40
Bydabatty		 ***	 210
Ballagurh		 	 140
Gooptiparah		 ***	 90
Muggrah		 	 48
			-
		Total	 1,301

16. Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, Irrigation Department, the following work is in progress:—

Thana.	Name of work.	Daily average No. of coolies during the fortnight.	Condition,
Bydabatty	Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty Canal.	108	Good.
	Ordinary Embankment repairs	about 27	Do.

REMARKS.—The dry tanks along the Surrosutty have been filled with Damoodar water. Water flowing abundantly down the Kana Nuddee to the Surrosutty until the morning of the 6th, when the dam of sand across the Kana Nuddee at Gopalnuggere was carried away. Chiefly local people have gone to work in their fields.

^{17.} The returns of work on 36 tanks, which are being dug or improved from tuccavee advances, have been received. These show a daily average number of 1,361 coolies employed, of whom 254 are local. 9 (nine) tanks of the above are nearly completed. Besides this, 194 coolies, of whom 40 are local, are employed in excavating the Ghea Nuddee by two remindars from private means, as a relief work.

18. I give here a comparative statement of the number of coolies employed on relief works as shown in the last and in the present report:—

				Last report.	Present rep
		Sudder sub-division	*,* *	1,125	1,202
chairman of i	road cess.	Serampore sub-division		310*	540
		Total		1,435	1,742
		Hooghly and Chinsurah		545	570
Municipalities,	towns,	Serampore		213	203
and unions.		Ootterparah		15	0
		Towns and Unions		664	528
		Total	,	1,437	1,30!
		gineer, Northern Drainage	e and		
Embankme	nt Divisi	on		278	135
Employed on w	orks exec	uted from tuccavee advance	es	1,822	1,361

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

19. The following is an abstract of the Railway traffic return for the fortnight ending 6th June 1874:—

Up-Outward.

		Under	R 150 MILES.	Over	150 miles.	OVER 300 MILES.	1	OTAL.
Statio	on.	Rice.	Other food- grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Rice,	Other food grains,
Serampore Chandernagore Hooghly Muggrah Pandooah	 Total	 139	1,096	6,521 571 5,249	6,254	14,38	7,959 710 5,249	1,306 6,254 7,560

Down-Inward.

*			Under	150 miles.	Over	150 MILES.	T	OTAL.
Statio	n.		Rice.	Other food- grains.	Rice.	Other food- grains.	Rice.	Other food grains,
Serampore Chandernagore Hooghly Muggrah Pandooah		::	48 140	133	442	.880	48 442 	1,013
	Total						630	1,017

Up-Inward.

			UNDER	150 MILES.	OVER	150 MILES.	Т	OTAL.
Sta	Station.		Rice.	Other food- grains.	Rice.	Other food- grains.	Rice.	Other food.
Serampore Chandernagore Hooghly Muggrah Pandooah	:		849 443		184		849 627	
	Total						1,476	

There was no down-outward traffic.

D .- STORAGE OF GRAIN AT GOVERNMENT RELIEF WORKS.

20. Arrangements have been made for the storage of grain at the relief works in progress. The grain will be stored partly in borrowed, and partly in hired premises. In some cases contractors will take over the grain and store it themselves. There is good accommodation for grain in pucca buildings at Hooghly and Serampore. The amount of grain received is shown below.

Receipt of Government Grain.-Despatch of the 29th May 1874. From Howrah.

				Rece	ived.
Muggrah Hooghly Pandooah Serampore	 	Bags 135 580 135 530	Maunds. 103 442 103 407	Bags. 135 580 135 530	Maunds. 101-10 435 101-10 400-6
	,)	Total	1,055		1,037-26
Despatch of the S	3rd June 1	874. From H	owrah.		
Muggrah Hooghly Pandooah Serampore		50 218 50 0	101 441 101 440	50 218 50 0	100 436 100 0*
21 FW		6	1,083		
21. The amount Serampore Hooghly Pandooah	sent out i	s from :—		 :.:	587 543 101-10
				Total	1,231-10

22. I have applied separately for further supplies before the rains make the roads heavy:—

E.-Advances to Private Parties.

23.	Advances for grain as already reported Advances to Municipalities Advances under the Tuccavee Act up to date	of last narrat	 ive	18,000 Nil 36,561	
	During the fortnight	ht—			
	Ramgopaul Bhuttacharjee		300		
	Narian Sen		150		
	Koomud Chundra Mookerjee		250		
	Sreemunto Mookerjee and another in two case	es	300		
				1,000	
		Total		37,561	

24. The advances given in the fortnight were in cases which had been long pending owing to delay in producing title deeds, or failure of consent of all parties concerned, &c., and in which the work were commenced and making satisfactory progress in anticipation of receipt of the tuccavee advance.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

25. Number of committees as yet appointed-

		Total		153
Sub-committees	***	- Transfer (1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		151
Sub-divisional committee	***	The second second	***	1
District Committee	•••	•••	***	1

Number of work-houses, or centres for distribution of food and charitable relief.

26. I have organised 9 centres in the moffusil for distribution of rice on production of tickets—others are in course of organisation. Besides 7 serais for the use of travellers.

	Men			 	761
10.02° (10.62)	Women	***			2,101
March Harp	Children	***	***	 	1,181

These figures include relief under heads B., C., and D. The sub-committees' reports do not yet show the relief given under each head separately.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

28. The disbursements to Executive Engineer and others during the fortnight were as follow:-

				*		Rs.	A.	P.
	To Executive Engineer					N	Vil	
7	Fo Zemindars, road cess co	mmittees,	and ot	ners		N	Vil	
1	For tuccavee advances					1,000	0	(
7	The local subscription to the	e relief c	ommit	tee realise	ed up	-		
	to the date of last name	rative				7,025	15	(
]	During the fortnight					125	0	(
	Government contribution					170	0	(
				Total		7,320	15	-
TL - C	allowing sums hore been no							
rne i	ollowing sums have been re	eceived from	n the (Central C	ommit	tee:-		
ine i	Previous to fortnight		n the (Sentral C		tee :—	6,0	000
rne i							6,0	
ine i	Previous to fortnight							
ine i	Previous to fortnight							00
	Previous to fortnight	 					6,0	00
	Previous to fortnight During the fortnight	 					6,0	000
	Previous to fortnight During the fortnight tisbursements are as follows	···			Total	 Rs.	6,0 12,0 A.)0()0(
	Previous to fortnight During the fortnight	···			Total		6,0 12,0 A.)000)000 F
	Previous to fortnight During the fortnight lisbursements are as follows Up to date of last narr	3:—			Total	Rs. 10,307 3,439	A. 14 4)000 F
	Previous to fortnight During the fortnight lisbursements are as follows Up to date of last narr	3:—			Total	Rs. 10,307	6,0 12,0 A. 14)000)000 F

No. 266, dated Soory, the 15th June 1874.

From—R. D. Hime, Esq., Offg. Collector of Beerbhoom, To—The Commissioner of Revenue, Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit my district narrative for the fortnight ending 13th June.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Notwithstanding some increase in pauperism, I believe the view expressed in my last narrative to have been correct, and that the state of the country is decidedly improving; I attribute the increase in pauperism, not to an increase of the existing distress, but to an increase in the number of relief-houses, and to the natural tendency of charity to attract its objects. I hear now no complaints of scarcity of rice, and from the continued exportation, and applications made to me to compel holders to open their stores, I judge that there are still considerable stocks in the country. The weather is very favorable to all agricultural operations, and the prospects of the early harvest good. Unfortunately a report seems to have got about, spread I believe by the petty mooktears who obtain fees for writing out petitions and subsequent imaginary services, that Government is about to make advances to all cultivators, and my office is consequently daily swamped by a flood of stout, burly, clamorous fellows, armed each with a shabby scrap of paper in which his modest requirements are set forth, generally Rs. 25. These folk shew no signs of privation, and I believe the same report would produce a like rush in the most prosperous year. Cholera and small-pox are abating. No death from starvation has been reported; and the relief agency continues to work successfully. Two grain robberies occurred during the fortnight. Prices are given in Appendix I. During the fortnight 31 emigrants to Natal, and 6 to Cachar, all of low-caste, were registered.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

No new relief works have been opened during the fortnight. The number of laborers employed on district works of all kinds is given in form C.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

Exportation continues, 8,672½ maunds of rice having been exported during the fortnight under review against 7,024½ maunds of the preceding fortnight. 7,213 maunds, 35 seers of Government grain have been received, and are in process of storage and transport; 900 maunds baving been allotted to the police for the support of chowkeydars, and the remainder, 5,313 maunds, 35 seers, to charity and advances to zemindars under concession G.

D .- STORAGE OF GRAIN.

Of the 7,213 maunds 35 seers received, 3,746 maunds 38 seers are partly in process of transport to different centres and police stations, partly already stored at those destinations; 3,439 maunds 35 seers are safely stored at Surool and Bulpore, and 27 maunds 2 seers at Cynthia—vide Appendix return II.

E.-Advances to Private Parties

Are shewn in Appendix return III. No advances under concession G have yet been made owing to a difficulty about the rates, which has been made the subject of a separate reference.

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Fide Appendix, return IV. Since last report one new relief-house has been opened at Ganotia silk factory, under the supervision of Mr. Jones, manager of that concern. The expenditure up to date is Rs. 24,050-14-4.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Up to date Rs. 61,365 have been drawn from the treasury on certificates granted under Act XXVI of 1871; Rs. 66,659 have been placed to credit of the Executive Engineer for relief works; Rs. 6,500 have been advanced to Messrs. Farquharson and Campbell of Ilambazar; Rs. 2,504-2 to Mr. Jones of Gonotia; Rs. 750 to Baboo Kishoree Mohun Roy of Naguri; and Rs. 75 to the Munduls of Kuliara, for the construction of roads chargeable to relief; Rs. 1,154-6-6 have been expended on the excavation of the Rajah's tank, and Rs. 4,615-8 placed to credit of the charitable relief fund on account of the Government subscription.

Prices-current of Food-grains and Salt in the District of Beerbhoom for the week ending Saturday the 13th June 1874.

1		91	76	60						10	-	9			-		SAN .	00
						QUA	QUANTITIES	PER	RUPEE 1	BY THE 8	SEER OF	F 80 TOLAHS	HS.					
	W	VHEAT.	_	BARLEY.		RICE,	BEST SORT.	II.	RICE,	COMMON.	_	GRAM	4	FI	FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.
DISTRICT.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	of last year. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Corresponding return	of first year.	Present return. Next preceding	Corresponding return to last year.	Present return.	Noxt preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
	8. Ch.	S. Ch. S.	Ch. S. C	Ch. S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch. S	S. Ch. S	S. Ch. S.	Ch. S.	Ch. S.	Ch. 8. Ch.	s. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Gory (Sudder Station)	13 0	13 0 16	8 15	0 15 0	19 0	10 0	0 01	18 0	12 0 1	13 0 21	0 11	8 13	0 22 8	9.00	0 013		8 0	0 8
ynthia	15 0	15 0 18	0 8		*****	11 4	11 4	20 0	12 10 1	12 10 23	0 16	0 16	0 26 0	į	:	,	80	oc oc
urandarpore	13 0	13 0 18	8 8 15	0	:	10 0	10 01	20 0	12 0	12 0 25	0 13	0 13	0 27 0				so so	90
uttehpore		-	-		:	-		0 21	12 12	12 12 26	0 15	0 15	0 29 0	280 0	0 085	280 0	80	80
dolepore	13 0	12 0 19	0 0		-	11 0	0 11	20 0	12 0	12 0 24	0 14	8 13	8 26 0	400 0	400 0	0 001	10 0	10 0
Ocobrajpore	13 8	13 0 17	0		-	12 0	12 0	18 0	13 0	12 8 20	0 13	0 13	0 23 0	280 0	280 0	:	0 6	0 6
	13 0	14 0 41	9 8			11 4	0 11	0 65	13 4	13 4 90	0 15	0 16	0 08 10	280 0	0 085		*	4 8
Crimabar	14 0	14 0 24	0 9	:		15 0	13 0	98 0	13 0	13 0 80	0 18	0 18	0 28 0	-			8 12	8 13
kajnagore	12 8	12 8 18	12	:		11 \$	0 11	17 8	13 4	12 0 20	0 13	12 13	0 22 0	:			0 8	8
Sarwan	15 0	15 4 23	8 16	8 91 8	0 55	10 8	10 4	18 8	11 13	11 8 27	91 0	91 0	0 80 0	269 0	9 695 60 0	380 0	7 13	7 13
Versige	13 9	13 8 19	11 15	8 15 12	8 08	11 0	10 15	30 3	15 7	12 6 24	11 11	9 14	9 26 10	390 0	900 0	820 0	8	90

C.

Beerbhoom during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 6th June 1874. District of Works in the Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public

		Deor to digital of road	-uə				-	-			-	-	-		How long work is	BRMARKS
	111111	11 13	K	мошем	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children,	Total	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	likely to give employment.	To page
	1 1 1 1 1 1	11 12	188	102	i	290	13	r	:	50	14	60	-	17	f month.	All are employed at piece-work and
	1 1 1 1 1	12	425	48	:	467	30	00	:	33	88	:	1	39	ditto.	receipt of full wages except about 600 on the Hambazar-Doolersjpore road on daily
	1 1 1 1		267	90	*****	275	19	:	:	19	19	:	:	19	ditto.	wages of one anna for each adult and half anna for each child, of whom no separate
	1 1 1	13	261	31		293	18	69	:	50	19	:		19	ditto.	return is given by the gentlemen in charge of works.
	1 1	00	2,992	503	:	3,495	213	32	*****	248	253	38	:	262	ditto.	
	:	00	247	-	:	247	17	1		17	14	:	7111	14	ditto.	
		1	517	326	:	873	36	22	:	61	98	15	:	8	ditto.	
	:	:	2.6	86	:	135	9	93	:	90	:	1	:	:	ditto.	
	:	10	1,177	1,203		2,380	8.8	88		169	98	22	:	163	1 week.	
	:	30	13,965	9,954		610,62	888	1112		1,644	1,027	780	:	1,807	3 weeks.	
:	;	10	12,878	7,858	2,183	22,419	884	199	155	1,600	1,281	202	86	1,586	ditto.	
:	:	6	8,929	1,685	-	10,614	637	120		757	740	135	:	875	ditto.	
	:	13	4,493	2,100	-	6,598	390	150	:	470	898	538		\$09	ditto.	
:	:	48	3,680	:	00	3,663	146	-	:	261	282	:	- !	282	ditto.	
:	:	90	17,177	2,082	1	19,259	1,226	148		1,374	1,263	69	:	1,332	ditto.	
:	:	10	15,880	:	-	15,880	1,133	-	:	1,133	1,076	-		1,076	ditto.	10.
:	:	00	1,310	848	101	2,054	93	\$	-	145	237	40	-	588	1 month.	
:	:	œ	13,264	9,196	5,458	916,72	947	656	389	1,992	858	746	414	2,089	2 months.	
:	:	4	1,979	1,397	761	4,137	141	88	99	294	125	23	83	201	1 week.	Rate of wages paid for full work-
:	7		1,473	1,600	:	3,078	105	114	:	618	86	105	1	208	2 weeks.	To each man 2 0
Total number employed	1		98,779	88,796	8,504	67,079	7,116	2,763	902	10,484	7,799	2,492	545	10,833		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Ra. 14,734-10-6.
		1111 1	11111	09 00 00 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	8 1,308 4 1,579 1,473	8 1,376 645 101 8 13,264 5,196 5,469 4 1,579 1,397 761 1,473 1,490	8 1,310 645 101 2,044 8 13,754 9,196 5,450 27,316 4 1,579 1,390 701 4,337 1,473 1,490 3,673 69179 35,798 8,264 147,079	8 1,370 645 101 2,024 8 13,724 9,106 5,400 27,916 4 1,079 1,397 701 4,337 1,473 1,400 3,073 69,779 38,798 8,504 147,079	8 1,379 665 101 2,064 95 8 13,264 9,196 5,406 87,310 917 4 1,079 1,597 761 4,337 141 1,473 1,690 3,674 147,791 69,779 85,788 8,464 147,779 7,116	8 1,376 645 701 2,064 95 45 75 89 8 11,376 5,190 5,40 87,916 947 650 889 4 1,979 1,390 5,40 87,716 4,177 181 190 5,40 84,717 181 190 5,40 84,717 181 190 84,718	8 1,376 645 701 2,064 95 45 75 89 8 11,376 5,190 5,40 87,916 947 650 889 4 1,979 1,390 5,40 87,716 4,177 181 190 5,40 84,717 181 190 5,40 84,717 181 190 84,718	8 1,376 645 701 2,024 93 45 7 145 8 15,376 5,196 5,459 27,316 947 659 389 1,092 4 1,579 1,397 701 4,377 181 99 54 204 1,473 1,490 5,073 109 114 219 99,779 38,789 8,264 147,079 7,119 2,755 905 10,484 1	8 13,764 645 101 2,064 95 45 77 145 277 8 13,704 9,196 5,466 27,716 947 656 389 1,002 829 4 1,079 1,587 761 4,127 144 59 64 27,10 9,10 1,587 761 4,127 144 59 64 27,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10	5 1,370 665 191 2,064 67 45 77 145 227 40 4 1,579 1,387 761 4,377 116 650 389 1,992 699 746 4 1,579 1,897 761 4,377 116 69 66 389 1,992 699 746 4 1,579 1,587 761 4,377 116 97 660 389 1,992 899 166 6 1,579 1,897 761 4,377 116 2,779 690 10,464 7,779 2,482	8 13,76 645 110 2,024 85 45 7 144 57 440 7 254 40 7 254 10 2,000 10,000	8 15,784 9,186 2,186 2,187 987 45 7 145 27 40 7 284 1 months. 4 1,579 1,387 7 16 4,387 111 29 64 28 1792 29 740 414 2,189 2 months. 4 1,579 1,887 7 18 4,387 111 29 64 284 125 58 29 29 7 29 29 1 week. 4 1,579 1,889 2,180 2,181 29 29 119 29 29 119 29 29 20 1 week. 1,477 1,889 2,189 1,877 1,118 2,759 60 10,484 7,799 2,482 642 10,533

APPENDIX, RETURN II.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the district of Beerbhoom for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

1 .- Name of circle, Beerbhoom.

2.- Date for which figures are given, 1st to 13th June.

.—Total allotment of Government grain, 1,000 maunds per week; total received up to date, 7,213 maunds and 35 seers.

 Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts, 7,213 maunds and 35 seers.

Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.

5.—By sale to the public or to laborers, none.

6.—By gratuitous distribution in any shape, 3,872 maunds disposed of to charitable committee.

7.-By advances to ryots, none.

8.-By payments in kind to laborers, none.

9.—Total, 3,872 maunds.

·10.—Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight, 2,000 maunds.

11.—Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight, 5,000 maunds in charitable distribution, advances to proprietors under concession G, support of chowkeydars under special orders of Government, and sale to laborers on relief works.

APPENDIX, TABLE III.

Statement showing the number of Applications under the Land Improvement Act XXVI of 1871, up to 13th June 1874.

						Amount. Rs.
Number	of application	s registere	d		683	 2,82,823
Ditto	ditto	disposed	of		681	 2,82,373
Ditto	ditto	granted			231	 72,580
Ditto	ditto	refused		***	450	 2,09,793
Ditto	ditto	pending			2	 450
Ditto	of certificates	drawn			180	 61,365

APPENDIX, STATEMENT IV.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the District of Beerbhoom for the fortnight
ending 13th June 1874.

that is a second to the second		
Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed	10	
Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered	20	
Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special		
officers	12	
Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters, zemindars, and other residents	11	
Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food		
and gratuitous relief	21	
Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of		
gratuitous relief in any shape, through the charitable relief		
organisation, daily	10,913	

Remarks.—Of the total number of the recipients of charitable relief, 1,903 are cottonspinners, 532 weavers, the former receiving advances of money and cotton, the latter of money and thread; and 628 are employed in light labor on village tanks and roads, leaving 7.850 in receipt of purely gratuitous relief.

R. D. HIME,

Officiating Collector.

No. 469, dated Bankoora, the 15th June 1874.

From-W. R. LARMINIE, Esc., Offg. Collector of Bankoora, To-The Commissisoner for the Division of Burdwan.

I have the honor to submit my report for the fortnight ending 15th June.

2. State of the Country.—The supply of grain is reported sufficient. Prices generally have not altered much, but coarse rice fell considerably during last week, as I have already

reported especially to you. It has again risen slightly, but not to its former standard. The

different rates are	Brit		3010														
	1	lice,	best	sort.	Rice	, com	mon.		When			Barl	ey.		Gi	ram.	
		M	. S.	C.	M	. S.	C. 1	M	. S.	C.	1	M. S	. C.	. '	M	L. S	. C.
Bankoora		0	10	10		12	8	0	12	8		0 21	0		0	13	4
						Coars 14	8 .										
Bishenpore		0	11	0	0	13	8	0	13	0		24	0		0	13	8
Chatua		0	12	8	0	13	O	0	13	8		17	8		0	13	8
Oudah		0	11	0	0	13	0	0	13	0		22	0		0	14	* 0
Gungajulghatty		0	11	8	0	12	0	()	13	0	(18	0		0	14	0
Burjorah		0	12	8	0	1,3	8	0	15	0					0	13	8

There have been partial showers all over the district, and the weather has been as favorable as possible for cultivation, except in a very small tract between Mejia and Saltora, where there has not yet been sufficient rain. The acus seedlings are in some places now a foot above ground, and it is stated that seed has already been sown for the amun crop.

4. Mahajuns and others still continue to make advances, but chiefly to the well-to-do ryots. I am glad to say I have succeeded in inducing a good many to advance, who at first hesitated about doing so. On the other hand, several landlords expressed themselves plainly to the effect that they would not advance themselves, and would prefer that no one else did, as they hoped thus to get rid of the small Mokuridars. Others offered advances on condition that the ryots gave up certain pertions of their hereditary rights. This line of conduction I consider an attempt to take undue advantage of hard times, and have invariably in such cases given advances on the security of the tenure. Speaking generally, whenever ryots apply to me for aid, I put myself in communication with the persons who usually supply their needs, and try to induce them to take advances in order to assist those who

require assistance. If they refuse, I deal directly with the applicants.

5. Our special enquiries fully confirm my opinion, long since expressed, that advances would be required, and no form of relief has done, or is doing more real and permanent good. One fact tends to show that they are really required. Advances are given in Government grain of a sort called atali, having been husked without being boiled. The people here boil their paddy, sometimes twice, before husking, and very much prefer this (which is called siddho), to the atali. Yet except that one hears a slight grumble, they accept the Government grain

freely.

Distress is increasing amongst the middle and higher classes, but is met everywhere. No serious grain-theft has been reported, nor have there been any cases of starvation.

Relief works.—There has been an increase of about 600 in the number employed. This is chiefly due to the decrease in the number employed on works for which tuceavee advances had been given, and partly to the increased strictness which some of the subcommittees are showing in rejecting persons who are able to do a full day's work from the light labor list. The increase is chiefly to be noticed in the Bankoora and Taldangrai, and Maliara and Burjorah roads. The Executive Engineer reports that some of the laborers on the Moheshna road, who are paid by piece-work, work half the day on the road, and the other half at their own fields

9. I have been able to procure returns in 136 out of 171 works, for which advances In these about 6,700 persons are daily employed. The total were made to private parties.

number thus calculated would be about 8,400.

Transport of food .- Both important imports and exports are reported as having diminished.

 Storage of Government grain.—The accompanying statement will shew what has been done. Part of the last consignment of 1,000 maunds of grain received at Raneegunge had not arrived at the different golahs when their accounts were forwarded. The grain is being very satisfactorily diposed of, and I am taking special care that those who are getting advances in grain should not fail to be supplied. If I have not sufficient to meet the whole grant at once, 25 per cent. is allowed until the store of grain is replenished.

12. There is some difficulty just now in procuring carts, as so many bullocks are employed in ploughing, and except in cases of great emergency no pressure should be put

upon owners to supply carriage.

13. Advances to private parties—Advances under the Land Improvement Act have been completed, a total sum of Rs. 52,134 having been granted.

14. Advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,277 have been sanctioned by myself at

14. Advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,277 have been sanctioned by myself at disposed of within a few days. The special relief officer is entirely occupied with this work in pergunnah Moheshra, and is doing it with care and thoroughness.

15. Charitable Relief.—I have again to report an increase in the total number receiving gratuitious relief. This is partly due to the opening of some new relief centres, but chiefly to the great increase at head-quarters. This is the more strange, when one knows that no relief centre is more thoroughly supervised. I have myself during the last week, day after day, spent hours in eliminating those who are able to work, and every man, woman, and whild has passed before me in review: but I can safely say that those now receiving alms are child has passed before me in review; but I can safely say that those now receiving alms are quite unable to do anything towards supporting themselves. The only reason I can give for this sudden increase here is, that private charity has entirely ceased, partly because the usual e donors are now themselves in distress, and partly because many, seeing Government so willing to supply the needy, feel themselves freed from the obligation to assist.

- 16. The number brought under class d, is I think larger than it ought to be, but it is very difficult to make the necessary distinction between the different classes. No one is admitted into this class except on the written order of a member of the district committee, but I fear that in some instances benevolence out-runs discretion.
- 17. I may here mention, that the census papers of Bankoora at least, although giving total populations with tolerable accurary, are perfectly untrustworthy in details of occupations &c. as I could shew very easily. It seems, therefore, hardly safe to draw any definite conclusions regarding the actual number of beggars in the district. From my own observations I would estimate it at a much higher figure than that shown in the census returns.
- 18. The accompanying statement gives detailed information as to the nature and extent of relief given.

Statement of Charitable Relief.

- 1. One Central Committee.
- 2. Twenty-five sub-committees.
- 3. Twenty-eight
- 4. None.
- 5. Twenty-eight

Statement showing average daily number relieved during the fortnight.

CLASS B.

		OL/	100 1).			
	At	erage.				Average.
Moheshra-			Burjora			644
Mejia *	(370	Oudah			289
Saltora		578	Taldangra			197
Kustholia	4	171	Koorpa			72
Pahra		176	Harmasra			238
Tiluri		327	Bishenpore			1,034
Bakulia		161	Joypore			221
Gogra	5	232	Telishire			183
Doleon		41	Koniamari	4,4.5		124
Doloon III		-3,456	Amdangra			166
Bankoora		1,413	Dholeoni			210
Chatua		280	Makra			176
Arrah		546	Chooamosua			121
Techorea		392	Godardihi) T		
Gungajulghatty		210	Meliara	Just	opene	1.
or amball and many			1			
				m ı		0.080
				Total	***	9,972
					-	-
			CLASS D. RESP.	ECTABLE N	IEN IN	DISTRESS
CLASS C. LI	GHT WOR	K.		INING RE		
Tank work		718	Men			250
TT 1:		551	Women			311
TIT		2,202	Children			304
0	***	138	Omna on			001
Spinning		100				
Total		3,609		Total		865
Louis	***	0,000		20000		
			,			

Financial results of the Charitable Relief Fund.

	Heading B		Head	Heading C.			Heading D.			Total.		
	Rs.	A	. P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount expended up to the end of previous fortnight	8 051	9	10	6,703	0	0	50	0	0	14,804	9	10
Ditto this fortnight												
Total	9,108	4	4	11,401	7	0	150	0	0	20,659	11	4

Gungajulghati

Mejia ... Saltorah

are given. Total alloiment of Government grain of Government grain of Government grain alloiment of Government grain transferred to chen districted to chen districted to chen districted to the planeir or to plan		1	ccount of C	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	'n			
re given. al allotme of control	-	1	8	of B.	ito i	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.									
		4	Date for which figurate given.	er	Total quantity of grastored, exclusive grain transferred other districts.	sale to a ublic or aborers.	grat istribu ny sha	By advance to ryots.	payments ind to labors.	Total.	ted gra pts of th mg for	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing formight			

BANKOORA DISTRICT.

324 23 8

2.654 6 2

Statement of Labor.

NT.		Name of	Work	DESCR	Total.				
No.		, value of			Men.	Women.	Children.		
1	Bankoora and Sonamoo	khy Road				. 16	5		21
2	Ditto to Roghoonat					12	4		16
3	Ditto to Beersingpo		111			13	_ 5		18
4	Station roads					25	. 15	3	4.9
5	Bishenpore to Namchur	a (Jeypor				62	32	5	. 99
6	Raneegunge and Midna					132	63	6	201
7	Ondah and Taldangra B		. (2.10.1			71	50	15	136
8	Gungajulghati to Saltor			111		136	119	14	269
9	Moraloo and Mijia Road					319	135	19	473
10	Municipal work in Bank			***		48	20		68
11	Ditto in Bish					35	22		57
12	Digging tank at Jeypor					75	80	3	158
13	Durlabpore to Mulliara		***			174	146	9	329
14	Malliara to Burjora					185	73	7	265
15	Mejia to Malliarah					207	136	12	355
16	Taldangra Road	***		***		382	209	20	61
17	Judpore Road			***		198	131	16	340
18	Moheshra Road	***	***		***	239	105	16	360
			Total			*****			3,824

BANKOORA COLLECTORATE,

The 15th June 1874.

W. R. LARMINIE,

256 27 0

183 20 4

1,660 27 1 390 4 4 90 17 2 2,241 8 7 4,000 6 0 4,000

Offg. Collector.

No. 508F.R., dated Burdwan, the 15th June 1874. From—E. H. Whinfield, Esq., Offg. Collector of Burdwan, To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the Narrative for the fortnight ending to-day.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of rice at Raneegunge has been much the same as before; that some 5,811 mannds of rice have been imported from the south-east (by rail, and from Midnapore and elsewhere, whereof 1,354 maunds were re-exported by rail; that 2,700 maunds of kalai have been imported; that some Government rice has been imported for Bankoora, and simultaneously a good deal of rice has arrived by the Bankoora road for export by rail; that prices are a little higher, ranging at Raneegunge from Rs 3-10 a maund, best rice (Ramsal), to Rs. 3-2-6 a maund, coarse rice (Midnapore Sali); that prices at Syamdihi in the interior of Assensole thana are about the same, but a little higher at Assensole itself; that the rainfall at Raneegunge itself has been only 45 inch, but more plentiful in the interior; that the paddy sowings are almost finished, except in the immediate neighbourhood of Raneegunge itself; that there is much difference of opinion as to whether the rains have really set in; that last year the rains did not begin till the 10th July and yet ceased in the third week of September, at which time the probabilities were that the crop would be a full one; that no considerable change has taken place in the condition of the people; that there is no starvation and no distress amongst the cultivators as a class; that no emigrants have been registered; and that cholera is abating; which goes to show that the exciting cause of this disease this year was the badness of the water-supply.

The Bood-bood Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of rice in the interior is deficient; that prices are higher; that rain fell on the 3rd, 8th, and 12th; that the sowings of tora (aous) paddy on the banks of the Damoodar are finished, and the seedlings have risen to a considerable height; that the sowing of amun paddy is still going on; that vegetables are doing well, and are cheap; that the other standing crops are til, indigo, and sugarcane; that cholera and small-pox have abated since the late rain; and that a group of villages round Lowa, which is four miles distant from the existing food depôts at Bood-bood, at Potenah, and at

Malla Sharool, require additional provision for their relief.

During the fortnight, I have been through the northern part of the Bood-bood subdivision, visiting and inspecting the paupers at the Bhatcomda, the Amerpore, the Raninaggur, and the Bhedia food depôts. I passed through Hedogorea as well, but the food depôt at that place had just been moved to Mowkora. The numbers of persons fed daily at each of these depôts range from 250 to 450. Many of the paupers certainly look very wretched objects, as indeed might be expected, for in these depôts we have gathered together so as to be seen at one view all the misery of the neighbourhood. The eye is at once caught by the anamic clammy faces of the sufferers from chronic fever, by the maimed and scarred limbs and colorless faces of the lepers (who abound here), by the swollen legs of those suffering from elephantiasis, by the wretched looks of the old women, and by the studiedly miserable appearance of the professional beggers. After the first glance at these assemblages, one is inclined to come to the conclusion that the distress is most severe, and so doub less it is; but it is not the distress of starvation, but the distress of chronic disease, of leprosy, of old age. When I proceeded to single out the most miserable objects, and question them, I found that in almost every instance they had been fed at the depôts daily for considerable periods. The fact is that no amount of feeding will improve the looks of the unfortunate lepers, chronic fever patients, and old women who are collected in these food depôts. But it is very noticeable that the children (who constitute more than one-half of the numbers fed at these places), as a rule, with few exceptions, look very well. We have two road works going on in this neighbourhood, viz., that from Bhedia to Baisdoho near Senssaharee, and that from Mancoor to join the Paneeghur and Ilambazar road near the Adjai, and as these roads pass mostly over the laterite, we shall be enabled to carry on work on them for some time longer. The two roads and the agricultural work now going on would seem to be sufficient to furnish employment for all who are disposed to work. As for the cultivators, it is true they furnish employment for all who are disposed to work. crowd round Government officers declaring that they have no seed-grain, no bullocks, and no rice to eat, and indeed in some villages all, from the Baboo to the beggar, affirm and asseverate that no rice is to be had at any price. This, no doubt, would be a very alarming state of things, if one believed it. But every test applied seems to show that these asseverations cannot be believed. In the first place, just the same asseverations were made to me when I visited this neighbourhood in March last. In the second place, though I offered to advance the applicants sums of money, varying from Rs. 100 to 250, to buy seed-grain on condition of their executing joint security bonds to repay the advance at the end of 1875, as provided in His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's minute of 20th April last, they haggled about the terms and in no instance as yet have they come forward to take the money; in the third place, when the subject of the paddy sowings was broached, not of course by direct questions, but circuitously, it appeared that sowings were going on and in point of fact I saw the paddy plants well above the ground in several places; lastly, when asked whether any deaths had occurred from starvation, I invariably got the answer given in the tones of one making an unpleasant admission that no one had died from starvation, though it was added deaths would have occurred had it not been for the "hotels," as they call the food depôts. The fixed idea amongst all these people seems to be that the Government must relieve them all gratuitously and entirely on their own terms, if they only cry out long and loud enough, and every visit of inspection paid to each village intensifies this belief.

The Cutwa Sub-divisional Officer states that prices continue much the same as before; that when the Government rice was stored at Cutwa the price of rice at once fell, the bunniahs being under the impression that it was to be s-ld to, the public, and this checked importation from the interior where better prices were obtainable; that prices returned to their former level on its becoming known that the Government rice was only to be used for relief purposes; that the importation of paddy has slackened; that seed-grain is easily procurable; that rain has fallen in Cutwa and Ketugram thanas; that the early paddy and sugarcane are growing fairly, and the amun seedlings have been sown in nurseries; that distress is most severe in the north and north-west of Thana Ketugram, i.e., on the north of the Adjai; that the activity in litigation and easy realization of rent decrees noticed in the last report do not prove that there is no distress because many substantial and well-to-dopersons withheld their payments of rent this year on the plea of the scarcity, and it is these persons who are now paying so easily the sums decreed; that notwithstanding this, distress is now spreading to the upper classes, and large numbers of persons flock to the office neglecting their cultivation in order to obtain advances; that it was only the people of Boharan who refused to work on the roads, but in all other places the people are anxious

to have road works commenced in the vicinity of their villages.

Dr. French has visited Cutwa during the fortnight, and inspected the paupers collected at the Cutwa Food Depôt, and the following are his remarks thereon.

" Cutwa, 11th June 1874.

[&]quot;Food Relief.—Being on inspection duty in this sub-division, I visited the food relief depot this evening. I saw about 300 people fed, the majority of whom consisted of women

and children. I saw some lepers and others debilitated by disease, but I did not find a single one whose attenuated frame could be set down to starvation. Many, in fact most of the children, were plump and very healthy looking. I saw some who had recently come from a long distance to be fed at the depôt, but they bore no signs of having suffered from starvation. Fever appears to me to have been the skeleton-producing cause. Those individuals who were receiving gratuitous relief, were fit subjects for charity. All the others produced a small yellow ticket showing that they were employed on relief works. The food consisted of 8 chittacks of rice, 1 chittack of dal, and 2 chittacks of vegetables per head. Owing to the large number of children this quantity per adult is sufficient, as the children do not eat more than half of their allowance, and the other half goes to the adults. If in any depôt there are very few or no children, I do not consider 8 chittacks per head sufficient.

"The food was well cooked, and I heard no complaints.

"The chief relief work is the excavation of a tank. Each workman or woman gets one cowree per basket of earth in addition to the daily diet; others collect kunkur which is saleable in the place. The working of the depôt is satisfactory."

Regarding the Sudder Sub-division, the District Superintendent of Police reports that the supply of rice is abundant in all the six thanas; that the price of good rice varies from 10 pucca seers per rupee in Burdwan thana to 12½ pucca seers per rupee in Indoss, and the price of coarse rice from 13 seers to 15 seers in Indoss; that the stocks in hand are considerable; that the recent rain has done much good; that there is some distress, but no deaths from starvation have occurred, and no thefts of grain except in Sahebgunge.

As reported in the last Narrative, distress appears to be making its appearance in Khondghose south of the Damoodar, and some food depôts have been set going in that neighbourhood to relieve it. There is nothing new to report of Sahebgunge.

The Culna Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of Dohonagra, Rashi, Rakum, Nona, and Bada rice in the bazars is abundant; that prices vary from Rs. 3-6 to 3-4 a mannd; that the stocks in hand are believed to be considerable; that 3-58 inches of rain fell in the fortnight; that the prospects of the crops are favorable; that agricultural work is going on actively; that the importation of rice and paddy has slackened, and hence prices have risen two annas a mannd; that the poorer classes are distressed; that cholera and small-pox still linger on here and there; that no death from starvation has hitherto come to notice, and no paddy thefts have occurred.

The Jehanabad Sub-divisional Officer says that the rainfall has been copious and general; that sowings are being carried on actively; that the standing sugarcane is doing well; that the supply of rice in the bazars is abundant; that prices continue about the same; that stocks are by no means exhausted, but are withheld from the markets in the hope of higher prices; that seed-grain is everywhere abundant, and sells at 22 seers per rupee; that there has been no change in the condition of the people; that there is no cholera; that no deaths from starvation, cases of misery, or grain thefts have occurred; that the number of beggars is increasing, but alms are harder to obtain—beggars who used to collect 2½ seers of rice a day, now getting only 8 chittacks or so.

The chief event of the fortnight has been the heavy and general rainfall, and most people seem to think that the rainy season has set in. If this really is so, it perhaps forms a ground for apprehension that the rains may cease too soon. The following table shows the average monthly rainfall in the first six months of the last ten years compared with actual monthly rainfall in the present year:—

	Month.			Average rainfall in last ten years.	Rainfall in 1874.
January	 			0 30	1.32
February	 			0.59	3.91
March	 			1.20	1.98
April	 			2.90	1.69
May	 			4.67	3.72
June	 			9.55	2.16 (up to 14th June.)
		Total		19:21	14.78

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

3. These are shown in Statement No. I. Earth-work must of course soon be stopped in the allavial portion of the district, but turfing and metalling will continue to afford work for some time to come; and in the laterite portion of the district (Ranegunge and part of Boodbood) road works may continue to be carried on for a considerable time. The survey and acquisition of the land required for the Doorgapore and Kuldiha road in Ranegunge are progressing. I saw the works on two of the Boodbood roads during the fortnight, and they appeared to be progressing satisfactorily, and no complaints were made by the coolies. The number of coolies employed on the Cutwa roads has decreased owing to completion of two roads, and the occupation given by cultivation. Nearly 5,000 persons are employed in Cutwa in collecting ghooting and kunkur with which it is proposed to metal the Burdwan and Cutwa road during the rains.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD

4. During the first week in June, beyond which returns have not been received, 9,431 maunds were exported by rail from the district, and 7,673 maunds imported. The importations to Barrakur appear to have come to an end. The Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer says there was great difficulty in getting carts to convey the Government rice to Bankoora. and also in getting boats for the Manbhoom rice. The import of rice into Bood-bood from Bankoora and Midnapore has been checked by the rise of the Damoodar.

D .- STORAGE OF GRAIN.

5. Up to date about 4,000 maunds of Government grain have been received, of this 2,000 maunds have been stored in one of the Railway Bungalows at Khanoo, where the Station Master, Mr. Perkins, has rendered great assistance. About 1,200 maunds have been sent to Cutwa, and the remainder has been sent to Borobelloon, Narigram, Kistonuggur, and elsewhere, for supply of food depôts and advances. The rice appears to be of good quality, but imperfectly husked. The statement of storage and consumption (No. II) required by Government letter No. 3369-S.R., dated 26th ultimo, accompanies.

E -ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PERSONS.

6. Statements III and IV show the advances to private persons under the Land Improvement Act, and to land owners and ryots in grain or for purchase of grain. The utmost unwillingness to give joint bonds for repayment of these advances continues to be shown, and I have in my No. 214,* dated 6th June current,

Your reply thereto has just reached me. E. W.

in the way.

recommended that some concession should be made of the nature indicated in my last Narrative. To cite one instance, 45 maunds of grain were sent out to Borobelloon in compliance with most urgent applications, but when the rice was there the ryots flatly refused to execute a joint security bond for it, and there it lies. Of the numerous applicants for advances, who present themselves day after day in my cutcherry, a large proportion turn away at once when they hear of this condition as to joint security, and many more who assent to it on the spur of the moment are found to have altered their minds when an officer goes to their village to make the necessary arrangements, as their need is not so pressing as to induce them to agree to this unpalatable arrangement. Under the discretion allowed me in Government letter No. 3369-S.R, dated 26th ultimo, I have authorized the Cutwa and Bood-bood Deputy Collectors to make advances of cash at the rate of Rs 100 to 200 per village for the purchase of seed-grain. At present prices these sums will buy from 200 to 400 maunds of seed paddy. and as it takes only six seers to sow a beegha, these amounts would form very handsome "grants-in-aid" of the seed-grain at present procurable in the villages. But no advances have vet been made under this arrangement, the difficulty as to joint security still standing

E .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

7. The particulars of the charitable relief now being given, and the expenditure thereon are shown in Statements V and VI. There is nothing new to report except that one or two new food depôts have been opened in the Sudder sub-division during the fortnight, and that under a recent resolution of the District Relief Committee, clothes have been distributed to the paupers. Persons of a superior class are relieved by doles of uncooked rice from the food depots, and by advances for spinning, weaving, husking paddy. A large quantity of the coarse cloth woven under these arrangements has been used for distribution to the paupers. Relief in cash has also been given in many cases. Arrangements are in progress for buying Rs. 1,000 worth of seed-grain for gratuitous distribution to chowkidars and others who have no property to pledge as security for advance.

The special Statement VII of relief given to respectable persons required by Govern-

ment letter No. 3216-S.R., dated the 19th May 1874, is annexed.

Statement showing progress of works in the Burdwan District for the Fortnight ending 13th

Algeria espesa Avenue	WORK D	ONE IN CUE	IC FEET.	Average daily num-		
Names of roads.	Up to 30th May 1874.	During the fortnight.	Total up to date.	her of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.
Guina road Assensole to Domohane road Bankoora road Bundwan to Sooree road Kuriona to Sadoorahedabad road Old Benares road Road-bankoo dan told benares road Road-bankoo dan told bankoo d	2,825,000 1,055,000 1,258,300 1,258,300 600,000 8,113,500 8,113,500 1,00	50.000 005,000 100,000 530.887 131,750 431,000 1,284,600 1,284,600 1,284,600 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	2,825,000 1,495,000 1,585,000 1,586,000 65,400 65,400 65,400 65,700 65,400 65,400 65,400 65,400 65,400 7,400 1,500	200 552 548 508 620 371 200 1,557 553 509 944 1,039 201 200 200	Rs. A. P. Es. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 5. 0 0 per kutcha md. 17 seers per rupee. 3 6 0 0 per kutcha md. 17 seers per rupee. 3 6 0 0 per pucea md. 5 6 0 0 per pucea md. 5 6 0 0 per pucea md. 13 seers per rupee. 13 seers per rupee. 13 filto. 17 ditto. 17 ditto. 17 ditto. 14 ditts. 14 ditts.

Look party of the	WORK 1	ONE IN CU	BIC FEET.	Average daily num-		
Names of roads.	Up to 30th May 1874.	During the fortnight.	Total up to date.	ber of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.
In charge of Bood-bood Sub- divisional Officer.					State of the state	100
Dignugger to Gulsee Mancoor to Omerpore, vid Bhat-	868,450 583,475	671,300	868,450 1,254,775	509	2 0 0 per 1,000 cubic feet.	14 scers per rupee.
Dignugger to Gulsee vid Bhat- comda. 11 tank in Pattroshore	499,197 43,268	167,910	667,107 48,268	425	0 1 8	13 ditto.
In charge of Culna Sub-divisional	40,200					
Opicers	44 915		44,215	,		
Culna and Pandoon, viá Kooltia Culna and Cutwa rond near Mirza- pore.	87,401	****	87,401	******		,
Behorhat road Sham Raipara road	100,705 2,081	*****	100,705 2,081	812		
Bagason to Khunpore	23,700 32,675	*****	23,700 32,675			
Collian to Collian pore Road north and south of Matchanga Kooroory and Singera road	Half	of whole le	neth.	29 25	0 1 6	12 seers per rupee.
In charge of Rancegunge Sub-divi- sional Officer.	feet.					
	40,775		40,775 97,478	*****		
Monglepore road	27,478 147,476	58,103	27,478 205,579	1,132	0 8 0 per 100 c. ft,	124 seers per rupee.
In charge of Jehanabad Sub-divi- sional Officer, Jehanabad Union.					12 (0.11)	
Baselebpore road	82,000 85,000		82,000 85,000 54,000			
Scopore road	54,000 81,000		81,000			
Bamponpokhur road Khottaghat road	10,000 7,000	*****	10,000 7,000		***************************************	***************************************
Strand road Chandoor road	190,000 25,000	11.998	190,000 25,000 166,040	15	0 4 0 to 0 6 0	13 seers per rupee.
Katcharee tauk	154,042 750	7,444.45	750	15	per 100 cubic feet.	101/101/11
Moonsif Baboo's Lane (Balli Union.)	750	*****	100	******		
Nootunbazar road	164,325 26,000	30,000	164.326 26,000 30,000	40	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13} seers per rupee.
(Kotulpore Union.)		00,000	0.,11		per 100 cubic feet.	
Srirampore to Julti	97,660	20,000	117,000	25	0 2 0 to 0 2 6	131 Ditto.
Ditto to Bamoonaree	97,630	5,000	102,630	10	per 100 cubic feet. 0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ Ditto.
Kotulpore Road Lukhun Bandaries road	77,000	2,000	77,000 2,000		0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	181 Ditto.
Shyambazar Union. Shyambazar and Krishtogunge road Simlapookur road	91,091 865,342	7,000	91,091 372,342	20	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	18è seers per rupee.
Krishtogunge road Gosainpookur tank	205,309 95,000	40,000	205,309 135,000	70	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet,	131 seers per rapee
Woodoyrajpore road Majpara road Poran Pal's tank to Narain Laha's	117,000 52,500	*****	117,000 52,500 122,019			manager a
	122,019		122,019			100
pore. Narain Laha's tank and khal Marain Laha's tank and khal Marain Laha's tank. Dopal Biswas' house to Narain Laha's tank.	49,953 36,643 20,728		49,953 36,643 20,728			**************************************
Laha's tank. Horidass's tank to Haldarpookur Poran Chukerbutty's Bokooltolla to	2,187 6,000		2,137 6,000			
Kartie Laha's house.	0,000				0 2 0 to 0 2 6	13½ seers per rupee.
Kalitola road		2,000	2,000	10	per 100 cubic feet.	Ditto.
Debkhund to Santipore road In charge of Cutrea Sub-divisional	220,040	20,600	240,040	***	per 100 cubic feet.	
Officer.			2,670,953}	148		
Cutwa to Bolepore, via., Billessore shyambazar road Munglecote road	2,092,038 1,588,623	578,915 300,546	1,889,169 509,834	57	0 0 0 000 00 00	
Munglecote road Ketoogram road	509,834 602,372 5,138	58,752 25,101	661,124 30,239	142 43	0 2 0 per adult male. 0 1 6 per woman.	3 12 0 per maund.
Ketoorram road	181,415 468,395	145,157	326,572 468,395	82	0 1 6 per woman.	
Bijnagore road Badshai road Balootia road	******	321,322 69,432	321,322 69,432	154 143	J	
In charge of Equitable Coal Company.				- 4	and the second	
Doobrajpore road				27	manner of the second	
In charge of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Em- bankment Division.						
Kana Naddi Works			*****	171 528	0 2 0 to 0 3 0 0 2 0 to 0 3 0	121 seers per rupee. Ditto.
Joojooty Works Edilpore Sub-division			*****	56		13 seers per rupee.
Embankment repairs	******	11,607,157	56,818,405	11,028*		

^{*} Decrease owing to completion of some works, and demand for ploughmen, &c.

Burdwan,
The 15th June 1874.

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TO DATE.	Estinated grain expenditure of the essaing fortinght.			8,000 mannels to be stored in Bood-bood, 2,000 mannels in Goeskorn, and 10,000 manuels in Burlwan, out of which tutwa will be supplied.				
NSUMED UI	Estimat	Mds.	5,000	10,000	5,000			
TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	.IstoT	Mds. Srs. Ch.	0 0 249	704 20 0	731 37 0		*	2,083 17 0
TOTAL QUANT	By payment in kind to laborers.	Mds. Srs. Ch.		,	282 11 0	:		282 11 0
	By advances to	Mds, Srs. Ch.	0 0 29	40 20 0				105 20, 0
	Hy gratuitons dis- tribution in any shape.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	683 0 0	0 0 999	449 26 0	-		1,695 26 0
nierg o odło	Total quantity of stored, exclusive grain transferred to districts.	Mds, Srs. Cb.	918 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,164 20 0			4,082 20 0
OVERTI	Total allotment of Go	Mds. Srs. Ch.	918 0 0	2,00 0 0	1,164 20 0			4,082 20 0
sa mž	Date for which fig	in contract of	7	781 ənne q	lid Ladi	one talgint	For the for	
			i	i i	y a d	1,	10.	
	CIRCLE		i		I			Total
	NAME OF CHOISE	•	Burdwan	Bood-bood	Cutwa	Baneegunge	Jebanabad	

Statement shewing the progress made in disposing of applications for advances under Act XXVI of 1871 during the Fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

	REMARKS.					iils to the amount of Ra. 68,319 have	passed by this office up to the 13th June 1874.			Total 887 8,74,187 887 8,74,187 887 8,74,187 449 8,254,497 15 5,750 470 2,39,147 298 80,140 1 710 209 80,840 100 57,290 90 61,778 11 2,546 207 64,254
E.		Amount	Re.	192	929			255	,700	1 889
RENIGH	The Area and history and a second			01						
HE FO	t.	-	Rs.	1	745		246			
RINGT	uring t				91		106 41,640 106 41,840 73 85,115 73 85,115 45 6,855 79 8,750 86,855	1		
RS DU	-		ui ui				1			
DVANC	to the of 1st une.	Amount,	R							-
Y	D B	Number.			14		6		6.	1 84
	ations ing.	.tunount.	Rs.	22,377	14,539	11,184	i	8,950	150	57.200
	Applic pend	Number.		11	80	19		138	-	102
	Total.	unomy	R4.	35,693	10,054	17,991	6,525	13,875	2,700	86,840
Detections the Design of D	Tol	Number		22	97	88	8	23	G.	269
S GRAN	g the	Amount.	Rs.	200	1	i	i	!	i	790
The state of the research of t	Durin	Number.		~	i	-	i	1	1	-
70 Todamy - 10 Tod			2,700	86,140						
	Up to	Number.		18		6.	896			
	a).	Junomk	Rs.	88,457		1,30,147				
TED.	Total.	Number		1.56 144,020 255 1,46,020 130 56,477 2 0,000 130 56,477 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 51 54,000 130 54,475 54 54,475 54	36	**				
rs RRJEC	During the fortnight.	Amount.	Re. Fig. Fig.	009	1,900	5,750				
CATIO	Durin	Number.			, 10	*	13			
AFFE	f 1st	.3momA	Rs.	86,457		18,275	,23,497			
	Up to	Number	14.7	130	S	139	2	83	30	
-	Total.	Amount.	Rs.	1,46,529	42,654	82,039	41,640	40,300	18,025	3,74,187
During the reason to Total the During the During the Total T	To	Number.		3555	163	613	105	16	2	-
NS KEUE	During the fortnight.	Amount.	Rs.	1	· i	1	1		1	
CALLO	Duri	Númber.				1				1
ALLE	Up to the end of 1st June.	ymonut	Rs.	1.65 1.64 1.65 1.64 1.65 1.64 1.65	18,025	3,74,187				
	Up end	Number.		272	163	188 44,000				
	EICE.			1		1	1		L	887 3.74,187
	NAME OF DISTRICT.									Total

Е. Н. WHINFIED,

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, The 15th June 1874.

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Statement shewing the progress made in disposing of applications for advances during the Portnight ending 15th June 1874.

	APP	LICATIO	APPLICATIONS RECEIVED.	BIVED.		1	APPL	ICATIO	APPLICATIONS REJECTED.	OLED.	Ī	1	APPLI	APPLICATIONS GRANTED.	GRAN	rab.	1	PPLICATIONS	SNOL	ADA	ANCES	ADVANCES DURING THE WEEK.	THE W	EEK.	-
0-	Up to the end of June.	W	During the week.	H	Total.	Up to t	Up to the end of June.		During the week.	Total.		Up to the end of June.		Daring the week.	the	Total		PBNDING.	re.	Up to the end of June.	-	During the week.	0	Total.	REMARKS
Number	Junomy	Number.	,тпошА	Number.	Атоппъ	Литрет.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount	Number.	Amount,	Number,	'aunomy	Number.	Junoary.	Number	Amount.	Amount	Number.	Amount.	
	Bs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Bs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	4
187	14,014	50	4,268	157	18,282	31	5,367	16	650	47	6,017	1	1	œ		90	1	102	12,265	1	7	-		- 1	
	18 2,970	16	4,205	65	6,610	-	150	-	1	m	150	-		ı.	:	:	:	8	6,460					-	
	98,9	10	2,804	22	12,693	9	1,032	-	431	1-	1,463	i			-	i	1	30	11,230		1	!	, !	- 1	
	654 57,686	88	16,326	748	74,012	000	37,930	-	200	601	38,130	80	4,400	01	27.2	10	4,675	137 81	31,207	91	400	67	575	4 675	
	5 8,400	93	900		4,300		į	01	260	41	200	-	1,000	°es	1,500	4	3,800	-	1,000		:	-	-	-	
	1,100	10	2,870	21	3,970	1	:	-	i	-	-		1		-	-	:	22	3,970		-		;	1	
848	88,159	142	81,878	882	1,19,867	658	44,479	80	1,781	808	46,260	4 '	5,400	12	2,075	17	7,478	310 64	68,132	91	000	51	102	673	

E. H. WHINFIELD,

W HINFIELD,

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,

51

Statement shewing Charitable Relief.

	Number of Committees	Number of		Number of work-houses	4	of persons in re relief.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.	atuitous	Number of	Amount spent in	
Suo-divisions.	and Sub-Committees.	opened and manned.	opened and manned by planters.	of food and gratuitous	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	others to whom advances have been made.	purchasing articles for advance or giving advance.	REMARKS.
Burdwan	District Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 59,		***************************************	14, of which 6 fever food-depôts, and 1 of Maharajah	108	361	317	783 800 1,200	136	Rs. A. P. 788 9 0	
Cultus	Total Sub-divisional Committees, 1; Sub-Committees, 30.	11	.1.1	6, of which I fever food-depot, and 1 of Maha-	100	103		2,783 1,215 1,000			716 men are working on 17 tanks and roads.
Raneegunge	Total Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 25.		1 1			. 88	: 982	2,247	:	0 0 88	41 village tanks and roads are under work.
Cutws	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 34.	-	-	13	184	. 731	849	1,768		•	Returns from the 5 food-depôts istely opened not received.
Jehanabad	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 42.			1 fever food-depôt	1		i	355	8	475 0 0	
m pood-poog	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 32.	-	. 1	28, of which 1 of Maha- {	255	1,938	2,981	4,754			•
39,392	Total District Committee 1; Subdivisional Committees 5; Sub-Committees 222,	1 .	1	*****				5,754		***************************************	
	Total			83	1,673	3,679	4,242	13,651*	217	1,983 0	* Besides 1,731 persons fed as shewn in Statement No VII.

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 15th June 1874.

E. H. WHINFIELD,

VI

Statement of the Charitable Relief Fund up to 13th June 1874.

SUB-DIVISIONS.		Local subscrealise	ription d.	Local subscription Local subscription denlined, criment.	Amount real doubled by G ernment.	ealised, y Gov. nt.	Reli	Remittance from Central or District Relief Committee.	_	Total of columns 4 and 5.	16	Expenditure.	iture.		Balance.	nce.		REMARKS
1		6		8	4		-	9		9	-	7			8			6
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs.	A. P. Bs.	-	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	P.	Rs.	A. P.	P.	Rs. A. P.	A.	-	1. 1. 1. I.
Burdwan	:	8,116	00	0 6,614 0 0	13,228 0 0 40,000	0	0 40	0 000	0	:	*	*16,388	œ	0	11,339	00	0	division is larger than elsewhere,
Raneegunge	i	1,899	0	0 0 668,1 0	3,798	0	0	:		:		7,308	90	6	1,739	1	ಣ	1st.—Rs. 4,000 have been expended
Culna	:	5,900	0	0 3,857 0 0	7,714	0	-0	:		:		3,809	4	ಣ	4,904 11	11	6	on the purchase of rice mostly used in Bood-bood.
Jehanabad	.:	1,936	0	0 1,460 8 0	2,921	0	0	•		:	_	2,548	∞	~	1,872	1	5	and Bood-bood expenditure has
Bood-bood	:	1,037	0	0 1,012 8 0	2,025	0	0	:		:		12,662 15	15	93	1,862 0	0	23	been met nom tae saader.
Cutwa	į	1,226	0	0 921 1 0	1,842	23	0	:		4	,	5,860 11	11	භ	1,231	9	6	
Total	:	-	00	20,114 8 0 15,764 1 0 31,528 2 0 40,000 0 0 71,528 2 0 48,578 8 74	31,528	03	0 40	0 000,	0 71,5	28 2	0	48,578	8	1	22,949	6	44	

E. H. WHINFIELD, ...

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 15th June 1874.

VII.

Statement of relief given to respectable persons required by Government letter No. 3261S.R., dated 19th May 1874.

		Husking.	Spinning.	Gratuitously.	Total.	REMARKS.
						- Allert, Leaven
Pollasdanga			40	100	140	
Tasoolee			45	20	65	I am a second of the second
Keshobnaggore			80	148	223	
Pottoshpore			10	20	30	1 2 2 2 2 2
Gulshee			20	100	120	
Khanno			50	70	120	
Joykissenpore		20	30	40	90	
Kolekole			20	50	70	
Eral			10	30	40	
Bhedia			147		147	
Ramnaggore			30	20	50	-
Omerpore			10	20	30	
Sonamookhi				10	10	
Jearah			10	50	60	
Hargram	1			50	50	
Shor		, , , , , ,	20	50	70	
Shibbatee		125	15		140	
Ramchunderpore	Α.	15	10		25	
Mirzapore			10		10	
Chotekhondo			15		15	The second second
D	-		12		12	The state of the s
V				122	122	1
Cutwa*		******	*****	80	80	* No statements have
			12	-		TAO Sourcements nave
Ichapore			12		12	been received. But
Total		160	596	975	1,731	than 300.

E. H. WHINFIELD, Offg. Collector.

No. 1743, dated Chota Nagpore, the 9th June 1874.

From—Colonel E. T. Dalton, c.s.l., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, To—C. Bernard, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Searcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my half-monthly narrative for the fortnight ending this day, Monday, 8th June.

- 2. The narrative of the Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebagh for the month of May last, and the half-monthly narrative of the Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom for the last fortuight of that month, are in the hands of Government, and that of the Lohardugga district and Palamow are submitted herewith; all these reports contain ample details of the operations, which I consider it unnecessary to recapitulate, district by district I will, on this occasion, give a more general view of the work done in the division and the results.
- 3. These results are on the whole very satisfactory. The intelligence from every quarter shows that the present condition of the people is quite as good as it ever is at this time of the year in the most favorable seasons, and I have every reason to hope that the arrangements made for maintaining them in that condition will prove sufficient. It is frequently remarked that the people generally, especially the children, look unusually sleek and well fed, and that a confidence has been engendered which imparts to most of them a cheerful look.
- 4. To attain this we have doubtless paid heavily, and though it is impossible on such emergencies to practise strict economy, yet I think that the roads constructed as relief works will, for the most part, prove permanently useful (though some no doubt may remain incomplete till the next dearth), and the irrigation projects will, it is expected, materially add to the food-supplies in future years.
- 5. Since my last report we have had copious rain in all the districts. So far as agricultural prospects are concerned, this has been an unalloyed benefit. The crops sown have rapidly sprung up under its fertilizing influence, and the softened ground is readily prepared for further cultivation. People are leaving the relief works by thousands, and it is expected that when the orders of Government for payment in rice are fully carried out, we shall have comparatively few left, and many of the works must be closed.

It is high time for this to take place. Wherever the daily wage system was in force, the numbers seeking this means of obtaining subsistence daily increased, till before the close of last month they had reached 62,003, excluding Singhbhoom, and the farmers were 15,000 beginning to complain that the laborers would not come to 82,009 them. I have no official returns of what has since taken place, but from demi-official letters I learn that an enormous

reduction has been effected, and I have grounds for asserting that not half the above number

are now employed.

7. The chief defection has been in Palamow, where we probably got less work from the laborers than elsewhere. All were on the daily wage system, and there was a great the laborers than elsewhere. want of good supervision. I have not yet received any report on the works executed, but I know that the proportion of women and children to adult males was excessive, and that the zemindars were of opinion that the workpeople were paid high for the return in labor which they gave. On six roads in the circle under Lieutenant Grey the reduction of rates and introduction of piece-work caused a defection which brought down the numbers from 5,980 to 980, and a letter of the 6th instant from Mr. Forbes tells me that a similar result has attended the change of system in the eastern half of the sub-division. The people leave the work in good condition, and the farmers are now ready and able to employ and feed them.

8. In paragraph 10 of my narrative for the first half of last month, I noticed the great number of people employed under Mr. Peppé, the manager on the Dhunwar Embankment. It was manifest that the work would be a most costly undertaking if carried on as Mr. Peppé was working it; he was directed to introduce piece-work gradually, and subsequently to pay in kind; the result is that he has been left with only his light-labor This, I think, will prove only a temporary desertion, and it is to be hoped so, for the

work is likely to prove of great value to the estate.

9. In Manbhoom I do not expect so great a reduction at least for some time, as out of the 15,025 laborers returned, 11,589 work under contractors, and they no doubt have always been made to give a full day's work for a full day's pay. The remainder are all on

always been made to give a full day's work for a full day's pay. The remainder are all on piece-work, except the light-labor gangs.

10. I have not yet said anything of Singhbhoom, as we have no return of the number of laborers employed in the Kolhan. It is there, however, all piece-work by families. The head of the house has a certain task allotted to him for which this year he was paid in advance. He may take his own time about its completion. Under this system very honest work is obtained. There are still large gangs of laborers employed on irrigation works in the Dhulbhoom estate, now under Court of Wards. The latest return gave 4.371. The pay is very low, being 1 anna for an adult male, 9 pies for a woman, 6 pies for a child.

If the people all forsake the works when rice is offered to them instead of pice, we shall have some difficulty in getting rid of our stock; but those who are in want, and

cannot get work on the farms, are sure to return.

12. Considering the condition and population of the two districts, Manbhoom with a million inhabitants, and Palamow with less than half a million, there has been from the first a disproportionate number of persons employed on roads, &c., in the latter district, but in the number of people who are in receipt of gratuitous relief the proportion is all the other The classes in Manbhoom who will not labor for hire have greatly increased since last famine, and I suspect will have nearly disappeared by the next. The relaxations in regard to the issue of food gratuitously will cause this. In Palamow the agricultural class The relaxations in when hard pressed, male and female, go on the roads without scruple. In Manbhoom they will do nothing, and require to be fed at home. I notice in Colonel Rowlatt's report an extract from one by Mr. R. D. Hare, informing us that he had been at pains to establish a "Bhoomij Hotel," that is a feeding place for the indigenes so called, where all the cooking was done by their own people. Now that it is ready they will not avail themselves of it.

We knew before that the Santhals had an objection to Brahmin cooks, the Bhoomij are now for the first time objecting to take the prepared food, and won't have it, no matter

by whom it is cooked.

14. Except in Manbhoom, the expenditure on relief administered through the subcommittees is very trifling, and it is probable that the Central Committee, notwithstanding the remarkably liberal offers in their circular No. 147 of the 26th ultimo, will not be asked for more money except by the committee sitting in Purulia. I doubt if the other district committees will have occasion to spend to the extent of the subscriptions locally raised.

15. The total number of persons in receipt of relief through sub-committees I cannot give, as I do not find this information in the Hazareebagh or Palamow reports. In Singh-bhoom there is no gratuitous relief; but in Manbhoom there are more thousands than there are hundreds for the rest of the division. Colonel Rowlatt gives 8,579. Judging from incidental notices in the reports, I do not think that Palamow and Hazareebagh make up 800 between them. Of the number given above for Manbhoom, 4,161 were receiving uncooked and 3,677 cooked food, and 741 assisted in other ways. I am very desirous that in all cases where it is possible, some return for what is given should be exacted; the Manbhoom report gives no statistics of such returns. Though I am aware that the principle is not overlooked there, it appears to me that this should meet with more attention than it does. Under recent orders the cooked food test is greatly relaxed, and if the relief given to persons not beggars by profession is made entirely eleemosynary, the effect must in my opinion be most demoralizing.

Pars. 15 of my letter No. 168F., of the
24th ultimo. Para. 16 of my letter No. 168F., of the of articles manufactured in-doors by the recipients, the cost

of relief came to only one pice per head per diem. In the Hazaresbagh reports recently received. I find that Mr. Tobin, Assistant Commissioner, deputed to Koderma, has a small institution of the kind. The cost of the food given was, during the period under report, Rs. 31-2. The net amount realized by sale of rope, &c., manufactured by the recipients, came to Rs. 30. I would urge all officers employed on relief operations to give their best came to Rs. 30. I would urge all officers employed on rener operations to give their scatterion to the importance of working out this principle of relief, and direct them in their next narratives to be particular in details of results obtained.

17. It is satisfactory to find that the prices of food-grain remain so steady at former quotations. They have changed very little

	-	wbagh 1	Desc.		Common plan
Hazareobagh			111		Common rice.
Chattra	***	***			
CHRITIA			11	to 12	ditto
	Lohard	ngga 1	Dist	rict.	
Ranchee	161	100	14	to 15	ditto
Daltongunge	***	***	11	to 25	ditto
Lohardugga		***	15		ditto
Palkote		***	18		ditto
Bussia			18		dirto
Tamar	***	***	16		ditto
Burway	***		17		ditto
	Manbh	oom Di	stri	ct.	
Purulia		***	14		ditto
Roghoonathpore			13	to 13	ditto
Burrabazar	***	***		144	ditto
Raipore	***	***	16	to 17	ditto
Jhalda	***	***	13	to 13	ditto
Govindpore	***	***		12	ditto
Singhbhoom	***	***	16	to 18	ditto

since the commencement of the storage of Government grain. There is no doubt that the ordinary grain dealers have been holding back for the high prices which were expected, but the relief given by loans to substantial ryots, and the knowledge that the Government grain might be otherwise thrown into the market, has convinced them that prices are not now likely to touch the famine rates of 1867, and the result is that, although now almost in the rains, the price of rice has during the last week fallen in all the districts.

18. In my last narrative I reported that some difficulty has arisen regarding the

moving of grain to the appointed depôts in Manbhoom in consequence of a bad outbreak of cholera.

- 19. The panic died away before much harm was done. The whole of the Manbhoom allotment has, I believe, reached Burrakur, and on the 6th, 18,000 maunds remained there, 57,000 maunds were stored on the banks of the Damoodur, and Captain Samuells was vigorously co-operating with Captain Grant and Lieutenant Elliot in getting it carted on Nightonay co-perainty and thence to Raghoonathpore. 59,820 maunds had been dispatched to Govindpore, Pandra, and Nirsha, and 69,633 to Juganpore and Raghoonathpore. Captain Grant hopes to have it all in its place within a week.
- 20. Colonel Rowlatt's report shows that 71,794 maunds of Government rice had been given out in loans up to close of last month to 25,766 families of substantial ryots, and as the family includes farm laborers as well as relations, this relief will probably assist five times that number of persons. Similar loans are now being made in Hazareebagh. The extra Assistant Commissioner at Pachumba reports that he has hundreds of applications to deal with.
 - 21. Advices dated 6th instant from Manbhoom show that the rain which fell last week has been most beneficial, enabling the cultivators to plough the land and sow for the early crops; cholera has abated, and the prospects of the country are generally much
 - 22. I have not yet received the Singhbhoom Deputy Commissioner's report for May. He has been absent from his sudder station and visiting the southern parts of the Kolhan and Sarunda. He reports favorably of the condition of the people, and that there are no grounds for apprehending any severe distress in any part of the Kolhan; but he adds, "all the assistance rendered, and the further assistance I propose to give, was and is absolutely the assistance rendered, and the further assistance I propose to give, was and is absolutery all fully required." He inspected the large embankment at Dwipa, which was giving employment to the people of Sarunda, and found that Rs. 1,000 had been expended on it, and that a further sum of Rs. 500 was required, which I have sanctioned. He is about, he says, to apply for sanction for some other works costing about Rs. 1,000. The inhabitants of the Kolhan got through the relief works more rapidly than was expected. Of 22 reservoirs sanctioned in the Firs through which Captain Garbett has been marching. 15 have been completed, and on 4 only is there much more to do. I expect soon to obtain from him a report on all these works.

No. 1480, dated Chota Nagpore, the 6th January 1874.

From-H. L. OLIPHANT, Esq., Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga, To-Colonel E. T. Dalton, c.s.i., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

In accordance with Government circular No. 154-S.R. of the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit herewith my report on this district for the month of April

2. The reports in regard to the Palamow sub-division are, as you are aware, submitted fortnightly through your office to Government, in pursuance of a Government order of the 1st April last, and this report relates to the remainder of the district known as Chota Nagpore proper.

A .- THE GENERAL RESULT OF THE HARVEST, THE PROSPECTS OF THE SPEING CROPS, THE EXTENT OF THE PREPARATION FOR THE EARLY RICE CROPS AND THEIR PROSPECTS.

3. It seems unneessary now to make any further remarks in regard to the first two

2. It seems under this heading, I will therefore proceed at once to the latter one.

4. The prospects of the ensuing season are at present all that could be desired, the season here may certainly be said to have opened most favorably. From the commencement of the year up to the end of May, I find that we have had a rainfall of 912 inches, against 328 inches during the corresponding period of the preceding year. Of this about 5 inches fell at the end of January and beginning of February, and 2 in March, and besides proving of immense benefit to the rubbee crops, which were then on the ground, it enabled all the cultivators to plough their lands, and make timely preparations for the ensuing season, and thus when the rain came a few days ago general sowing immediately commenced. There was a good fall of rain (about 1½ inches) on the last day of May, and upwards of half an inch on the two following days, and from all I can ascertain it appears to have been general. During the last week or so, sowing has been going on very briskly, the greater part, if not all, of the gora dhan and goondly must now have been sown, and if all goes well the latter ought to be reaped by the beginning of August. Much of the low land dhan has also been sown, and the sowing of the "ropun" will take place as soon as there is another heavy fall of rain.

B .- THE SUPPLY OF GRAIN AND THE EXTENT OF IMPORT AND EXPORT.

The markets and bazars in this district are wholly supplied from time to time by the Koles, the cultivating class, and the grain is there brought up by the traders and beparees, and carried away on pack-bullocks. This district always exports rice largely, and as the rice crop last year was on the whole a very fair one, especially as compared with neighbouring districts, the export no doubt has been larger than usual, but it is impossible to speak with

any accuracy as to the quantity exported.

6. The town of Lohardugga is the great centre of trade in this portion of the district, and from information furnished to me from there, it would appear that exportation has been going on much as usual. Upwards of 6,100 pack-bullocks carrying some 13,900 pucca maunds of rice and other food-grains, are said to have left Lohardugga during the month, for the north via the Lohardugga and Chattra road. This grain finds its way to Palamow, Hazareebagh, Sherghotty, and other places in Behar. Exportation is also going on from Ranchee, Govindpore, and other places in that part of the district, towards the east.

On the whole private trade may be said to be still very active, and from all I have been able to ascertain there are no grounds whatever for anticipating that it will fail. The stock of rice still in the district is said to be very large and quite equal to any demand which is likely to be made on it. Prices have never risen above 15 seers at Lohardugga,

they are now 16, and are not likely to rise again if prospects continue as at present.

8. Importation to Palamow from Chota Nagpore is also going on satisfactorily. From information received from Chandowa and Balomat, I find that out of the quantity of grain # referred to in my 6th paragraph nearly 5,000 maunds found its way into Palamow, and grain is also being taken there by other routes. I am also informed from Palamow, that importation is still going on from Burway Gangpore Juspore, and Scorgoonjah, in the direction of Daltongunge, Ghurowa, and other places in that direction, and that there is no likelihood of any failure of stocks.

9. With regard to importation in this part of the district there is little or none now going on except in respect to the grain which is being brought in for the purpose of exportation, and that which is passing through from the south in a northerly direction.

C .- THE RANGE OF PRICES AND GENERAL CONDITION OF PEOPLE.

10. The price of rice varies greatly in different parts of the district ; during the month it was dearest in Ranchee and Sille, where it sold at 14 pucca seers per rupee, and cheapest in the Biru pergunnah where it sold at 23 seers. Prices on the the whole have been very steady. The rate at Ranchee during the month has varied between 14 and 144 seers; at Lohardigga 40 miles west it has remained at 16 seers; at Buru 80 miles west at 17 seers; at Busia and Palkote, 50 and 60 miles to the south, at 18 seers; at Tamar and Sarjumdih to the east at 16 and 17 seers, respectively; and at Biru to the extreme south at 23 seers. Maroon is also procurable at many of the bazars at from 20 to 23 seers per rupee, and coreed at from 15 to 20.

11. The general condition of the people continues satisfactory: the season has opened well for them, and they are all now busy with their cultivation. Prices are rather high, but not so high as might have been expected, and the people generally have on the whole fared

very well.

12. In the Toree pergunnah, that is the tract bordering on Palamow and Hazareebagh, and in the Tamar pergunah, lying to the south-east of the district, the condition of the people is not so good as in the rest of the district but additional roads have been opened for all those requiring work, and the splendid crop of mohuwa flower which has fallen this year has afforded immense relief to the poor, and removed all fear of any real distress. Jungle produce generally has been very abundant this year, and the fruit of the mohuwa tree as well as that of the sal tree, both of which are used as articles of food, promise exceedingly well.

D .- IMMIGRATION.

13. There has been no immigration from any of the distressed districts as far as I have been able to ascertain.

E .- EXTENT TO WHICH LOCAL WORKS HAVE BEEN UTILIZED.

I have nothing to add to the information afforded under this head in my report, submitted on the 4th April last. The works therein referred to are all going on, and have been found sufficient. The usual annual works are also being carried out in other parts of the district.

F .- Special matters relating to the scarcity.

15. There is nothing to remark under this head except in regard to the advances made under the Land Improvement Act. Under Government order No. 1916S.R., Mr. T. F. Peppe, the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, was vested with powers to make advances in those portions of the district referred to in my 12th paragraph, and in the exercise of these powers he has made advances to the extent of Rs. 2,360, and works are being proceeded with rapidly under his supervision.

No. 420, dated Daltongunge, the 4th June 1874.

From-L. R. Forbes, Esq., Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Palamow, To-Colonel E. T. Dalton, c.s.i., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

I have the honor to submit herewith my eighth narrative of scarcity and relief in the Palamow sub-district for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 30th May 1874.

Bighth Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Palamone sub-district for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 30th May 1874, submitted in accordance with orders contained in Government Circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

A .- ABUNDANCE OR SCARCITY OF SUPPLY IN THE BAZARS.

I have nothing to add to what I stated in my last narrative under this head. There

is abundance of food in the country and the bazar's are all well supplied.

Kind and prices of grain selling at one or more specified principal marts.—The table given hama and prices of grain setting at one or more specified principal marts.—The table given below shows the kind and price of grain selling in five principal marts. It will be observed that while the price of wheat and rice has risen slightly, the price of mowha has fallen considerably. Mahajuns tell me that they do not expect rice to rise more than a seer higher than it is now :-

							QUANT	ITIES PER RU	PEE BY TH	E SEER OF	80 TOLAHS.	
	NAM	ES OF	MAR	rs.			77	Ric	e.	Mowha.	Indian-	
						Wheat.	Barley.	Wholesale.	Retail.	Mowns.	corn.	Gram.
Daltengunge						 12.86	18.	12.	11.80	47.25		15:18
Garwah				***	***	 12.94	16.87	12.36	11.36	47	16.75	15'18
Hussenabad						 13.20		10.75	9.63	40		15.18
Satherwah	***					 13.20	15.18	12.36	11:24	60.75	14'6	15.12
Manka	***	***				 13.	16.87	12-25	11.18	61		15.25

Information regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock .- I must repeat that the stock of food, particularly of rice, in the country at present is more than sufficient to meet the wants of the people for months to come; of seed grain, too, there will be plenty forthcoming, though perhaps those who do not possess it will have to purchase on harder terms than usual.

Rainfall .- For the last ten days the clouds have been driving up every afternoon, and falls of rain have taken place in various parts of the country, and though the gauge at headquarters has shown only 37 of an inch, from reports received there have been some much heavier falls elsewhere, particularly to the south, as is evidenced by the rise of the Koel river.

State of the crops.—Ploughing has commenced where rain has sufficiently moistened the soil, and a small area of millet seeds (Sawan and Gondeli) have been sown, and khatin and similar dhans have been sown in the basins of some of the reservoirs. The sugarcane crop promises splendidly.

Condition of the people.—The condition of the people is so good that previous to orders

to that effect from the Commissioner I had already ordered a reduction of one pice all round, and further the discharge from the works of all children not orphans below the age of 10 years. As to the health of the people, I can confidently assert that during the 10 years I have had charge of the sub-district, I have never known so healthy a year. There has been a good deal of small-pox reported; but this desease is always more or less prevalent, and I believe that a large proportion of what is reported as small-pox is really measles and chicken-pox.

Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.—No such cases have been reported.

Grain-thefts and robberies .- I have nothing to report under this head.

Condition of any special tract.—There is no tract the condition of which calls for special mention.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

	No.	1.	ief works in progress are— Daltongunge station roads.		No.	8.	Japla road.	
	,,	2.	Chandwa.		79	9.	Petty irrigation works	in
	**	3.	Behar.	1			Government villages.	
	**	4.	Maharajgunge.		**	10.	Baloomath road.	
	1	5.	Garwah.		22	11	Untari and Benares road.	
		6.	Untari.	.	"	12.	" and Shahabad road.	
	22	7.	Manjhiawan road.					
1			ber of laborers on each of the al	bove ac	cordin	g to 1	atest information is as follows:	
	**	4	1.40	1	TAT .	-	1 80.0	

No. 1 1.799 2,772 2.314 2,060 9 656 ... 3.848 3,691 2.214 3,984

Grand total ... 25,040

The above shows an increase of about 1,000 over the numbers exhibited last formight. For my part I am not at all surprised that numbers have risen so high, it is nothing more than what I expected. With no intermediate harvest it is hardly to be supposed that the class of people on the works could possibly be in a materially better condition now than they were earlier in the year. Had it not been for the liberal way in which the landed proprietors of the sub-district have spent their money on works of different kinds, we should have had the present large numbers long ago. The next narrative will probably show a diminution in numbers to an extent probably of considerably over one-half.

Supply of food thereat.—There are no complaints of want of food from any of the works.

Condition of the laborers—The condition of the laborers is reported to be good.

Mode of payment.—Every attempt has been made during the fortnight to push on the system of piece-work, but the matter is a very difficult one; the people here have no idea of working together and they fear being at the mercy of the moonshees. They are probably to a great extent right; a system of this kind requires immediate European superintendence. The greater mass of the people being quite unaccustomed to kodali work, are unable to dig earth in the clean even way a Kole or Dhangur or a professional Nuniah will do, and the staff of native moonshees I have are quite incapable of measuring up earth-work in any shape, and are consequently liable, even if honest, either to pay too much or too little. The people know this and are very reluctant to work in this manner. I was out on the Baloomath road myself a few days ago, where I found about 6,000 coolies working in three stations some 6 or 7 miles apart; and I introduced a system of measuring out a fixed length of road to a certain number of persons to complete during the day, if they chose to work hard and complete it even by noon they would get a full day's wages, but on the other hand no wages to be paid till it has been completed. This introduction of a task system, together

*On the 23rd there were upwards of 26,500 laborers on the works.

with the reduction of wages, has been followed up by a considerable reduction in the number of laborers.* Lieutenant Grey assisted by Mr. Ryves is busy introducing the

piece-work system within his circle, but I have not as yet heard with what result.

Rates of sages.—During the fortnight under report the wages of laborers were reduced one pice all round; but from the latest reports that have come in, the result has not been quite so great as was hoped. I shall have a different tale to tell, I trust, in my next as since the close of the fortnight all cash payments have been stopped, and wages are now being paid in rice. The rate at which rice is to be distributed is as follows: I seer kucha or 9 chittacks pucea weight per male adult, § seers kucha to a woman, and § a seer to a child; these are undoubtedly low rates, but I have adopted it for the present as a crucial test. Zemindars and others give 1§ seer of rice to a male adult or 3 seers of coarse grain, which represents pretty nearly the wages we have lately been giving in pice, viz., six Goruckpuri pice. If agricultural labor is procurable, all the people we have on the works who can get it, will prefer to return home where they can get their 1§ seers, to staying with us and getting only a seer; only the very poorest people, those absolutely without support, will probably remain a few days, but not after the agricultural season has fairly opened. I believe the employers of labor are anxiously looking for the return of the people to their villages, and as soon as we have a general fall of rain, I propose to dismiss the people to their homes, retaining only those few whom hunger and necessity may compel their remaining on the bare subsistence offered them, in order to enable me to complete any bridge-work that it would be nusafe to leave unfinished, not that when the rains have fairly opened a kucha seer of rice can be called a bare subsistence for them, there will be plenty of sags and wild herbs available which would enable a man to make up with his rice two very fair meals a day.

Arrangement for tools .- There are now no want of tools, the whole of the number indented for have been received.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Approximate amount of private food-supplies .- I must repeat what I stated in my last. The supply of food in the country is ample. Sufficiency or otherwise of the means of Transport.—The means of transport are sufficient.

D .- STORAGE OF GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

The accompanying statement I. exhibits all requisite information under this head. The importation of grain from Dehri is being pushed forward with all possible despatch.

Condition of storage houses.—These are all in good order.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND THEIR RESULTS.

The results of advances to native gentlemen for the purchase of rice on the part of

The results of advances to native gentlemen for the parenase of free of free of the parenase of free of free of the parenase of the parenase of the parenase of free of the parenase o deputed for it will leave for Ranchee in a few days.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The following exhibits the amounts subscribed and realized during the fortnight:-

		-		-		***			-
7	Total .	7,303	12	0	Total		5,705	12	0
Amount realized up to ing fortnight During fortnight		. 7,031	8 4	0	Up to preceding fortnight During fortnight		5,623 82	12	0
	ecrioeu.		A.	P.	Acanzou.		Rs.	A.	Р.

I am sorry to say that I can give little or no information under this head. The prin-I am sorry to say that I can give little or no information under this nead. The principal working committees lie within Lieutenant Grey's western circle, and up to date (the 4th June) I have not received his statements. The delay is probably owing to his being busily engaged in substituting grain for money wages, and introducing the piece-work system. I believe, however, that I may confidently state that under the head of charitable relief, matters are pretty nearly in statu quo. I trust to be able to give the information called for in paragraph 5 of Government circular No. 3216SR of the 19th May, in my next narrative.

G	-Finan	CIAL RESULT	rs of T	HE F	ORTNIG	HT.	Rs.	A.	P.	
Total expenditure last narrative	from		al tre		chest		1,87,045	5	9	
		Detail of	above to	otal.						
Disbursement to officers	s in cha	rge of relief	work,	No.	1		10,977	4	0	
Ditto		ditto		,,	2		12,900	0	0	
Ditto		ditto		,,	3	.0	17,200	0	0	
Ditto		ditto		55	4		17,722	12	0	
Ditto		ditto		**	5		10,025	0	0	
Ditto		ditto	•	"	6		24,025	0	0	
Ditto	1	ditto		**	7	***	8,850	0	0	
Ditto		ditto		,,	8		10,800	0	0	
Ditto		ditto		99	9		4,000	0	0	
Ditto		ditto		22	10		8,500	.0	0	
Ditto		ditto		22	11		4,000	0	0	
Ditto	*	ditto		,,	12	•	1,000	0	0	
				T	otal		1,30,000	0	0	
Advances to trustworth	y reside	nts for pure	hase of	f gra	in		40,000	0	0	
Amount given out in Government rice from							3,200	0	0	
Payments on account of				6022		***	128	13	6	
Charges for conveyance							126	8	3	
To zemindars and other			A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				13,590	0	0	
of the literature of a second second							100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000		

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

				Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to or	ut officers in charge of relief w	ork, No.	1	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	,,	2	 2,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	,,,	3	 3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	,,	4	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	"	5	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	,,	6	 3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	"	7	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	**	8	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	"	9	 500	0	0
Ditto	ditto	**	10	 3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	"	11	 1,000	0	0
Ditto	. ditto	"	12	 2,000		0
		Total		 17,500	0	0
Charges for transp To zemindars and	ort of rice others on account of land imp	rovements		 32 400	8	0
	night's expenditure—	20,011,011		 100	0	
	(a).—Final payments			 17,532	8	0
•	(b).—Advances re-payable			 400	0	0
		\mathbf{Total}		 17,932	8	0
	Grand Total to end of for	rtnight		 2,04,977	13	9
				gentlerin transport land or service		

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the sub-division of Palamove for the Fortnight ending 30th May 1874.

	1		of grain tr	clus ansf listr	erred	dat	vernment isumed up te by sale to blic or to rers.	to the	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expen- diture for ensuing fort- night.
1	2	3		,		1	5		6	7
		Mds.	Mds.	Srs.	Chs.		Mds. Srs.	Chs.	Mds.	
1. Daltongunge	30th May 1874	From Dehri 20,800	7,677	1	11		12 0	0		
2. Parasia	28th ditto "	" Lohardugga 1,200	1,499	12	14		******			
3. Panki	29th ditto ,,	Rs. 40,000 advan- ced to trust- worthy residents for purchase of rice for Govern- ment, represent- ing about 10,000	1,408	0	0		4 8	0		
4. Nawa	1st May 1874		778	15	0				500	
5. Morbey	16th April "		1,039	20	71		*****		******	About mds.
6. Surki	18th ditto "		554	37	131		*****		500	2,694.
7. Nuggur	12th May		3,052	25	9		*****			
8. Manjhiawan	30th ditto "		1,105	-27	7		*****			
9. Hussenabad	30th ditto ,.		919	24	6		*****		,	
10. Kote	26th ditto	i	364	28	4				1,200 380	1.5
	Total	\$1,200	18,399	33	81		16 8	0	3,580	

REMARKS.—The quantities shown in column 5 have been sold to the Sub-Divisional Committees for charitable relief.

L. R. Forbes, Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

STATEMENT II.

Progress of work under Act XXVI of 1871 for the fortnight ending 30th May 1871.

					Number of	NUMBER OF	P CERTIFICA	NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED AND VALUE.	D VALUE.	Number	Number of			
NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND VALUE.	Total value of advances applied for.		Number of applications withdrawn. 11	Antimper of applications inquired into.		Up to last fortught.	Value,	During the fortnight.	Value.	5 %	applications not yet in- quired into.	applications requiring further inquiry.	REMARKS.	RKS.
		Rs.					Rs.		Rs.					
Rs. 50	8	150		60		01	100	****	::	1.0	:	:	* Since issued.	
ing Rs. 100	90 * 1,	1,895	6	To	60	4	400	61	200	1		1		
g Rs. 150	6	,325	60	10	03	04	300		******	14	:	1	+ Since issued.	
g Rs. 200 and not exceed-	8	2,590	4	6	gr	10	086	1	200	1				
g Rs. 300	.01	008'9	9	13		13	3,350		:		1	01		
g Rs. 400	63	608		09	:	01	800	:	:	:		:		
g Rs. 500	2	3,450	:	7	1	10	2,420		:	1	:			1
g Rs. 600 and not exceed-	4	2,325	1	60	1	53	1,200		:			:		
g Rs. 700				:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		
ing Rs. 800 Above Rs. 800 and not exceed-	-	800			:		:		:	:	1	:	-	
g Rs. 900		:			::	2			:	:	:	:		
g Rs. 1,000	9	000'9		B	61	4	4,000	-	*******		:	:		
Total	87 25.	25.135	23	58	11	39	13.590	65	400	10	6	1		

PALAMOW,

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;

L. R. FORBES,

No. 1320, dated Purulia, the 17th June 1874.

From-Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept. With reference to paragraph 3 of Government circular No. 154-S.R., dated the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit my fortnightly narrative up to the 13th instant.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Since the date of my last narrative I am glad to be able to report that there has been a continued improvement in the state of the country unattended by any adverse circumstances. such as that I had to bring to notice in my last report. The outbreak of cholera, which at one time threatened to be severe, has not extended over the whole district, and is gradually dying out. This has, no doubt, been caused by the timely and copious showers of rain which dying out. This has, no doubt, been caused by the timety and copious snowers of rain which have now fallen all over the district, and given the people good water to drink, instead of the filthy puddle they had previously been using. These showers have also enabled the people to continue their ploughing and sowings, which are now going on actively all over the country. A large portion of the gora paddy, gundlee kodo, and Indian-corn, has been sown, and has germinated freely. A larger quantity of Indian-corn has been put down than usual. which, if the season is favorable, will produce an abundant supply of food in August. seedling paddy has also been sown, and is now above ground, and will be ready for transplanting by the 1st of July, when agricultural operations will be in full swing. The difficulty about seed appears to have been got over in most places, and very little land will lie fallow at all events on that account; so that the crops of this year, if all goes well, will not be below the average.

In the Purulia circle, where, at the date of the last report, the people were not in such a satisfactory condition as in the Govindpore and Raghunathpore circles, it is now reported that owing to the distribution of the Government rice on loan to the cultivators, the completion of the group system, and the employment afforded on the tanks, a great improvement has taken place; and with regard to the Manbazar circle, it is stated the distress is less in several of the pergunnahs, and that the people are busily employed in sowing their early crops. The arrangements for relief in that circle are, however, still imperfect, which I shall refer to further on.

The rainfall during the fortnight has amounted to 4:30 inches.

From some parts of the district it is reported that the mahajans are beginning to open From some parts of the unstrict it is reported that the regular rains set out their stores, and this I have no doubt they will do more freely when the regular rains set in and the guarantee of good crops seems assured. The stocks of paddy in their hands are in and the guarantee of good crops seems assured. universally reported to be low, so that they could not have advanced as largely as usual. The loaning out of the Government rice to the cultivators, which has proved so successful in this district, has however supplied the deficiency, and for the present all are contented and happy.

Mr. B. L. Gupta, reporting of the eastern portion of the Raghunathpore circle, where the

failure of the crops was perhaps the greatest, states: "The condition of the people is gradually improving, and certain it is that their gratitude to, and confidence in Government know no bounds;" but he adds "that distress, severe and universal, would overtake the country if the great relief measures now being administered were to be discontinued." In the western portion of the Raghunathpore circle, Captain Samuells states that the condition of the people are now self-states that the condition of the people. is very satisfactory. The Sonthals and Baoris are said to be the most distressed, but no deaths from starvation have been reported by any of the relief officers; and now that the relief sub-circles have been organized, it is hardly possible that deaths from this cause can take place.

The supply of grain in the bazars is sufficient to meet the wants of those who have the means of purchasing; but trade is inactive, owing probably to the number of purchasers

being small.

No grain robberies have been reported, which is very satisfactory, as it shows that no persons have been driven to commit such crimes for want of food, which undoubtedly would have been the case had not the fullest and most complete measures of relief been adopted.

The price of rice and pulses up to the 13th instant, with those of the previous fortnight, are given below:

						COARS	E RICE.	FINE	RICE.	Pu	LSES.
		NAME OF	BAZAR.			Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.
					Table of the	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Śrs.	Srs.
Raipore	***		***			16	17	15	16	14	13
Manbazar						14	14	12	11	12	12
Burrabazar	***	95 618 ···	***	***	***	15	14	12	11	12	- 11
Echagurh				***	5	17	18	16	16	13	12
Ihalda	***			***		13	13	12	12	12	11
Purnlia				***		14	14	12	12	13	12
Sovindpore	***		***	***		124	12	12	11	11	12 10
Raghunathp	ore	•••		***		13	13	12	12	12	10
Virsha				•••		121	121	12	12	11	11
aurandih						12	12	11	11	11	10

It appears from the above that the prices of rice have fallen at 2 and risen at 2 of these bazars, and that pulses have become a seer dearer at 8 out of the 10 places entered in the list.

B .- RELIEF WORKS.

Work is still going on on all the 19 roads, being carried on as relief works; 5 are situated in the sub-division of Govindpore, and the rest in the Sudder Sub-division. On all of these roads light labor gangs are being employed; but as these are sharply looked after, nearly as much work is being done by them as under the piece-work plan. The great majority of the laborers, however, work on the task or piece-work system, and the works are certainly being done as cheaply and well as in ordinary times. When finished, these roads will be of incalculable benefit to the district, and be the means of averting the effects of future famines by the facilities they will afford of transporting grain to where it is required, which now, from the want of finished roads, is a matter of the utmost difficulty.

The average number of persons employed on all these roads, by the returns made up to the 6th instant, amounted to 15,063 against 14,202, showing that up to the latter date

the numbers were still increasing.

	No. of tanks.	No. of laborers.
Govindpore, Mr. Mackenzie	. 13	1,224
Raghunathpore, W. C., Captain Samuells	6	250
Raghunathpore, E. C., Mr. Gupta	13	1,033
Purulia, Mr. Hore	19	765
Manbazar, Mr. Dombal	5	not given.

The number of village tanks being cleaned out and improved by the relief officers, has increased from 18 to 56, as per margin. The number of people employed, as stated in the margin, amounts to 3,272.

These minor relief works are admirably adapted to afford employment to those in want of it. As a rule only those resort to these tanks who are

unable to obtain work in the fields as agricultural laborers; so that those requiring the services of the ordinary laboring classes are not in any way injured by these works being carried on.

From the above it will be seen that the total number of persons employed on the Government relief works amounted altogether to 19,393 persons.

The detail will be found in the statement annexed.

The laborers employed on these village tanks are now all paid in grain for six days and one day in piec, instead of all in cash, except in the Manbazar circle, where the supply of rice has not as yet been sufficient to admit of the payments being made in that manner. Under orders of the Commissioner, wages will be converted into grain at the rate of 12 seers per rupes. Tools are being provided by employing the village blacksmiths to make them up, which affords employment to a great number of persons who otherwise would be in distress, and some are also purchased in the bazar.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The quantity of grain received at Burrakar up to the 12th instant, inclusive, amounted to 2,15,275 maunds, being 5,275 maunds more than was allotted to this district by the Government, of which 8,699 maunds was in store at Burrakar on the 13th instant, the remainder having been despatched to the various places mentioned below:—

				Maunus.
Raghunathpo	re	 	 	78,047
Inganpore		 ***	 	11,500
Govindpore	,	 	 •••	53,812
Nirsha		 	 	14,475
Pandra		 	 	1,000
		Total	 	1,58,834

From Hijli 34,582 maunds have been conveyed from there to Raghunathpore, leaving only 353 maunds there; and 47,992 are at Disarghat, on the north bank of the Damoodur river. Between the two, Nirsha and Govindpore, both of which are in the Govindpore circle, 68,287 maunds have been received, leaving only 1,713 maunds to be conveyed, which would complete the allotment to that circle of 70,000 maunds.

All the rest of the grain has to be conveyed to Raghunathpore, which still has to receive about 50,000 maunds to complete the allotment of those two circles, and the Purulia and Manbazar circles, which are to receive 25,000 maunds and 20,000 maunds

respectively.

Up to the 13th instant 17,892 maunds had been received in the Purulia circle, but only 3,843 maunds in the Manbazar circle, to which latter the difficulties of the routes and want of carriage, now that the rains have set in, made it impossible to transport more than the above quantity. Every effort is being made by the relief officers to procure carriage, but the people now generally refuse to allow their cattle to be used in transporting the

Government rice, as they say all are required for cultivation.

Government grain is being carted out and stored in the minor golahs, but for want of roads and a sufficiency of carriage this is proceeding rather slowly; and to some of them it is found impracticable to send it out by direct tracks, so that circuitous routes will have to be used. As the rains increase in severity, the difficulties also will increase, and carts will then no longer be able to reach those places that are cut off from the main golahs by streams and nullahs with which the country abounds. Captain Samuells writes: "The carriage for sending grain to the minor golahs has been obtained with considerable difficulty during the fortnight, as the cultivators, on whom we are entirely dependent for our carriage, have been working their cattle in the fields. The want of good roads, and the difficulties of crossing some of the larger streams, have made numbers unwilling to some forward with their carts."

The only finished roads in the district are the Grand Trunk Road and the Provincial Road from Burrakur to Purulia; these have been of the utmost possible use in transporting the rice from Burrakur to Govindpore, Raghunathpore, and Purulia; and had it not been for these roads much greater difficulty would have been experienced, and not nearly so much grain could have been moved as has been done. The advantages, therefore, of good roads in a district where there is no water-carriage have been very forcibly shown, and also the necessity of completing those now under construction strongly exemplified; as in the one case, where roads exist, the transport of the grain has been comparatively easy; and in the other, where they are still uncompleted, great delay has taken place, and almost insurmountable difficulties have to be overcome in moving even small quantities of grain.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The only places where any large quantity of grain has been stored is at Nirsha and Govindpore, whence as there is perfect communication with Burrakur by the Grand Trunk Road, no interruption has taken place in forwarding the rice on to those places. At Raghunathpore a little more than 10,000 maunds was in store on the 13th instant; but as the run on that store is great, this quantity will very soon be cleared off. At Purulia the receipts only just keep pace with the demands, and at Manbazar, I regret to say, they fall far short of them.

In the Raghunathpore circles it is proposed to store 800 maunds at all the minor golahs, and this is being done; but in the Purulia circle, where the stocks could not have admitted of this being done, grain is sent out, as required, in small quantities of 10 and

20 maunds at a time.

In the Govindpore circle rice is being sent out to Jheria, Tundih, Topechanchi, Katras, and Nanagarh, from which places group officers and those in charge of relief works will be able to draw their supplies.

E.—Advances to Private Persons and their Results.

Up to the 13th instant advances have been made to the following extent:-

		Rs.
1st.—Advances to zemindars and others for the purcha grain, without interest	ase of	10,000
2nd.—To traders and others of a safe and respectable charwith interest	racter,	11,567
3rd.—To zemindars and talookdars to assist their ryots		9,950
4th.—To landholders for land improvements		69,090
5th.—To Purulia Municipality		4,000

Only Rs. 500 have been advanced during the fortnight for land improvements at Purulia; those made in the sub-division at Govindpore will be included in the next report.

Most of the reservoirs and tanks for which the tuccavee advances were made have now been completed.

Loaning out of Government rice to cultivators and others on security has continued during the fortnight under report, and now amounts to cultivators to 96,251 maunds, as follows:

					Mds.	Srs.	
In the Govindpore cir	cle		***		35,370	0	
, Raghunathpore		circle			18,014	0	
,, ,,	eastern	**			23,469	0	
" Purulia		,,			15,505	0	
" Manbazar	***	,,	•••		3,843	0	
To non-cultivators—							
Govindpore	***				1,805	0	
Raghunathpore, west	circle				414	0	
,, east	"		***	• • •	224	0	
Purulia	27	***		***	76	0	
Manbazar	n	•••				****	
To Chowkeedars—							
Gobindpore	"	***	***.		80	0	
Raghunathpore, west	12			***	204		
,, east	"	***	***	***	250	0	
Purulia	22		***		108	0	
Manbazar	22	At	whilet amplement		**		
24 Tabedars at 2 s				in	107	94	
guarding Governm	tent grain	in transi	υ, α.υ		127	24	
				377,510	-	SECRETARY.	

Total ... 99,490 4

The scheme of loaning out of the Government grain is still spoken of by the relief officers as the best form of relief that could have been adopted. Mr. Gupta states: "This is the form of relief which seems to have been the most popular and successful here, and proved more than anything else a real blessing to the people. I have issued strict orders to the golah-keepers to impress on the minds of the applicants for rice as much as possible that Government means to exact in due time full repayment of the loans." There can be no doubt but that this form of relief has been very successful, and as it is probable that very little loss will eventually fall upon the Government, it is also the most economical that could have been adopted.

F. a.—CHARITABLE RELIEF BY GOVERNMENT.

Since the date of my last report the sub-division of pergunnahs into groups or sub-circles has been completed in the Govindpore, the two Raghunathpore, and the Purulia circles; in the latter it has been found necessary to include the small pergunnah of Jaitorra, which has been divided into two groups. In the Manbazar circle the grouping has been completed in pergunnahs Bagda and Ambikanagar and part of Supur, and the rest will shortly be finished. The order for the formation of groups was only received here in the middle of May, so that I may, I think, say that this order has been carried out vigorously and successfully. In almost all of the groups residents of some one of the villages contained in the sub-circle have been appointed to take charge of them, and in most of them the group officers are stated to be doing their duty well and diligently. I quote from the report of Captain Samuells to show that such is the case. "The utility of the village organization has begun to be fully realized. I have visited the majority of the groups in my circle during the last ten days, and I don't think it would have been possible to make a better selection of group officers than those now discharging such duties. They have one and all taken a real and lively interest in the work allotted to them, and have given much assistance in procuring carts and pushing on the construction of the minor golahs; they have also shown great discretion and judgment in the selection of recipients for charitable relief." Lists of the persons who are to receive a gratuitous supply of Government rice are made by the group officers, which are scrutinized by the relief officers when they visit the groups, and then approved of or altered, according to circumstances. The group officers are expected to visit every village in their circle at least once a week, and ascertain whether all who are really in distress are obtaining relief. In the Purulia circle all relief by the distribution of uncooked rice is being administered by the group officers, and

The quantity of Government grain expended during the fortnight for relief purposes amounts to 368 maunds 24 seers.

F. b.—CHARITABLE RELIEF BY RELIEF COMMITTEES.

A full account of the working of the several relief committees was given in my last narrative, so it need not be repeated. The relief dispensed by them has been very wide and varied, and has consisted of supplying cooked food to all who were willing to partake of it, of distributing uncooked rice to those who, from caste or feelings of pride, objected to eat in public, and of furnishing the means to persons of respectability who were willing to maintain themselves by spinning cotton into thread. A large number of the silk-weaver class in the Raghunathpore and Purulia circles were aided with advances to enable them to carry on their trade, and the cotton thread spun by the women has again been made over to cotton-weavers to be woven into cloths. These cloths are now being given to those frequenting the poor-houses who are in want of clothing, and in this manner not only have a large number of the poor, but respectable classes, been enabled to support themselves during a very trying time, but full advantage has also been taken of what has been done by utilizing to the best possible purpose the result of these operations at the least possible cost to the committees.

Classified as directed in the notification of the central relief committee, dated the 14th March last, the sums expended during the last fortnight, according to the returns received up to the 13th instant, are as follows:—

			b.		c.	d.
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
In the Govindpore circle		4,450	3	5	32 0 0	
" Raghunathpore, W. "		1,136	15	1	802 7 1	
" Ditto E. "	•••	1,243	4	0	58 10 3	
" Purulia "		162	2	10	74 0 2	85 0 0
Total		6,992	9	4	967 1 6	85 0 0

[.] This is the whole expenditure up to date.

The numbers receiving relief in the above forms during the fortnight under report amounted to—

						в.	c.	d.
In the Govindpore						 1,313	0	0
" Raghunathpore,	W.	79				 1,474	550	0
" Ditto	E.	"				 2,437	93	0
" Purulia		,,				 1,913	686	10
" Manbazar		"				 1,839	81	0
						-	-	-
				T	otal	 9,076	1,410	10

Of the number of persons entered under heading b, 6,382 were taking cooked food, and 2,694 were being supplied with uncooked rice, and the 1,410 entered under heading c were being employed in various ways suitable to their condition. The numbers taking cooked food have largely increased, and those supplied by the relief committees with uncooked rice decreased, which has been caused by this description of relief having been partly taken over by the group officers. This latter form of relief will eventually almost entirely cease to be dispensed by the relief committees. Since the date of the last narrative, four more sub-committees have been established in the Manbazar circle at the places noted in the margin. No more will now, I believe, be required, so that the number finally found to be requisite amounts to 38.

From the above figures it will be seen that relief by the several relief committees has

From the above figures it will be seen that relief by the several relief committees has been extended to upwards of 10,000 persons in this district, who, but for this relief, would in all probability have either died or just been able to drag on a painful and precarious existence till the times mended and food again became cheap and plentiful. This it will hardly do until the month of December or January next; so that although the numbers to be provided for will, I trust, gradually decrease, it will not, I believe, be possible to close all relief operations till about that time.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT.

Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries as shown in the last narrative, Rs. 1,66,709-9-8.

Expenditure during the Fortnight up to the 6th June 1874.

	On Relief Works.			
		Rs	. A.	P.
N	o. 1 1st section, Chybassa road, Purulia to Kantadi	352	1	6
,	8 let Kantadi to Chatanema	35	8	3
	, 3 2nd ,, Chotaurma to Jogodi	141	0	0
	, 4.—3rd " Jogodi to Jamdi	206	0	0
,	5 4th Jamdi to Sooburnrekha	275	0	0
,	7 -1et Bankoors road Purulis to Singhezer	378	12	9
,	. 8 2nd ,, Singbazar to Ludhurka	178	8	0
,	9.—3rd section, Bankoora road, Ludhurka to Hunra.	152	6	9
,	. 10,-4th , Hunra to Chatna P.	267	0	0
	11 —Charra unetion	134	0	0
,		264	8	9
,	, 13.—1st Section, Manhazar road, Purulia to Chipida	600	15	0
,	18 Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi Ludhurka to			
	Liah	208	8	9
,	, 23 " Manbazar to Kasipore, Liah to Palgao	41	6	0
,	Pownlin to Chass	733	5	9
1	25 , Jhalda to Chondil	107	2	9
91	. 17.—Hazareebagh road, Goai to Hazareebagh boundary	997	10	3
,,,	99 Road from Manhazar to Bankoora boundary	95	11	6
31	23.— ,, to Kasipore	162	8	3
	19 Let Section Manhagar road from Chinida to			
	Kenda	215		0
,,,	, 14.—2nd ditto, Kenda to Manbazar	717		0
,,	17.—Raneegunge road, from Raghunathpore to Saltora	2,329	15	0
	Bankura ,, from ,, to Bankoora			
	boundary	2,093		0
,,	17m.—Road from Dubra to Damoodur	800	8	0
27	19.— Ditto Tel Kupi to Cheliamah	995	12	0
27	17.—Raneegunge road, from Saltora to Bankoora	401	100	
	boundary	62	10	0
,,	boundary 18.—Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Gourandi to			
	Liah	181	8	9
	23 Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Kasipore to			
	Pal Gao	26	15	9
	Total	12,753	7	9

A		s made during the for	tnight t	o trustworthy	resi-			
		to purchase grain				0	0	0
		idars to assist their ry				0	0	0
D	itto an	d others for land im	provemen	its		500	0	0
E	stablish	ments and contingenc	ies			585	9	11
Tr	ranspor	t of Government grain	n			4,676	0	6
St	orage	of Government grain				0	0	0
M	inor re	lief works				0	0	0
G	rants-i	n-aid to charitable reli	ef		٠.	0	0	0
٠			*	Total		5,761	10	5
				Grand Total		18,515	2	2
*		Total up.to	the end	of fortnight		1,85,224	11	10
		Disposal	of Gover	nment Grain.				
						Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
		disposed of up to date of				72,279		0
	(a)	By sale to laborers				0	0	0
	(6)	, to public				0	0	0
	(c)	In charitable relief or				26,203		4
	(0)	an contract total			. ,	,		_
				Total		98,482	31	4

E. A. Rowlatt, Colonel, Deputy Commr., Manbhoom.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Manbhoom on the dates nearest the 13th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

		Total	Total mantity of		TITY OF GOVERN	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.	MED UP TO	DATE.		
NAME OF CIECLE.	Date for which figures are given.			By sale to the public or to laborers on By gratuitous relief committees distribution in and road constructions.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots and others on security.	By pay- ment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fort- night.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C. Mds. S. C.	Mds, S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds, S. C. Mds. S. C. Mds. S. C.	Mds, S. C.	Mds.
Govindpore	11th June '74	70,000	59,337 37 14	1,087 2 3	80 0 0	87,175 8 8 58 0 0	0 0 89	38,400 10 11	10,663 0 0	1,500
Raghunathpore, W. C.	11th "	47,500	37,871 8 0	1,209 10 8	204 20 0	18,428 21 0 15 12 8	15 12 8	19,857 24 0	9,628 8 0	8,200
" E.C	11th "	47,500	25,172 20 0	1,281 17 73	250 0 0	23,693 0 0	12 17 0	23,693 0 0 12 17 0 23,955 34 73	9 0 000 9	6,000
Purulia	13th "	25,000	17,637 20 0	******	745 4 0	13,950 20 0	938 9 11	13,950 20 0 938 9 11 15,633 33 11	7,363 20 0	8,500
Manbazar	13th "	20,000	3,843 0 0	:::		3,843 0 0	:	3,843 .0 0	0 0 000'9	6,000

NOTE.-The quantity of grain shown in column 8 is less than has actually been expended in the payment in kind to laborers, as many of the returns received are incomplete.

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144-T.P. of 5th May 1874.

	THE SHALL SHAW		No.	OF PERS	ons rmfi	LOYED.		Total e	umber of
No.	Name of Work.	· 0	n daily wa	ден.	0	n piece-w	ork.	laborer	s on each ork.
	*	Men,	Women.	Children	Men.	Women.	Children	On daily wages.	On piece- work.
	(A.)-P. W. D. WORKS.								
	PURULIA CIRCLE.								
1	1st section.—Chybassa road, Purulia to	*19	21	٠	105	9	7	40	, 121
2	Kantadihi. 1st section.—Chybassa road, Kantadihi to	4	6	3	17			13	17
3	Chotaurma. 2nd section.—Chybassa road, Chotaurma to	2	4		52	37	6	6	95
4	Jogodi. 3rd section.—Chybassa road, Jogodi to	4	16		175	30		20	205
5	Jamdi. 4th section.—Chybassa road, Jamdi to	19			53	32	20	19	105
	Sooburnrekha. 1st section.—Bankoora road, Purulia to	55	99		95			154	95
6	Singbazar.	. 9						31 -	
7	Ludhurka.		12	10	80	19			99
8	3rd section.—Bankoora road, Ludhurka to Hunra.	9			17	11		9	28
9	4th section —Bankoora road, Hunra to Chatna boundary.	17	18	9	150	30	•••	44	180
10	Charra junction Road from Damdah to Burrabazar	5 15	9		60 125	30 14	19	14 15	90 158
11 12	1st sectionManbazar road, Purulia to	21	51	12	259			84	259
13	Kenda, Purulia to Chipida. Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Ludhur-	1			80	5	3	1	88
14	ka to Liah. Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Liah to	51	2					53	
15	Palgaon. Read from Purulia to Chass	59	19	.1.	191	47	3	78	241
16	,, Jhalda to Chandil Road from Goai river to Hazareebagh	126 25	255 188	40 140	632	51,	18	421 353	701
17	boundary.	20	100	140	002	01	10	000	701
	Total P. W. D. laborers	441	700	214	2,091	315	76	1,355	2,482
	RAGHUNATHPORE CIRCLE-WEST.								
18	Ranigunge road—Raghunathpore to Saltora	750	300	46	753	296	43	1,096	1,092
19	Bankoora ,, ,, to Gourandi Hazareebagh road F. to K.	81	93	29	802	261	116	203	1,179
21	Road from Govindpore to Burrakur and Purulia road.				942	270	82		1,294
22	Road from Dubra to Damuda, near Kargali	25	23	9	614	139	28	57	781
23	" Telkupi Ghat to Chelliama	50	65	17	902	312	73	132	1,287
	Total P. W. D. laborers	906	481	101	4,013	1,278	342	1,488	5,633
	RAGHUNATHPORE CIRCLE—EAST.			200	141 - 40	1			
24	Ranigunge road, Saltora to Bankoora boundary Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Gourandi	25	12 102	9	36 120	15 33	5 3	37 111	56 156
25	to Liah.			9			9		
26	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Kasipore to Palgaon.	10			70	12		10	82
27	Bankoora road, Gourandi to Bankoora boundary.				30	17	9		56
	Total	35	114	9	256	77	17	158	350
	-	-	-	-				-	
	GOVINDPORE CIRCLE.	90	0"		100				
28	Govindpore and Tundi road Road from Nirsha to Jamtora	36	35	7	120	78	13	78 5	211
30	" ,, Poddardi to Kapasara	3	4		52	33	9	7	94
31 32	" " Govindpore to Damuda …	94	99	11	55 164	86	6 31	24 204	92 281
		140		-					-
581	Total P. W. D. laborers	149	149	20	391	228	59	318	678

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144-T.F. of 5th May 1874.—(Continued.)

1		1		No.	OF PERSO	NS EMPLO	YED.			amber of
	Name of Work.		On	daily wa	ges.	On	piece-we	ork.	laborers	on each
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women	Children	On daily wages.	On piec work.
	MANBAZAR CIRCLE.									
1										
1	Road from Manbazar to Bankoora bound ,, ,, to Kasipore		95	7 38	17	386 1.152	226 458	76 77	12	1,687
1,	1st Manbazar road Chipida to Kenda		58	320	21	199	199	11	399	398
	2nd Kenda to Manbazar		49	23	14	144	173	22	86	339
	Total Public Works Department labore	rs	202	388	57	1,881	1,056	175	647	3,112
1	Tuone Works Department moore			-	-				-	
1										
1	(B.) MINOR RELIEF WORKS UNI	DER								
	· PURULIA CIRCLE.									
1	Siju tank		16	43	11	26	22	7	70	5
	Jambad tank		13	6	15	8	8	4	34	2
	Bhangra ,,		28	76	24	6	5	2		1
	Dimdiha ,,		2		***	31	26	6	2	6
	Pichasi ,,		14	49 33	13	3 7	2	1	76	1 .
	Jetlo " Ludhurka "	***	8	92	3	9	8 9	1	109	1
			7	50	6	9	2	***	63	1
	Punru ,,					6	6	6		1
1	Chandankian village road	***				6	6			1
1	Total		102	349	76	111	94	33	527	23
1							-			
1	RAGHUNATHPORE, WEST CIRCLE.									
			9	1		86	0.0	7	3	12
	Anera tank Para ,,	•••	12	49	14	40	36		75	
1	Total laborers under circle officer		14	50	14	126	39	7	78	17
1							1.			
1	RAGHUNATHFORE, EAST CIRCLE.									
	Bortorah tank		6	26	2	8 72	5	2	34	1 7
	Sirjam ,, Kalinkeri ,,		51	149	112	53	5	***	312	5
	Gourangdihi ,,		21	72		15	9		94	
	Gopulpore ,,		1	5	1	135	118		7	25
	Bhatin "		21	40	9	3			70	
1	Total laborers under circle officer		100	292	125	286	128	2	517	41
	GOVINDPORE CIRCLE.									
	Upihenria tank		3	7	2	15	31	12	12	5
1	Cheloge		1	1	1	6	1	1		
1	Bilijhurka ,,	***		1		20	7	2		2
1	Ghagra "	***				129	87	45		26
1	Gargara "	•••				48	47	36		13
1	Paharpur		***			83	26			13
	Mardmara "	***				58 40	. 39			13
1	Sarmora ,, Mera ,,	***				20	19			4
1	Koiri "	***			***	42	43	10		9
1	Sindri "				1	23	24	15	***	1
1	Macha Mahal ,,					16	15			4
	Topechansi "			•••		17	27	4	,	4
								270	18	1,21

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144—T.F. of 5th May 1874.—(Concluded).

			No. o	F PERSO	NS EMPI	OYED.			umber of
io.	Name of Work.	Or	daily wa	iges.	Or	piece-wo	ork.		on each
		Men.	Women.	Children	Men.	Women.	Children	On daily wages.	On piece- work.
	MANBAZAR CIRCLE.								
	Not received (C.) Court of wards laborers.								***
3	Not received	543	1 040	900	0 000	409	109	1 000	2,720
	(D.) Grand total of laborers in Purulia Circle Grand total of laborers in Raghunath- pore, W. Circle.	920	1,049 531	290 115	2,202 4,139	1,317	349	1,882 1,566	5,805
*	Grand total of laborers in Raghunath-	135	406	134	542	205	19	675	766
	Grand total of laborers in Govindpore	153	156	22	908	652	329	331	1,889
	Grand total of laborers in Manbazar Circle.	202	388	57	1,881	1,056	175	647	3,112
		м	en.	Wor	nen,	Chi	ldren.	On daily wages.	Onepiece work.
	Total number of laborers on all works in the district	11	,625	6,1	169	1,	599	,5,101	14,292

PURULIA,
The 17th June 1874.

E. A. Rowlatt, Colonel, Deputy Commissioner.

No. 31M.A., dated Calcutta, the 18th June 1874.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Commissioner of the Presidency Division, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In continuation of my No. 26M.A., dated 4th June 1874, submitting the fortnightly narrative of the Collector of Nuddea for the fortnight ending May 31st 1874, I have now the honor to submit the Collector's report* for the fortnight ending June 15th 1874.

- I have nothing special to add to the Collector's narrative. Things are going on just as I expected, and measures are ready to meet distress as it increases.
- 3. With reference to paragraph 12 of the narrative, I have communicated with Mr. Toynbee on the subject of the Burmah rice.

No. 690-S.R., dated Kishnaghur, the 15th June 1874.

From—C. C. Stevens, Esq., Collector of Nuddea, To—The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative of distress for the fortnight ending this day.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

As a general rule, grain enough to meet local wants can be had in the marts of this district. Rice of tolerable quality is procurable almost everywhere. The thanas of Kaligunge and Nukusipara in the Sudder sub-division, and portions of thanas Tehatta and Karimpore in Meherpore, and thana Jaguli in Ranaghat, are to be excepted. Private trade is very inactive in these places, and as the stocks in the hands of the mahajuns are falling short, I apprehend that severe distress will be felt in these localities, if local trade do not increase. The stocks which the well-to-do men and substantial ryots secured for their family use, have not yet been completely exhausted. Jali dhan, which has produced a fair outturn this year, is now being harvested in different parts of the district. The outturn of boro dhan has done a great deal of good in the small area in which it was sown.

2. The subjoined statement will show the kind and price of food-grains in the different marts of the district:—

* * *			Comm	on rice.	Ka	lai.	Mn	gh.	Α	rhar.
			Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.,	Rs.	A.	Rs.	Α.
Bongong			 2	4	2	8	3	8	-	
Ranaghat			 3	2	2	8	3	2	2	8
Santipore			 3	0	2	8	3	0	2	12
Chandu			 3	0	2	4	3	3	2	6
Kooshtea			 3	5	2	2	2	10		
Kishnaghar			 3	6	2	9				
Alamdanga			 3	4	2	8				
Damurhuda		8	 2	13						
Kaligunge			 4	0						
Dowlutgunge			 3	2						
Kapasdanga			 2	13	2	0				
Nakasipara			 3	2	2	2				
Chooadanga			 3	4	2	10				

The price of common rice has risen everywhere. In Kaligunge it is highest, and in Kapasdanga and Damurhuda it is the lowest. This general rise in the price of rice was only to be expected, and will certainly continue till the acus crop comes in.

3. Regarding stocks I have nothing to add to my opinion expressed in my last narrative, viz., that in most parts of the district stocks are sufficient to carry the people through till the next agos crop is reaped. In the Kaligunge, Nakasipara, Tehatta, and Karimpore thanas, the stocks are very low.

STATE OF THE CROPS.

4. Jali dhan has reached maturity, and it is now being harvested. The outturn will be a tolerable one. Recent rains have done a great deal of good to both aous and amun crops everywhere in the district. The young rice looks very healthy, and if the season continues to be propitious we may reasonably expect a magnificent harvest this year. Amun sowings have been going on for some time. It has been reported to me that a certain amount of land had been left unsown in the distressed tracts. If all goes well the aous crop will be early; the quantity of land under cultivation is said to be considerably larger than usual; not much difficulty has been found in obtaining aous seed; amun seed is more difficult to procure. Loans are being applied for for this purpose by some zemindars. The district relief committee has also authorised the distribution of loans in special cases to cultivators. Indigo and sugarcane are doing very well.

 Rain has fallen in all parts of the district, sufficient for the purpose of cultivation, but nowhere in excess. Sub-divisions Ranaghat and Bongong, perhaps, require a little more

rain. So far the prospects of next season are cheering.

6. Distress is decidedly increasing, but no well authenticated cases have been reported yet which have not been met. The number of grain-thefts reported by the police during the fortnight amounts to 4 only. They occurred in the following sub-divisions:—Sudder 1, Meherpore 2, and Kooshtea 1.

7. There has been a visible decrease in abkari revenue in sub-divisions Ranaghat and Kooshtea. The sub-divisional officers (probably correctly), attribute this decrease to the dearness of all articles of consumption. In other sub-divisions the excise revenue may be

said to have remained stationary.

8. I am glad to be able still to report that the condition of the people in general (of course with the exception of the inhabitants of those tracts which have been recognised as distressed) is not bad, and there is no increased anxiety on account of famine. So long as the mahajums have stocks to lend, the agricultural class will not greatly feel the pressure. The weavers and the middle-class people in different circumstances are worse off. But even they are generally better than they were in the corresponding month of 1866. Professional beggars are daily on the increase. Private charity has so long relieved them.

CONDITION OF ANY SPECIAL TRACT.

9. Distress has of late overtaken the northern part of thana Karimpore in subdivision Meherpore. The sub-divisional officer of Meherpore, who is now on the spot, reports: "If an imaginary line be drawn east and west through Hogolberia, the part of the thane cut off to the north would shew the distressed area." This part contains about 50 villages, and calculating 500 persons in every village, the distress actually concerns some 55,000 individuals. It is reported that there is but a very small stock of paddy in that part of the district, and if grain be not imported there, severe distress may be very soon felt by the inhabitants. I have requested Baboo Nafar Chandra Pal Chaudhuri, a neighbouring zemindar, and a very large mahajun, to import paddy in that part of the thana, and I hear he has already made arrangements to do this.

Cholera, which lately was prevalent in some parts of the district, has now disappeared. The completion of the excavation of several tuccavee and Government tanks has been of immense benefit to the inhabitants of the localities so far as drinking-water is concerned.

10. The construction and repair of roads are generally going on in the Sudder. The construction of kutcha roads which had been stopped, is now being resumed. The excavation of Government and tuccavee tanks is going on well. The former have been nearly fluished.
The tuccavee tanks are being inspected. In addition to the relief works already commenced in the shape of constructing roads and digging tanks, paddy-husking, and jute and cotton-spinning have been introduced for those who are not fit for hard labor, or who, on account of their social position cannot come out to work. I have not been as yet able to visit the distressed parts as I intended before. The number of sufferers quite unfit for work has increased very much, and the Dubagram sub-committee has been authorised to open gratuitous relief, spending for the present up to a limit of Rs. 100 per diem. The number of laborers employed in Government tanks and roads, on Saturday last, is 4,391, and the total number of men employed may be roughly estimated at 5,000.

11. Transport of food.—Import and export business seems to have been carried on during the fortnight much as before. The approximate quantity of food-grains imported to, and experted from Fongong during the fortnight, amounts to 1,100 and 2,200 maunds respec-tively. Kooshtea has imported 1,400 maunds of rice, 300 maunds of kolai, and 1,200 maunds of paddy. In Ranaghat, 600 maunds of paddy, 1,300 maunds of rice, 450 maunds of kolai have been imported; and 1,174 maunds of rice, 100 maunds of paddy, and 300 maunds of kolai have been imported; and 1,174 maunds of rice, 100 maunds of paddy, and 300 maunds of kolai have been exported. Only 50 maunds of paddy passed through the sub-division. The estimated amount of export from Meherpore comes to 4,000 maunds a fortnight. The exports

are generally made to Moorshedabad, and to the other side of the Hooghly.

12. Charitable relief.—The distribution of charitable relief has already been commenced by the Debogram sub-committee. The sub-committee has been left to decide whether cooked or uncooked grain should be distributed. The district committee is of opinion that it is better to give uncooked grain. Considering the shortness of the stocks, I have referred to the Commissioner demi-officially on the subject of importing some 5,000 maunds of Burmah rice for charitable relief purposes. This would be desirable for several reasons, if Government can spare the rice.

The committees are not at all regular or punctual in submitting their reports, but I have taken measures which I hope will ensure this in future.

0

8 0

2 8

Rs. A. P. Financial results .- Total expenditure on account of advances for land improvement up to the date of 1,30,497 10 8 Total expenditure on account of advances for land improvement during the fortnight 500 Expenditure during the fortnight on account of charitable relief ... 3,626 Grand total 1,34,624

No. 288, dated Julpigoree, the 19th June 1874.

From--Captain R. C. Money, Deputy Commissioner, Julpigoree, To-The Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit herewith my fortnightly narrative up to 14th June 1874.

Julpigoree District fortnightly Scarcity and Relief Narrative Report, ending 14th June 1874. A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Being in Debigunge, the centre of our southern distressed tracts, and having for the last few days been going about among the people, and seen every corner of these tokees, I will first report on the state of South Boda.

The state of the country has improved visibly since I was last here some three weeks ago, and the expression used by the people themselves is that the country is now "tanda." With advances of rice made, and being made by the Cooch Behar estate to jotedars, chukanidars, and peerjahs; with gifts of rice to the poorer classes of jotedars, whose jumma is under Rs. 5; with work on tanks, roads, and bunds, at daily rates for those not able to do task-work, such as women and children, and at task-work for others; with many golahs at which rice is sold at cheap rates to the public; and with relief committees everywhere for relief of those unable to work, and with no one to support them, it is simply impossible that

real distress should fall on any one unless he wilfully courts it.

I have during the last week visited every class in their "charees"; not casually, but devoting four days to it, going about from early morning till dark on an elephant, and stopping at every "charee" I passed, and everywhere I now receive the same answer to the question as to their food—"we are eating sircari rice; had it not been for the sircar, many would have died of starvation."

There cannot be the slighest doubt that the store takes as habit of the Court of the country of the country to the store takes as the country of the country of the store takes as the store takes as the country of the country of the store takes as the store take

There cannot be the slighest doubt that the steps taken on behalf of the Cooch Behar State, have done, and are doing exactly what is needed; we have stepped in between the people and starvation.

Another very noticeable change in the state of the country is the large amount of dhan which is now exposed for sale in the hats, and the gradually falling prices of rice. however, is nowhere abundant in the hats. This I believe is simply owing to the fact that those who need to buy it, do so at our golahs, and it is not therefore worth the while of those who ordinarily husk dhan and sell the rice to do so. In this we do not really interfere with trade, as the sale of rice is at all times small in these parts, the bulk of the people consuming their own produce, and those who have to buy in ordinary years, preferring to buy dhan and clean it for themselves, to the direct purchase of rice. Undoubtedly the stock of grain now in the country, i.e., the people's stock, would not nearly have met their wants, still they have grain, and more of it than we had at first supposed, and those holding it are more willing to lend it out than they were a short time back. It is probable that the magnificent promise of the bhadoi crop is the direct cause of this effect, and I look on it as a very significant fact that men of this part of the country, who only a fortnight back were willing to take advances of Government rice at Durwani, to sell in hats in South Boda, will not now do so; they say that prices will now fall rapidly, and they would be losers.

The crops all round promise splendidly, and the country teems with coming plenty;

kownie is also being eaten, and a fair amount is still in the fields to be cut.

I find that there have been successive sowings of this crop, which has made it larger

than I had at first supposed.

Jute, in some of the deepest lands, is being cut and steeped, and here and there is even being cleaned and prepared for the market; of course this is exceptional. Everywhere this crop promises very well.

Jameera dhan is in ear, and will be ripe in some 15 or 20 days; in the far north of the district, I have even heard of its being already out. This crop is not a large one, but what

there is of it is very fine indeed.

The Bhadoi dhan is all that the most ardent agriculturalist could wish, and gives promise of an early and bumper crop. The weather we now get, the intense heat of the sun, is the very thing to bring this crop to perfection. The weather we now get, the alternate rain and

Hymanti dhan is now being rapidly planted out in the deeper lands, where water now lodges; the seedlings of this plant are as fine as 'it is possible for them to be

Sugarcane is luxuriant, and already in places five and more feet in height; nowhere do our works compete with agricultural labor. This is owing to the system of advances of rice to the cultivators, and this system is the backbone of all our relief measures. Some 300 maunds of rice are by these advances being daily thrown into the homes of the cultivators, and I can testify to their grateful appreciation of this step.

Grain robberies and thefts have ceased, and the confidence of the people is completely restored. A detachment of the 38th Native Infantry, one of the Cooch Behar regiments, some of our police sowars, and parties of police, have been moved about the country in different directions. The offenders in the cases which took place have been in many instances arrested, and some severe sentences passed, and while those of bad livelihood see that offences cannot be committed with impunity, even under pretext of starvation, the people see that they are protected.

I pass now from the condition of the south to the north of the district, and the Docars.

The wave of grain offences which rolled over the district, more especially in the north, was promptly checked, and the consequent state of panic and insecurity has ceased.

The result showed that these offences were not the acts of starving men, and were no real indication of want of food among the people. Originating with deliberate offences of men of bad character, such offences seemed to gather strength as a protest against exports which had at that time brought prices all over the north of the district to starvation rates. With the cessation of these offences prices at once fell and export recommenced. The Government rice now received and stored over the north of the district is sufficient for all our probable wants, and was the main cause in lowering prices, as it will be our chief security against a recurrence of such events as I have alluded to. Crops all over the north of the district, and also in the centre of it, promise wonderfully well.

Here and there in the Dooars, and for a few miles south of Julpigoree as far as Cassiabhari, and also north near Titalya, caterpillars have attacked jute, kochooa or yam, and dhan. The damage to a field of jute and kochooa, and to a bed of hymanti dhan seedlings, is occasionally complete; but this is very exceptional, and if no worse occurs the actual loss will not be appreciable. The caterpillars that have attacked jute and kechooa are so large that they must have been hatched some time, and were there more of the same kind elsewhere, we should have heard of it ere this; the flooded state of the fields confines those now in existence to their present abodes.

Dhan, when attacked, and it is quite exceptional, is attacked by a small browny-white caterpillar called in the district "manjir"; it attacks the very heart of the plant, but the people do not seem in the least afraid of it, and I was assured everywhere that the heavy rainfalls would speedily put an end to its existence and damage.

Condition of the People. —In South Boda, the physical condition of the people is remarkably good; due, doubtless, to the fact that they received their assistance before want and deprivation had really told on them; and, to the extent of their private resources, I believe that all now have food and plenty of it, the State rice having found its way into every home.

For the last few days my time has been wholly spent among the people in our worst tracts; men and women have nowhere lost flesh, thin boys I found in fair numbers, very thin boys were exceptional, and the cause for their being so was invariably attributable to ill-health. One bond fide emaciated boy alone have I found whose skeleton-like frame was said to be the result of want of food. It is worthy of note that this boy, an orphan, was in good health, and being fed by his employer, and that his little sister was fairly fat. A peculiar feature among the population of this district is that the girls are always fat and plump, the boys between 6 and 12 thin. The reason assigned by the people is that the girls are kept in-doors and not exposed to the heat of the sun, while the boys are all day at work, of some kind or other, in the fields. I am inclined to believe that another cause may be the system of marriage in this district, under which a girl is usually sold to the husband who can pay most for her, and that hence girls, as valuable property to their parents, are more carefully looked after than the boys. Be this as it may, one great proof that the people in the south of Boda never reached starvation point is found in the fact that a thin girl is not to be seen, and that, except in cases of illness, boys are in their normal condition. On the relief works all the people are in good condition, except the hosts of old women, whose attenuation is due to old age alone. A common trait in the character of the people about here is their readiness to divest themselves of any responsibility as to their aged female relatives. I am constantly told an old woman has no one belonging to her, who I find has at least a son-in-law well-to-do, and hence on our works will be found a very far larger number of old women than men. Among this class especially, I believe, the mortality would have been great had not the means of subsistence been given.

I cannot hear of any one having died of starvation, and should have been greatly grieved and surprised if any one had done so. Our relief scheme should, and I firmly believe does, prevent such a possibility.

One man receiving relief died lately at Chilahati, but enquiry shows that his death, if accelerated by want, cannot be put down to famine. This man, who I was told was 80 years of age, I did not see him, but who is put down by Mr. Bradbury, who did see him, at 60, was an old, infirm creature, who walked from Julpigoree where there is comparative plenty, to Chilahati, a distance of some 20 miles, where there was scarcity; why he did it, or where he was going, is not known; he reached Chilahati ill, and was at once given relief; he lived there over a week receiving daily his quantum of rice and two pice, and then died apparently of old age and infirmities combined. The condition of the people of this district is at all times exceptionally good, and their wealth great, while, save in the matter of the purchase of a wife, their expenditure is small. They dress badly and live in poor houses; as a consequence they must accumulate wealth, and it is my impression, after much inquiry, that we have but a faint idea of their own private resources, and that it is these resources that have this year enabled them to stand loss of crop where it occurred, and continued exportation, so much better than other people could do. The health of the people is remarkably good; fever and outbreaks of cholers and small-pox being less common this year than is usual. This is, perhaps, the more singular, as the mango and jack-fruit crop is unusually large.

The condition of the people in the north of the district is good, and needs no special notice. The Meches in the Dooars are now in better circumstances; about 99 maunds of clean rice, and 1,300 maunds of dhan, have been sent up to them from Meckligunge, and advances are being freely made to such of them as are of comparatively settled habits as cultivators: there is now no fear of their suffering from want of food.

Government Rice.—The 39,000 maunds of rice received at Titalyah were greatly damaged in transit, owing to insufficient covering to the carts; the bags also contained short measure.

I find that the Government rice is not generally of such good quality as that we purchased at Goalundo for the Cooch Behar State, and that short weight is more common among the bags of the former than of the latter. I saw a bag weighed yesterday in which the actual found weight was 1 maund 20 seers, against its assumed weight of 2 maunds or \(\frac{1}{2} \) short, and it was one of many, all looking equally empty.

B.—Relief Works.

Our relief works, though they have answered well as a means of giving relief to the people, have not been as successful in the actual matter of work done as they might have been. This has been owing to the want of proper supervision and staff. Major Thoroid, R.E., having been placed in charge of these works, and the staff being strengthened, I trust that we shall now show a better return for the money expended.

All works undertaken are of practical utility, and have been so at the express desire of the people themselves.

There has been a decrease this last week in the numbers who go to our works, notably at the Chenti tank and Doras bund. This is accounted for by the people as being due to the extension of the State advances of rice to classes of cultivators at first omitted, having of late thrown so much rice into the houses of the people that many who before worked, now turn all their attention to their fields, which, as hymanti transplanting has commenced, call for much labor.

The following table gives a list of works in hand, and numbers employed on them on latest date, up to 14th June:—

		Name of Works.		Numb	ER OF PEOPLE EM	PLOYED.	
	nth and date.	nd	Name of works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
14th Ju	me 18	74	Repairs of road from Boda to Julpi-	30			39
14th	31		Tank work in Boda Sudder Station	621	32	13	666
3rd	19.		Repairs of road from Boda to Debi-	12	1		13
8th	,,		gunge. Repairs of road from Chilahati to Boda.	330	2	1	333
14th .	,11		Tank work at Chilahati	27		2	29
13th	,,	***	Road from Sankwa to Saldanga	15		2	17
9th	,,		Kaigila tank	30		53	83
13th	21		Saldanga road	82	43	62	177
14th	,,		Tangun bund	211		31	242
12th	"	***	Juggernath hật tank	188	179	711	478
11th	,,		Nijgird bund	88	110	122	320
14th	,,		Aminadanga bund	265	97	. 146	508
12th	1)		Talgazi bund	35	56	29	120
13th	**	***	Sonahar bund	135	4	38	177
13th	99		Chenti tank	29	17		46
9th	,,	***	Dookene bridge	12		5	17
12th	· 33		Dooras bund	17	******	2	19
13th	11_	***	Malkadaha and Sonahar road	313			313
2th	99	***	Road from Malkadaha to Kaloo hat	30	×	13	43
13th	**		Earthwork at Huldeebari	72		******	72
10th	,,,		Joynaran's drain	29		*****	28
			Total	2,580	541	620	3,741

Export and Import.—Export in the north of the district still goes on, but not to the former extent.

In the south the opening of sales by Dinagepore and Rungpore near our border has proved of material assistance to us, and has checked the export which still went on in those parts. It is due to this and to the store of rice we hold and open to the people, and the promises of coming crops, that prices are becoming easier in the extreme south, and that rice can be got at 9 seers where lately it was selling at 7.

One of the most peculiar anomalies of our present position is that, although we sell so much cheaper at our golas, still such rice as is exposed for sale in the hats at higher rates always finds purchasers.

For instance, one day last week at Sonahar I bought in the Juggernath hat one rupes of rice and got 7½ seers: within a stone's throw rice was selling at our gola at 10½ seers per rupee for good common rice, and 13 seers per rupee for rice largely mixed with dhans; it was selling to all comers, still the small quantity of rice in the hât was at 7½ seers, and at that high rate found purchasers, and those chiefly of the lower classes.

A small quantity of dhan is being imported from the north to south of the district. It is however very small, and only a few do this for their own private consumption.

D.-TRANSPORT.

Of the 39,000 maunds of rice which were sent from Purneah to Titalyah, 39,319 maunds had been received on the 14th current, and 33,357 and 20 seers sent on to their respective golas.

No difficulty was found in getting carriage; the transport superintendent in this district using some $4{,}000$ carts for this purpose.

Of the 19,604 maunds bought at Goalundo for the State of Cooch Behar, 14,900 maunds have been landed at Ghoramarah and sent on to the golas.

Of the 10,000 maunds to be received from the Northern State Railway, 5,000 maunds have been received and sent on to golas.

The 14,000 maunds purchased by Mr. Bradbury has all been received and stored. Carriage for all this has been easily obtained on the spot.

Table showing the Gola Return for South Boda up to 14th June 1874.

No.	Name of Gola.	Receipts.	Charitable relief.	Sales to public.	Sales on work.	· Gifts to tenants.	Loans to tenants.	Total ex- penditure.	Stock in hand.
	14-0	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. 8. C
1	Chilabati	2,002 26 8		81 16 21	54 14 184	6 0 0	131 0 0	272 31 0	1,729 35 8
2	Debigunge	7,539 12 8	10 20 0	325 10 4	178 0 0	7 20 0	1,035 20 0	1,556 30 4	5,982 22 4
3	Malkadahu	4,199 36 6	8 0 0	127 38 0	179 17 9	10 0 0	1,492 0 0	1,817 15 0	2,382 21 (
4	Sonahar				***************************************		*****	(4)	*3,066 25 16
5	Huldeebari	986 37 0			32 18 13			32 18 13	954 18 5
6	Durasbund	3 16 0							3 16 0
7	Sankowah	1,700 34 8		59 14 0	81 16 8			140 30 8	1,560 4 0
8	Magoorah	2,527 10 8	19 27 12	11 5 8	26 36 8			57 29 12	2,469 20 12
9	Boda Sudder station	3,372 18 0		53 39 8	144 16 8	0 12 0	******	198 28 0	3,173 30 0
20	Saldanga	418 25 8		******	43 6 8			43 6 8	370 19 0
n	Hazradanga	22 0 0	8 0 θ	11 35 8	*****			19 35 8	2 4 8
12	Rajnaghur	2,447 0 0	1 0 0	0 85 0				1 35 0	2,445 5 6
	Total "	25,215 16 14	47 7 12	671 33 141	740 6 101	23 32 0	2,658 20 0	4,041 20 5	24,140 22 8

Table showing the Government Gola Return up to 14th June 1874.

			Mds.	S.	C.	Mds. S. C.	Md	8, 1	S.	C.	Mds. S. C.		Mds. S. C.	Mds.	8. (C.	Mds. 8	3. (C.	Mds.	S.	C.
Mynagoree	***		1,502	23	0		66	19	5	0		į		80	0	0	749	5	0	753	18	0
Jorepackree	***		2,000	0	0			0 2	4	8	1 22 8	3					2	7	0	1,997	33	0
Sunnaseeka	tta		4,010	5	0	0 28 4		6	5	0					***		- 6	33	4	4,003	11	12
Julpigoree	***		7,583	0	Ū		1	14	0	0							24	0	0	7,559	0	0
Bhojunpore	417	***	1,338	0	0										***					1,338	0	0
Ambaree			3,230	0	0	*****	1													3,230	0	0
Silligoree			1,477	e	0	*	1													1,477	0	0
Titalyah		***	1,999	19	14	0 20 0					******						0	20	0	1,998	39	14
	Total		23,140	7	14	1 8 4	68	9 3	4	8	1 22 8	8		80	0	0	782	25	4	22,357	92	10

return for Sonahar for the 8th is missing or has not been received, therefore the figures for all the columns except the last

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

This branch has hitherto been managed by Mr. Bradbury, c.s., and the result, as far as we have received reports up to 14th June, is

Through Mr. Bradbury 14 maunds 20 seers were distributed, and by the committee at Sunnaseekatta 1 maund 24 seers 4 chittacks.

We have received reports up to 14th June, is stributed, and by the committee at Sunnaseekatta 1 maund shown on the margin.

As more officers have been given to the district for relief work, and Mr. Bradbury has ample to look after in the advances to cultivators and others, the supervision of the committees has been made over to Mr. Clark

cultivators and others, the supervision of the committees has been made over to Mr. Clark and Mr. Jones, each of whom has his own circle.

The committee in Chilahati did not or would not work. I believe they considered that the aged female relatives of members of the committees were the most deserving of charitable relief, and thought that charity should begin and stop at home. Relief of this nature is therefore for the present being supervised by the zemindary amlah. The other committees seem to take an interest in their work, and rightly to determine who should and who should not get relief.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

					Rs.	A.	Ρ.
Relief loans to ryots	***						
Laborers' wages					4,400	0	0
Charitable relief			***				
Transport		Tomore the	Service of the service of	***	3,041	0	0
Purchase of grain			***	***			
Miscellaneous		A 400 A 1511	***		1,071	3	4
			Total		8,512	3	4

Rains.-The rains, which were somewhat late this year, are now falling most favorably. That we had less early rain than usual was very fortunate for the rice in course of transport, and for tanks in course of excavation.

> W. A. NEDHAM, Asst. Commr., for Deputy Commr.

RECOVERY OF ADVANCES MADE TO CULTIVATORS UNDER THE ROAD CESS ACT.

No. 4175-S.R., dated Calcutta, the 29th June 1874.

From-The Offg. Secv. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department, To-The Commissioner of Burdwan.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has had under consideration your sugges-• Extract paragraph 6 of a letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, to the Magistrate-Collector of Bankoora.

PARA 6.—It is obviously for the interest of the zemindar to interpose and take an advance to help his ryots, instead of allowing the ryots to borrow direct from Government. If it comes to such a pass that advances are to be made direct to the ryots, it seems to me that the Government, for its own protection, and in order to recover its advances, must be asked to apply the process of attachement provided in sections 10 and 23 of the Road Cess Act (Act X (B.C.) of 1871), and it is for the zemindars to consider what the effect of that procedure would be on their position. You will understand that the law, at present does not permit this procedure, but I shall at once point out to Government the facility which exists for applying these sections of the Act if zemindars fail to take advantage of the benevolent offers of Government to aid their ryots.

the legislature should apply certain sections of the Road Cess Act to the recovery of advances made direct to ryots for their subsistence during the present season of scarcity.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is not certain that a sufficient case has yet been made out for moving the legislature in the matter; he would prefer that the zemindars and other superior holders should have full opportunity to fulfil the duties of their position, even though those duties may not be enforced by special enactment.

It may be well, however, to review what has passed on the subject of making advances of money or grain to destitute ryots through or on the security of their landlords.

3. After His Excellency the Viceroy's visit to Behar, the Government of India expressed+ their expectation that zemindars † Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce Department letter No. 604, dated 16th December 1874. would "either make advances to such cultivators from their own funds, or accept with alacrity the assistance offered by Government for this purpose," and it was added that "if these advances should not be realized, and difficulty is found with regard to the security for advances made directly to cultivators, His Excellency is ready to consider whether some legislative provision to the effect that their landlord shall stand security for the repayment, is necessary.

4. Since these orders were issued, the following concessions have been made to zemindars who take advances for the purpose of helping their ryots.

Government letter No. 4227, dated The time for the repayment of such advances was 29th December. extended; to the 31st December 1875; authority was given § to Collectors to postpone the collection of land revenue instalments from zemindars who

§ Government letter No. 155, dated 16th January. distinguish themselves by helping their ryots; the stamp duty on deeds for the repayment of such advances was remitted; the || Resolution No. 403, dated 3rd word zemindar was made to include putneedars.

jotedars, and other superior holders having a permanent interest in the land; and lastly, now that all advances for the help of zemindars or ryots are made in

grain, the Lieutenant-Governor has authorised T ¶ Government letter No. 3966—S.R., dated the 18th June 1874. the adoption of a cheaper rate of repayment in the case of advances made on the security of zemindars, so as to cover the cost and possible risks of recovery.

It will be seen that the Government wishes to enlist the aid of zemindars in this matter, and has made valuable concessions to secure their assistance. At the same time it has been decided that "if in any village it was found absolutely impossible to work through the zemindars to save the people alive, Government must undertake the work, trusting to recover the amount by • No. 48, dated 25th April, circulated legislation or otherwise." And in the Mudhoobunnee

to all distressed districts.

orders* it was said that "advances to ryots must, wherever possible, be made through, and on the responsibility of, the zemindars. * Meanwhile arrangements for making the advances should go on."

6. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to be able to say that in many parts of the Patna and the Bhagulpore divisions, in the Dinagepore district, and in parts of Rungpore, the zemindars are doing their duty in a praiseworthy manner, and are either spontaneously making advances themselves, or are giving security for the repayment of advances made direct to their tenants. His Honor hopes that the same course will be followed by the larger zemindars in all districts throughout Bengal, wherever and whenever necessity may arise; and he is aware that in the case of very petty estates, in which shareholders are numerous, it may be almost impracticable for any one owner to come forward with security.

7. Upon the whole, then, the Lieutenant-Governor is not satisfied that there is at present any need for special legislation, inasmuch as the zemindars are already doing their duty in this matter. If at any time it were found that the majority of zemindars in any district abstained from helping the Government in its measures for saving the lives of their tenants, and if it became necessary for the Lieutenant-Governor to propose any special legislation, he would consider your suggestion that the forms and the machinery of Sections 10 and 23, Road Cess Act, be applied to the case of realising advances of money or grain made to ryots for their support during the present scarcity. But he, as already observed, is sanguine that the good sense and humanity of the zemindars themselves will obviate the need of raising such questions.

elicing with the control of the cont desta folicità se acra profesionale desta della constanta dell PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS AND SALT IN THE UNDER-MENTIONED DISTRICTS OF BENGAL ON THE 27TH JUNE 1874.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt

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per rupes. I from 12-s to 13-8 seers, barley from 17 to 24 seers, best rice from 11 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 12 to 14^{48} a 13-8 to 25 seers, per rupes. I from 10 to 15 seers, barley from 16 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 10 to 12 seers, common rice from 11-4 to 13-8 seens.

nn 12 to 13-8 seers, best rice from 8 to 9-8 seers, common rice from 10 to 19 seers, and gram from 10-8 to 15

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one price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and common rice from 12-8 to 15 seers, and gram from 14 to 14-8 seers, per rupes, price of best rice ranges from 15 to 16 seers, and common rice from 15 to 17 seers, per rupes.

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CALCUTTA, The 30th June 1874.

^{*} Return for week ending 20th June received after publication of last Gazette.

† Return not received.

In the interior prices range as follow: — Wheat from 13-4 to 13-10 seers, barley from 16-4 to 17-4 seers, best rice from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 90 to 10 seers, and gram from 15-8 to 16 seers, per rupee.

Under the interior prices range as follow: — Wheat 14 seers, barley from 17 to 19 seers, best rice 8 seers, common rice from 10 to 14 seers, bullush millet 10-8 seers, barley from 15 to 15 seers, and gram from 17 to 19 seers, barley from 13 to 20-8 seers, best rice from 7 to 13 seers, common rice from 8-12 to 14 seers, unform 11 to 17 seers, and gram from 12 to 19 seers, per rupee.

AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.

ots of Bengal on the 27th June 1874 .- (Continued.)

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X In the interior prices range as follow:—Best rice from 7 to 18-seers, common rice from 8 to 15 seers, bullrush millet from 15 to 17 seers, maize from 10 to 17 seers, and gram from 12 to 17 seers, per rupes.

Y In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 12 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 16 seers, from 13 to 17 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupes.

Published for general information,

L. C. ABBOTT, Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 27th June 1874.

No.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ENGA	AL.		
	Western Districts.		
[Burdwan,29th*June1874	6.75	Over five inches of rainfall at Raneegunge, four at Bood-bood, three at Cutwa, nearly two at Culna, and three at Jehanabad. The prospects of the crops are mos favorable. Cholera abated. Fever as before.
	Bankoora, 27th " "	6.27	Rain all over the district; very heavy on the 24th June. Agricultural operation going on well. The weather is as favorable as possible for the rice crop. Aou or early rice being planted out. A few cases of small-pox reported; choler rather bad in some parts.
. Internal	Beerbhoom, 27th ", ",	5.78	Cool, with frequent rain. Prospects of crops excellent; some local damage fron floods. Export of week ending 20th June, 1,471½ maunds, chiefly to Bhagul pore Division. Prices nearly stationary, with downward tendency.
DURDWAN DANSON	4 Midnapore, 27th ,, ,,	2	Over four inches of rain has fallen in the north, and less than an inch in the south; on the whole a desirable distribution. In the north the fall has bee sufficient to allow the crops sown broadcast to be ploughed as usual and als transplantation to be made. In the centre of the district the fall has been scarcely sufficient for this. On the whole, the week has been a very favorable one. Prices, however, still manifest a slight tendency to rise. Cholera has almost disappeared.
	5 Hooghly, 27th ,.	1:51	Cloudy throughout, with light showers of rain. Wind from south and south-eas Rice sowing nearly complete. The rain has been ample, and the crops are promis ing. Heavy showers on the night of the 28th instant since reported.
1	Howrah 27th """	-59	There was more or less rain throughout the district. Weather sometimes cloud and sometimes clear. Wind from south and east varying. The rain during the week has done good. The amun or late rice seedlings are thriving. The lat rice (broadcast) and jute have been sown and are doing well. Lands are bein ploughed for transplanting the late rice. Sugarcane plants look healthy. Mor rain is required at Juggutbullubpore, where it has been scanty.
	Central Districts.	- 6	
DIVISION.	6 24-Pergunnahs, 29th† June 1874.	0.47	Warm and showery. There has been heavy rain in the Diamond Harbour ar Barrackpore Sub-divisions, and in smaller quantities throughout the distributing the week. The aous or early rice and jute are doing well, and the prospects of the amun or late rice are very favorable. Fever decreasing a Barripore. Public health in other sub-divisions good.
TRESCUENCY DIVISION.	7 Nuddea, 27th June 1874	4-96	Cool and damp. The weather has been as favorable as possible to the crops. In son parts of the district small crops of some inferior sorts of grain will be reape in a few days. The earliest of the nous or early rice is in ear. Prices are near stationary.
-1	8 Jessore, 27th ""	1.83	Cloudy and close for the most part, with more or less rain throughout the wee including one or two heavy down-pours in various places. The crops are looking and promising well.
VISION.	9 Moorshedabad,27th " "	2-67	There has been copious rainfall throughout the district during the week—207 head-quarters, S-20 at Lallbaugh, 5-06 at Jungipore, and 3-06 at Rampore Hat As before, the crops are in very promising condition, and there is every prospe of an excellent harvest of aous or early rice if no floods occur. Prices have full in the principal bazars, particularly at Jungipore, where rice has recently be received from Eastern Bengal. The health of the district is improving.
RAJEHANYE DIVISION.	10 Dinagepore, 26th """	3.6	Rain throughout the district nearly every day more or less. The phadoi or ear crop continues in a most flourishing condition. Jute and sugarcane promi excellent crops. Ploughing for hymunti or winter rice crop everywhere proceed ing with vigour.
KA	11 Maldab, 27th ,, ,,	3.09	Cloudy and rainy. The bhadoi or early crops looking very well; half of the shat (grass-seed) and juli rice (very early bhadoi), which is sown in small quantithabe been cut in Nowabgunge and Kalleachack. Hymunti or winter crop of tivation is going on. Coarse rice at twelve seers per rupee. Total rainfall fro lat January to 27th June, 16:20.

^{*} Telegram of the 20th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 20th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.					
BE	NGA	I—(Contd.)							
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)							
RAJSHAHYE DIVN(Contd.)	12	Rajshahye, 26th June 1874	1.75	There has been much rain all over the district during the week. The rice crops are growing luxuriantly, but in parts of the Mandah, the excessive rain has made the soil so soft as to render weeding difficult. In the Nattore quarters the young amun or late rice plants on the lowest lands have been submerged, and those lands will have to be re-sewn. Indigo has benefited much by the rain. Indian-corn and kowni (millet) are thriving, except in Nattore and one or two other places. Prices have fallen in some instances considerably. Public health good.					
ARYE DIV	. 13	Rungpore, 26th ""	6.83	Rain general and weather cool. Crops everywhere in good order. Late rice being transplanted. Jute prospect good. A further fall of 2 12 inches of rain telegraphed on the 29th instant.					
RAJSB	14	Bogra, 27th ""	4.52	Seasonable. The weather continues very seasonable; a bumper aous or late rice crop seems certain, and the people admit there has not been such good aous or early rice for twenty years. Ploughing and sowing the amun or late rice is going on briskly, for which the late weather is very propitions.					
	15	Pubna		Return not received.					
COOCH BRHAR DITH	16	Oarjeeling, 26th ", "	4-25	Almost incessant rain, though not many heavy showers. In the hills, the Indian corn promises a good crop; it has begun to ripen, and is being eaten by people on the low lands. The other crops are all doing well; the potatoes are mued finer than last year, and more abundant. In the plains, kowni (millet) is mostly gathered in; the yield has been unusually large. Jamira and bladoi or early paddy are progressing very favorably, and so is the young winter crop.					
Сооси Ви	17	Julpigoree, 26th " "	6.27	Most favorable rains; and promise of jute, bhadoi or early rice, and sugarcane, a that could be desired. Hymunti or winter rice transplanting going on undevery favorable conditions.					
		Cooch Behar, 25th ,, ,, Eastern Districts.	6-60	Cloudy, with a good deal of rain. State and prospects of crops satisfactory. Uto the present time the weather has been very favorable for the amun or latrice crop. Only the very low grounds have been planted out as yet.					
	18	Dacca, 29th June 1874	1.64	Seasonable weather. State of crops excellent—could not well be better.					
DACCA DIVISION.	19	Fureedpore, 27th ,, ,,	1.71	Rain almost every day during the week, with alternate sunshine. The prospect of the next harvest continue very promising, and the rise of the rivers gradual Only at Fureedpore and Goalundo has the price of coarse rice fallen. It har risen at Bhanga, Gopalgunge, and Madareepore, owing to importations being limited.					
DIA	20	Backergunge, 25th "	5.21	Rainy and pretty cool. State and prospects of crops good.					
DACCA	21			Weather showery, rain falling almost every day, but not in large quantities. There has been sufficient rain for the aous or early rice, but more is still wanted for the amun or late rice sowings. The state and prospects of the crops are very good Some of the early aous (jati) rice has come into the markets in the west of the district. Health of the district good.					
1	22	Sylhet, 23rd June 1874	3.52	Showery, but very close. Prospects of crops good; more rain would do good Rice fell on the 24th instant at the Sudder Bazar. About 3,500 maunds of rice and 12,000 maunds of paddy exported. A few cases of cholera still reported otherwise the district is healthy.					
1	23	Chittagong, 25th " "	5-71	Heavy rain nearly every day. Fine and hot intervals, with high wind. From Cox' Bazar 13-24 inches of rain reported up to 23rd instant. The weather continue most favorable to the early rice crop. Transplanting going on actively. Choler disappearing.					
MAN.	24	Noakholly, 25th ,, "	9:26						
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	25	Tipperah, 26th ,, ,,	8.19	Rainy, but not as heavy as usual at this time of the year; heavier showers wanted. The weather has been characterized chiefly by light showers alternately with sunshine. Prospects of the early and late rice crops are still excellent. A little more heavy rain is, however, wanted just now.					
5	26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 23rd June 1874.	4:2	Heavy rain on the 22nd instant, accompanied with squalls. The hill people ar still sowing paddy in their jooms. Indian-corn has begun to ripen here and ther in small quantities. The prospects of the crops are on the whole good.					
1		Hill Tipperah, 24th June 1874.	2:41	No continued rain at present, but almost daily showers. Seasonable. Crops looking well and promising. Nothing particular to report.					

^{*} Telegram of the 29th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEHAI	L.		
C 27	Patna, 29th* June 1874	4:51	Weather all that could be desired for the young crops so far, but now a few days of sunshine is wanted to enable the cultivators to weed their fields. Health of the district generally good.
28	Gya, 27th ,, ,,	3.09	Very wet weather; heavy rain throughout the district during Thursday and Friday Prospects good. Sunshine required. Health good.
29	Shahabad, 27th ,, ,,	5.41	Heavy rain in the Arrah and Buxar Sub-divisions; less rain in the Sasseram an Bhubooah Sub-divisions. Ploughing and sowing going on wherever possible Early sowings have already germinated. In the Rhotas and Sasseram pergunnah owing to a want of sufficient rain, seed is reported as not yet sown. Small-po considerably decreased. Cattle disease has shown itself in Rhotas, but not in severe epedemic form.
PATERA DIVISION.	Tirhoot, 27th " "	2:37	Weather sultry and rainy, east wind prevailing. In Sectamurbee Sub-division 2.3 inches of rain fell during the week; weather favorable for crops on the ground Prospects fair. Public health good; mortality less than in ordinary years General complaint of want of straw for cattle, but cattle still in fair condition. In Mudhubunnee Sub-division 2.99 inches of rain fell during the week; youn paddy and bhadoi or early crops are reported everywhere to be in a mos favorable condition; transplanting has commenced in many places. No mor rain is required at present. In Durbhunga Sub-division 1-05 inches fell during the week; three-fourths of the bhadoi or early crops have been sown and the remainder is being sown; a large portion of that sown has already germinate and looks very promising; something less than half of the other crops has bee sown and sowings are general. The paddy sown broadcast in the lowest land was submerged in early portion of the week. Prospects of crops are at presen cheering. In Hajeepore Sub-division 3-05 inches of rain fell during the week The crops are looking remarkably well, and the rain has given every facility for sowing and ploughing. No report has been received from Tajpore. The rain was general throughout the district, and has been of great benefit to the paddy am other bhadoi or early sowings which are now being pushed on briskly. Th seed sown germinated freely. Transplanting of paddy is going on. Publi health good. The prices of food-grains appear to have a tendency to fall.
31	Sarun, 27th ",	5.34	Weather rainy and seasonable; east wind prevailing. The rain has been general Agricultural operations progressing, and are being carried on under most favorable circumstances. Sugarcane is doing well. Indigo appears more promising. The yots are engaged in preparing their lands for the next sowings. The bhado (early), and aghanee (late), crops are being sown. Early shaun (grass-seed), tangmi and murwa (millets), kodo and Indian-corn are coming up very well in some places Weeding has commenced. The timely showers of rain have given hope to the people. Prices steady.
82	Chumparun, 26th June 1874.	6.49	Seasonable weather. Prospects of crops continue very favorable; the early paddy maize, &c., are coming up well. Health of district good.
ſ.88	Monghyr, 27th June 1874	4.10	Frequent and heavy rain. Favorable prospects for bhadoi or early crops; favorable sowing season for the rice. A few dry days are now wanted.
BHAGULPORE DITY.	Bhagulpore, 29th* " "	2-99	Over five inches of rain at Bunka, and three at Soopool. A week's fine weather ivery desirable for the Indian-corn. Ploughing, sowing, and transplanting going obriskly. Standing crops first-class. Prospects could not be better. General healt very good.
SHAGULFOI SHAGULFOI	Purneab, 27th ,, ,,	2·10	Very squally, strong east wind; rain more or less every day. Prospects excellent The early jamera rice is being cut. The bhadoi or early rice is coming into ear transplanting of the late rice is going on well except in Arrareh and Kishen gunge, where there has this week been too much rain. Kowni and cheen (millets) have been cut and given a good yield. Indian-corn extensively sown is Dhurmpore, coming in by relays.
C 36 ORISSA	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 27th June 1874.	3.77	Deoghur and Rajmehal cloudy, with showers; Dumka and Godda, good showers or rain. Ploughing and sowing are everywhere going on. The prospects of the crop continue good. Rain all over the district. Bhadoi or early crops most promising everywhere. Public health generally good.
↑ 37 	Cuttack, 29th* June 1874	*85	Very little rain in the interior; this break after heavy rains of last week is good enabling sowings to go on and young crops to recover from excessive rain Prospects everywhere excellent. Prices slightly risen. Health good.
OBISSA DIVISION.	Pooree, 25th ,, ,,	-23	There has been general and good rain, and the weather is yet cloudy. The river have risen. Cotton has been nearly completely guthered with a fair outturn Mangoes are over. Cultivation has been greatly benefited by the rain which has been generally good during the last two weeks. Sowing operations are proceeding well on high lands. As soon as the rain water left on low land subsides, sowings thereon will begin. Sugarcane doing well. Purchases of rice for export have ceased. Prices stationary. Public health good. A sluice in Chowbin kood has been thrown down by the flood, and the land commanded by i inundated; but no extensive damage has yet occurred.
39	Balasore, 26th , ,	2.04	Showery. Present prospects promising in every way. The weather during the week has been very propitious; sunshine having alternated with showers. Sowing are nearly completed, and the young crop is thriving.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
нота	NAGPORE		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazareebagh, 26th June 1874	1.76	Rain during the earlier part of the week in showers, but during the last two day it has been heavy and continuous. From the north, i.e., Pergunnah Kharkdiha are heard gramblings about too much rain, but the experience of the rest of th district is different. About the Grand Trunk Road to the south-east, head quarters, and the west there has been much rain, mixed with sunshine. The crops are coming forward splendidly. People are applying freely for advances in the north for seed. Rice advances for food are given, and seed is obtained by barter at cheaper rates than the mahajuns give in loan. The condition of the district at present is extremely hopeful.
41	Lohardugga, 27th June 1874.	-86	Light rain, with intervals of sunshine; quite scasonable. The prospects at presen are most favorable both in Chota Nagpore Proper and in Palamow. Sowing habeen carried on actively, and the young crops are growing up vigorously, and will be able to stand out well against heavy rain when it comes. In the interior price have fallen considerably. General health good. Small-pox subsiding.
42	Singbhoom, 26th June 1874.	0.26	Cool and cloudy. A dry week, but heavy clouds about again. Crops looking superb Prospects good. Cattle disease reported from parts of the district. General health excellent.
43	Manbhoom, 27th June 1874.	0.63	Showery and cool. Rain has fallen very generally over the whole district, but in sligh showers only, which is just what is wanted. At present all the crops on the ground are doing particularly well; in fact, as stated last week, they could no promise better. Cholera and small-pox are still reported from several parts of the district; but the number of deaths is not large.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEET., The 30th June 1874. L. C. ABBOTT,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

					June June	n 14th h June		PROM 18T UARY 1874.	
DIVISION	District.		STATION,		Rain from to 13th 1874.	Rain from to 20th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RHMARES.
ENG	AL.			1				1874.	Complete Committee
	WESTERN DISTRI	CTS.	10.00/		Inches.	Inches.			1
		r	Bardwan		0.95	4.80	19.98 18.15	20th June.	
		1	Cutwa		0.80	2.47 1.42	15:31	ditto.	
1	Burdwan	***	Bood-bood Raneegunge		1.06	8.58	16:44 11:34	ditto.	
1		1	Jehanabad		1.37	1.80	14.02	ditto.	
1	Bankoora	***	Bankoora		0.82	8.23	13.95	ditto.	
1	Beerbhoom	***	Sooree		1.48	2.65	14.48	ditto.	
NA N		-	Midnapore		0.35	1.29	9.28	ditto.	
SURDWAN.			Tumlook	See.	1.60 0.22	2·30 4·89	16:34 15:47	ditto.	* ***
1 1	Midnapore		Contai Dy. Collr.'s Office		3.22	3·45 3·77	19·37 20·14	ditto.	
				be	3.53	0.92	12.63		
1	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore	***	0.32	0.20	11.27	ditto.	
	Howrah		Howrah		0.56	0.79	9.88	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTRI		Howian						
	CENTRAL DISTRI	CTS.			5.60	5.60	20:45	ditto.	
			Sauger Island Calcutta		3.80	1.68	16.02	ditto.	
		1	Alipore { Dispensary Jail	****	0.99	1.81 1.87	18.47 13.02	ditto.	
	at Daniel		Busseerhat		0.74	1°22 0°71	9.66	ditto.	
1	24-Pergunnahs	-	Baraset Diamond Harbour		0.69	3°26 3°15	10.73 11.98	ditto.	
		-	Barripore Satkhira		Not rec.	Not rec.	7.39	6th June.	
			Barrackpore Dum-Dum		0.38	0°48 0°69	10.62 11.81	20th June. ditto.	-
		,			1:43	3.58	19.50	ditto.	
I REBIDEROY.			Kishnaghur Bongong		2·21 0·37	1.63 2.60	15·52 18·11	ditto, ditto,	
1	Nuddea		Meherpore Chooadangah		0.41	2.59	21.02	ditto, ,	
		1	Kooshtea Ranaghat		1.10	1.26 2.38	20°01 17°31	ditto.	
		,		1	2.67	4.05	19.64	ditto.	
	,	1	Narail		2·57 3·10	1.71 1.75	17.71	ditto.	
1	Jessore		Khoolna Jhenidah		4.50	4·20 8·78	26.89	ditto.	
		1	Bagirhat Magoorah	***	0.33	1.69	19.34	ditto.	4.5
		r	Berhampore		2.09	3.72	16.42	ditto.	
		1	Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad		2.32	5.05 4.11	14:54 14:53	ditto.	
1	Moorshedabad	-1	Jungipore		1.52 0.21	2°57 4°39	12.74 12.54	ditto,	
		l	Azimgunge Lalgolla		2.45	1.93	14.84	ditto.	
4	Dinagepore		Dinagepore		3.24	4.23	19:42	ditto.	Cash
	Maldab		Maldah		0.80	2.92	13.11	ditto.	
			Bauleah		1.62	2'56	17.03	ditto.	
ARA ARA	Rajshahye	{	Nattore		4'25	3.83	24.92	ditto.	
KAJSHAHYE.		(Rungpore		0.32	7.87	33.29	ditto.	
	Rungpore	1	Bhowanigunj Titalya		9.61 6.69	1:49 4:30	23·32 28·42	ditto.	
1	Bogra		Bogra		5.28	4.34	33.65	ditto.	
					0.78	2.26	28.57	ditto.	.35
į	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunj		2.45	Not rec.	21'45	13th June.	
1	Darjeeling		$\textbf{Darjeeling} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \textbf{Telegraph Office} \\ \textbf{Hospital} \end{matrix} \right.$		Not rec. 8.94	ditto ditto	9·65 22·07	31st May. 13th June,	
YE.									
SERAB		1	Julpigoree Bodah	"	4.88 0.77	4·92 8·74	34.00	20th June ditto-	
	Julpigoree	-1	Buxa { Commissioner's Office Civil Surgeon's ,,	ice.!.	11.92	12:01 11:84	47.62 61.10	ditto	From 12th April. Not a
COOCH			(Civil Surgeon's "	"	10 du	11 04	1	dicto.	olar stay to cin June,
1	Cooch Behar Tribt State	tary	Cooch Behar	-	7:84	7*32	48.68	ditto.	

			m 7th June	m 14th	RAIN	PROM 18T	
DIVISION	District.	STATION.	Rain from to 13th J 1874.	Rain from to 20th 1874.	Inches,	Up to date.	REMARKS
ING	AL-(Continued.)	and an age of the					
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	EASTEEN DISTRICTS.	Dacca Telegraph Office	. 0.53	2.80	25.77 26.68	20th June.	1.00
ſ	Dacca}	Moonsheegunge	0.41	3°24 4°22	29.21	ditto.	
	*	Manickgunge	1.11	1.72	23.92	ditto.	
	Fureedpore {	Fureedpore		3·44 1·19	32.29	ditto.	1 1955
1	Fureedpore {	Goalundo Madaripore		5.41	28.38	ditto.	2.0
,	(Burrisal	1.51	6.14	18.54	ditto.	
DACCA	Backergunge {	Perozepore	0.37	2·64 10·11	25.69	ditto.	
a	1	Dowlatkhan		9.65	28.38	ditto.	
	(Mymensingh	0.00	2.76	31.95	ditto.	
	Mymensingh	Jamalpore	7:98	0.97	23:40	ditto.	
		Atia Kishoregunge		2.10	31.11 18.08	ditto.	
1	Sylhet			6.87	69-03	ditto.	
-	cymer	Sylhet	702	0.87	00.00		
	. (Chittagong Telegraph Office	3.80	3.30	28·19 30·58	ditto.	
ſ	Chittagong }	Jail	4:03	3.33	26:39	ditto.	
		Cox's Bazar	1	10.95			
ONG	Noakholly	Noakholly	0.57	7.92	31.37	ditto.	
CHITTAGONG	Tipperah {	Comillah	2.24	2.65 2.88	30*19 24*94	ditto.	
CHL	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Brahmunberiah				13th June.	
		Rungamatee Hill		Not rec	2		
L	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	. 1.04	ditto	24.63	20th June.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
AHS	D.		1				
An	. (Patna	1.04	4.17	7.49	ditto.	
-	Patna	Beliar		2.01	7.52	ditto.	
1		Dinapore Jail	4'40	5.90	12·10 10·77	ditto.	A. D
				6.60			1 100
1	. (Gya		3.15	6.92 12.42	ditto.	
	Gya	Arungabad	. 2.25	1.57	5-71	ditto.	
		Jehanabad	-	2.17	6.97	ditto.	14.1
	(Arrah		1.68	11.77 4.52	ditto.	Not rec. 24th to 30th May
	Shahabad }	Sasseram	2.25	0.54	5.02	ditto.	Ator see, gam to goth may
SA		Bhubooah		1.21	7.02	ditto	
PATEA.		Mozufferpore	1.67	3:07	8:46	ditto	Not rec, 3rd to 9th May.
		Durbhunga		Not rec.	2.25	16th May	Not rec. 19th to 25th Apr
	m:1 .	Hajeepore	1	3.84	6:38	20th June	and 3rd to 9th May. Not rec. 3rd to 9th May.
	Tirhoot	Mudhoobunnee	6.24	2.78	13.94	ditto	Ditto ditto.
		Seetamurhee		4·26 4·72	10.42	ditto	Ditto ditto.
		Chuprah		1.55	5.89	ditto.	
	Sarun {		4.78	1.87	8.81	ditto.	4.1111
	Chumparun {	Motiharee	2-22	4.60	10.42	ditto.	
L		Bettiah		2.00	4.70	30th May	Not rec. 31st May to 13: June.
	Wanahan S		7.02	9-99	14.00	20th June.	1 2 2 3 3
	Mongbyr {		3:33	1'92 2'18	8·73 10·02	ditto.	
			4.75	5-67	15.83	ditto.	
		Soonool	7.37	815	16.96	ditto.	Not see 10th to 05th A
	Bhagulpore			2.10	5'88	ditto	Not rec. 12th to 25th Apr and 10th to 16th and 24
BHAGULPORE.			. 4.45	3.54	11.50	ditto.	to 30th May.
1		P	To the same	Man South	1		
HA6	Purneah	Kissengunge	1.19	4.59 6.85	15°29 22°30	ditto.	
P	(1.34	5.20	22.01	ditto.	
	[Deoghur		1.88	8.89	ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Rajmehal		2·70 3·10	8:90	ditto.	
		Godda	2.30	2.50	8:30	ditto	Not rec. 10th to 16th May

				7th June	June June	RAIN	FROM 1st ARY 1874.	
	District.	* STATION.		Rain from to 13th 1874.	Rain from to 20th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Runauks.
ISS	A.	and the second		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
-	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Hospital Jajpore Kendraparah Jugatsingpore False Point		2:20 1:55 0:70 0:50 1:40 0:85	12:00 11:96 Not rec, ditto ditto 2:70	22.66 22.76 6.10 3.60 4.75 9.16	20th June. ditto. 13th June. ditto. ditto. 20th June.	a esta
1	Pooree* {	Pooree Khoordah		0·77 2·48	9.48 8.81	12·40 17·23	ditto, ditto.	13
1	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chaudbally		0.67 1.32 1.87 0.10 1.53	4·19 2·80 4·35 3·89 5·67	10.92 15.95 14.35 14.43 11.53	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
1	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore		1.45	8.07	15.24	ditto	Not rec. 19th to 25th Apri
	CHOTA NAGPORE.							
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazareebagh {	Hazarecbagh { Jai Pachumba	pensary	3·29 2·59 3·15	2·19 2·91 3·82	13:22 15:12 16:28	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		0.84 4.59	2°42 1°90	13.68 10.97	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybassa	***	8.13	2.31	14.73	ditto.	100
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore		1.99 3.30	1.65 5.17	12:78 15:65	ditto.	Not rec. 31st May to 6
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							Julie.
	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah		8·27 8·17 2·17	Not rec. 3.51 Not rec.	49·73 51·54 46·41	13th June. 20th June. 13th June.	
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree		2.56 7.60	4·19 6·20	38·51 60·28	20th June. ditto.	
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty ' Burpettah		0.81 2.27	2.35 3.82	45.70 41.87	ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye		0.82	Not rec. ditto	28.82 28.10	13th June	Not rec. 24th to 30th May Not rec. 10th to 16th May
	Nowgong *	Nowgong		2.15	2.68	27.02	20th June.	All of
	Seebsaugor {	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah		6.22 1.03 1.91 3.95	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	60°87 38°87 48°13 56°00	13th June. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddys	***	Not rec. 4.60 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto	44.95 51.32 47.61	23rd May. 13th June. 23rd May	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		1-41	ditto	16.40	13th June.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong		Not rec. ditto	ditto ditto	11:10 21:50 133:03	16th May. ditto. 23rd May.	
	Garo Hills	Tura	18	6:94	4.58	32.53	20th June.	
		Benares Akyab		Not rec.	Not rec. 13.70	1.41 24.40	13th June. 20th June.	

CALCUTTA,
The 27th June 1874.

W. G. Willson,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Gowt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 21st to 27th June 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тивимо	METER,	Humi-	W181).			
STATION.	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Cleuds.	Weather initials.
	June 21st	10	29.615	29-633	89.0	83.1	76	s s w			С	123 7
	22nd	16	29.518	29.536	92.6	82.5 82.5	63	S E	***	***	K	
	apilo.	1 16	29.464	29.482	86'2	82.5	84	S by E E S E				0
4	23rd	10	29:496	29.514	88-2	82.5	77	SSE		***	C, K	1 20
CALCUTTA.	nul.	16	29:386	29.404	86-8	82°0 83°0	79 83	SSW	***	0.08	******	0
5	24th	16	29.391	29 401	79.4	77-9	93	E by N W by S		0.00	******	0
72	25th	10	29.398	29.416	85.2	80.5	79	SSW		0.13	K, CK	scuds.
	26th	16	29:297	29:315 29:366	89·1 85·7	83·3 81·5	76 83	S by W		***	K, CK	363
	March James C	16	29.287	29.305	83.2	81.0	89	S W		***		0, d
	27th	10	29:470 29:405	29·488 29·423	80.0	77·5 78·7	88	s w		0.08	8	0, d
	21st	10	29-639	29.645	88	82	76	8	9.5		N	b, m
4		16	29.548 29.583	29.554 29.589	89 88	84	80 83	SSE	11.7 3.1	***	N	m, scuds.
6	22nd	16	29 083	29.480	89	84	80	s s w	13.0		N	m, b, soud
ISTAND.	23rd	10	29.505	29.511	89	82	73	s w	7.6	***	N	m. w. b
lsr.	24th	16	29·395 29·497	29°401 29°503	88 86	82 81	76 79	S W	5-9 11-7	1:00	N	b, e o, v, w
		16	29.425	29.431	84	81	87	wsw	2.1	0.10	N	do
160	25th	10	29.431	29.437	86	81	79	WSW	25.7	0.80	N	0
SAUGOR	26th	16	29:365 29:365	29-337 29-371	88 85	82 82	87	wsw	19.1	0.50	N	d, 0
	1700	16	29 320	29.326	84	81	83 75	w s w w s w	21.0		N	o, sends.
	27th	10 16	29·506 29·441	29·512 29·447	85 84	79 79	75	wsw	30°1 33°4	***	NA N	m, o
-	21st	10	29.631	29·723 29·604	86	80	75	S	5:9 10:1	***	K C, K K, KS	8,0
16 1	22nd	16	29.512 29.539	29.631	86 86	84	91 75	SE	12-1	010	K. KS	6,0
	District Control	16	29'482	29.574	84	80	83	SSE	10.1	***	K, KS	8,0
Синтавоже,	23rd	10	29°527 29°422	29 620 29 514	81 85	79 80	91	ESE	8.8	***	N Ka	d, g
081	24th	16	29 422	29.569	88	79	83	ESE	9.9	1.20	K, KS K, KS	b, e
E		16	29.384	29:476 29:545	84	80	- 83 95	8	13.4	0°10 2°60	K, Ks	7. 0
CHI	25th	10	29:452	29 045	80 79	79 78	95	SSE	11:9	0:20	N	d, p, g,
	26th	10	29.377	29.469	83	79	83	SSE	8.6	0.40	U, CK	
	OWAL	16	29:304	29.346	84	81	87	SSW	14:0	0:30	C, CK K, KS CK, KS	P
	27th	10	29.492	29.585	80	77	86	sw	15.6	1.70	N	r, u,
551	20th	10	29.756	29.786	90	74	44	wsw	16	operate.		0
	21st	16	29.621 29.772	29.809	96	76 76	45	WSW	13 16			b, c
2. 4	4	16	29-632	29.662	96	78	36	WSW	14		*****	4.6
	22nd	10	29:752 29:618	29:782	89	75	49	W S W	12	0.03	******	0
00	23rd	16	29.722	29.648 29.759	94	76 75	40	S W by W	10 15	0.04	101-000	
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* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

W. G. WILLSON,

W. G. WILLSON,

And Mateorological Reporter to the Government of Bennal.

CALCUTTA,

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of May 1874.

LATITUDE 22° 33' 1" North. Longitude 88° 20' 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18:11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS	3.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month Max. height of the barometer, occurred at 10 a.m. on the 1 Min. height of the barometer, occurred at 5 r.m. on the 1 Extreme range of the barometer during the month Mean of the daily max. pressures Ditto ditto Mean daily range of the barometer during the month		29·611 29·787 29·450 0·387 29·678 29·539 0·184
Mean along range of the batometer during the month		
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month Max. temperature occurred at 2 p.m. on the 19th Min. temperature occurred at 1 and 2 a.m. on the 1st Extreme range of the temperature during the month Mean of the daily max. temperature Ditto ditto min. ditto Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	Ë	87·1 101·5 72·9 28·6 96·0 80·5 15·5
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point for the month Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	neter	80·6 6·5 76·7 10·4 Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month		0.902
		Troy grains.
Mean weight of vapour for the month Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation		9·60 8·73 0·72
Mean max, solar radiation thermometer for the month		144.1
Rained 5 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours Total amount of rain during the month Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the	The same of the sa	Inches. 0.85 1.16 0.99
the month	s. s. w.)

[•] Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 25th June 1874.

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Published for general information.

L. C. Assorp

Rainfall Weather und Share and Prospects of the Crons.

A Demand Rainfall, Worther, State and Frommerts of the Crops to the applying Districts of Demand, as reported to Gusernmont nursing the user ending the 5th July 1871.

žio.	Thatript and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in implies.	
OF I	1.		
	Western Districts.		
	Empiret, 6th* July 1874	8:82	The waitfull in the interior is reported to flave best general, but not so beary in the west of the district are elementers. The sowings of putsly are searchy displant. Ever as before.
	Patricore, 4th " "	0.12	Slight showers everywhere, but sunshine has been the prevailing feature. Cross generally doing well. Sugaronne very well. Bein is required in the southern part of the district. Choices again prevalent, and small-pax not, extinct.
]	Gurbhom, 4th	2:47	Wet during the former, one during the latter half of the week. Planting out of the seedling rice on progress. Prospects continue expellings. Experistion of week ending 27th June, 1,73% mannels, cheeky to Bloom pure Division. Prices falling.
	Alidnapore, 5th	2:98	Sessonable weather. In the morth of the district, whole the minfall has exceeded a inches, the reports are most favorable, and a bumper axis or early rice eroy is anticopated. In the regulariest Turnicol's less than held as inch has fallen, and more cause is needed. General senith of the week, mir.
	Allegally, sail a	-63	Rais an Sanday Andy and sight, showers during the week. Rainfall at Suramport during the week 217. What from south and south-eat. Hee sawing compiled. More rain is regulied as some of the rice is suffering from want of moisture.
	Stevenh sin	128	There was more or less rain throughout the district during the week; wenther conc- tions clear and sometimes rloady. Wind from south and east varying. Rain during the week has done good. The withing of mun or late rice are through. The none or early rice and jute have been seen, and are doing well. Landa are being proughed for transplanting the late rice; sugarcase plants look healthy. More rain is util wanted.
	Central Districts.		
6	14 Tergunania, 6th† July 1974	1.28	Warm and showery. The early rice (eous) and jute milety growning. Transplant, stion of same of late rice has not yet commonce. Accept to an inconsiderable extent in Dismond Harchort and Barrachpore, owing within no his ring been sufficient rain. Fublic health generally good. Fever granually dving ast in Increping
1	Kuddes, #th July 1874	054	There has been less rain than in the two or three ercerding weeks. The weather continues to be must favorable to all the urops. The rivers have been risen somewhat suddenly, but measures are being taken to exceive the webaniments, and it is housed that damage way be presented. There is a can rail tendency to a full in the privace of rice, and in several themse it is procurable by less than its 3 per yawand.
			breasionally bright, but mostly cloudy, with very casecustic showers. The erops are everywhere most insuriant. The rain appears to full join us it is waited. The Sollector reports to have seen considerable portions or the ventral and any finer parts of the district during the last ten days, and says that he never saw around promising fields. In Nurveal and Angorous the carliest ties he septiming to cound into the markets. Generally, however, it will be about a month more before the acres or vary rice will be ready. The tendency of prices already on the district has been downwards.
	G.orshedalm., Sth.,	0.41	cess rainfall than has week throughout the district. Weather close, damp, and cloudy. Very favorable reports are received from all parts regarding the progress of the crops. Transplantation of the late rice is going on. The rapid rise of the fiberiruthes within the last few days has caused the mundation of some important crops lying on two lands in the Jungynore autholismon. A very sarly acus crops of some importance is being reaped as the Jellughes than a lindge plant is excellent, and a good season may be expected, if the crops on the Dearch lands are not involvable before hand was too to cut. A luthorny is also in very road condition but the prospects of the approaching "band" are trill uncertain, and must depend greatly on the weather of the next fortunals. There are just the late was the other than the condition of the control of
10 1	Frangepore, Bed as a	4/06 E	an nearly every day threnchout the district. Crops on the ground are all doing well and a first-re a bhadoi or early crop is expected. Operations in respect of whater crops being pushed on.

4	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Stationin inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BE	INGA	I—(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
	(11	Maldah, 4th July 1874	1.98	Rainy and cloudy. There has been good deal of rain in the north of the district during the last two weeks. The prospects of the bladdo or early crops continue very good. The only fear now is that some of the crops may be lost by imindation. In Kaliachnek the Tagla has overflowed, and some jail rice on its banks damaged. Hymnto or winter rice cultivation is going on steadile.
RAJSHAHYE DIVA (Contd.)	12	Rajshahye, 4th ,, ,,	0.24	There has been almost daily heavy rain throughout the interior, but less at head-quarters. The rice crops are everywhere flourishing. In parts of the Bhurind, however, the excessive rain has done some little injury to the seedlings in the nurseries, and in the Nattore than jurisdiction the amunor late rice has to some extent been sub-erged; the river has risen very rapidly, and is 12 feet higher than it was this time last year. Prices have fallen everywhere.
Казвианк	13	Rungpore, 3rd ", "	4.09	Weather close, with many showers. Less rain to the south. Crops the same every- where—progressing favorably. Prices have fallen, and range from 16, in the south and east, to 9 seers a rupee in the north and west of the district. Three inches of rainfall since 3rd telegraphed on the 6th instant.
	14	Bogra, 4th ,, ,,	.91	Seasonable. The state and prospects of the crops are excellent. An aous or early rice crop of almost unprecedented abundance is certain. Everything is propitions for the sowing and planting of the amoun or late rice crop.
	15	Pubna, 4th ,,	1.15	Weather dry and hot, with slight rainfall during the week. The agus or early rice is in ear, and in some places is being cut. The crop everywhere look, well, and the prospect of the amun or late rice and sugarcane is promisinginvest of kownee (millet) is not yet commenced. Health of the district good.
	[16	Darjeeling, 3rd " "	- 10-09	Heavy and almost incessant rain and fog. All the crops in both the hills and the plains are progressing very favorably. Jointen paddy is already producing grain in the ear. Indian-corp, buck-wheat, and kownee (millet), are ripening in the hills-
COOCH BEHAR DIVE	17	Julpigoree, 3rd " "	6-16	The steady daily rain has been most favorable for the crops. Nothing could promise better than the bhadio or early and the jute crops. Jamera (a so tof early rice) paddy is being cut here and there, and is full crop. The bhadoi or early crops in the Dooars is also in some places being cut, and is very fine. Hymunto or winter rice transplanting going on busily, and everything promising as well as the most ardent agriculturist could desire.
٥		Cooch Behar, 2nd ,, "	8-67	Cloudy, with good deal of rain chiefly at night. Most favorable. The early kinds of aous rice are being reaped, and the amun or late rice seedlings are being planted out.
		Eastern Districts.		
	18	Dacca, 6th* July 1874	.58	Seasonable weather; showers last three days. State of crops very good. Rivers rising fast.
ow.	19	Fureedpore, 4th ,, ,,	*85	Alternate rain and sunshine; weather good for the ripening acus or early rice. The crops are in a flourishing condition. The rivers are rising very fast. The price of coarse rice has slightly fallen at Fureedpore, Bhangah, and Gopalgunge, and is stationary at Goalundo and Madareepore.
DACCA DIVISION.	20	Backergunge, 2nd " "	6.71	Rainy. Prospects good. The Collector has lately seen considerable portions of the Gournadi and Katwali thana, and the crops of aons or early and amon or late rice were everywhere in a thriving state. The reports from other parts of the district are favorable, and, if nothing untoward occurs, the aous crop will be much better than was anticipated a few weeks ago.
	21	Mymensingh, 3rd " "	4.42	The rainfall would appear to have been more heavy in the west and sudder station than in the east of the district. The reports of the acus or early rice are exceedingly favorable from every quarter. In the centre and east, the planting out of the late rice crop is somewhat delayed for want of more copious rainfall.
(22	Sylhet, 30th June 1874	4.45	Very showery all through the week. More water wanted for the amun lands, otherwise prospects good. District healthy.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	23	Chittagong,2nd July 1874	3.52	Heavy rain every day till Sunday, 28th June. Since Monday the weather has cleared, and is now breezy and fine. 13 G3 inches of rain reported from Cor's Bazar up to 30th ultimo. The aous or early paddy is being transplanted, and the sowings for the anun or late rice have commenced. Prospects continue favorable. Cholera abating.
CHITTA	24	Noakholly, 2nd ,,, ,,	7.5	Occasional showers; strong southerly wind. The acus or early rice is everywhere reported to be doing well. The amun or late rice has not all been sown yet.

^{*} Telegram of the 6th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGA	L(Concid.)		
	Eostern Districts.— (Contd.)		
, C 25		2.89	Showery, with much heavy clouds about, but rain not so heavy as usual at this time of year. The prospects of the next rice crops are excellent. Price of rice is
Dia			rising owing to large exportations.
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 30th June 1874.	3.19 -	Heavy showers throughout the week. The sowing of paddy and cotton in the jooms has been finished. The plough cultivators are tilling their lands Indian-corn has begun to ripen here and there in the jooms. The prospects of the crops are on the whole good.
EHAI	Hill Tipperah, 1st Jul 1874	y 2.50	The weather has been as good as could be wished for the crops in the plains and low lands; alternate showers and warm sun. More rain required for the sowings on the bills. Crops round head-quarters looking very well.
	Patns, 6th July 187	5.76	Too much rain has fallen. Some fine weather is wanted to allow the cultivators to get on to their fields. Floods to the south of the district said to have dom some damnge to the bhadoi or early crops. Health of the district, good.
28	Gya, 4th ,, ,,	5.57	Rain daily. There has been a heavy flood, but owing to its short duration has no done much injury. The weather is all that can be desired. Bhadoi or early crop growing rapidly.
29	Shahabad, 4th ,, ,	3.51	Constant rains, at times very heavy, and appears to have fallen all over the district Crops are favorably reported on. A little bright and sunny weather would d much good. At the commencement of the week the floods of the Soane in the cast, and of the Kudrakao and Durgwetee rivers in the south of the district have caused some damage to the young crops. Inquiries are being made it regurd to this. Health of the district, good. Only a few cases of small-pox.
30	Tirhoot .		Return not received.
3)	sarun, 4th ,, ,	1.88	Weather rainy and seasonable. East wind prevailing. The rain has been genera. Agricultural operations progressing favorably. The bladoi or early and oth crops are all coming up well. Indigo prospects improved. A spell of dry weath is now much to be desired to admit of the fields being properly weeded: it weeding operations are in places somewhat obstructed owing to the continuor rain. The paddy seedings in the nurseries are doing well. Prices of barle wheat, gram, and cheena (millet), have slightly fallen.
į 3:	Chumparun, 3rd ,, ,	2.05	Seasonable. Prospects continue to be very favorable. The bhadoi or early crop are coming up well, and some will be ready in a fortnight. Health generally goo
8	Monghyr, 4th ,, ,	8:54	Heavy and continuous rain; no day has passed without some rain; at most plac nuggy and hot. The bhadoi or early crops are very promising. There was son fear of swamping in consequence of the rapid rise of the Ganges, but the river h begun to fall again.
ES SS S	Bhagulpore, 6th*,, ,	3.67	Rain at Soopool 7-60; three inches fell in one day; Muddehpoora 7-70, five inch in one day; Banka 7-80. The unusually heavy rain has as yet in no we damaged the good prospects of any crops, but a few days sunshine is very necessary, or the Indian-oorn must suffer. General health, very good.
31	Purneah, 4th ,, ,	3.98	Weather same as last week. The cheena (millet) crop now ripe is being damage by rain and floods. The weeding of the bhadoi or early crop is impeded by the heavy rains, and the young plant is in some places choked by weeds. T transplanting of the late rice progressing favorably. Indigo prospects are be owing to heavy rain. Jamera or early rice is being brought into the market Prices falling.
1 8	4th July 1874.	1.55	A knost perfect everywhere. Heavy rain, followed by bright sunshine. Excelle everywhere. There was a fear that the heavy rain of the week before last mig be too continuous; and in Deoghar the maize, which was well forward, was begining to droop. The fine weather of the past week has restored everything. Mai and paddy are doing well. Transplanting has begun. The small crops are sow
	7 Cuttack, 6th* July 18	74 .30	Sowing of principal rice crop nearly finished. Beali rice fields being reploughe Prospects continue encouraging. Public health, good.
ORISSA DIVISION	S Pooree, 2nd ,,	1.34	Prospects continue encouraging. Public health, good. Weather hot, cloudy, and sultry. There has been slight rain during the week, a more rain is immediately expected. The seeds alresdy sown have germinate and the seedlings commenced to grow. Sowing operations are going on. T first floods have ceased, and the rivers have again risen. Prices are stational Public health is generally good.
° (s	9 Balasore, 3rd .,	. 108	Very little rain has fallen; during the last five days scarcely any has fallen ar where. The young crops, however, have not suffered as yet. Severe cholera the centre of the district.

^{*} Telegrams of the 6th July, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
снота	NAGPORE. South-West Frontier		
40	Hazareebagh, 3rd July 1874	4.94	Continued and heavy rain until the 2nd instant. Two days of fine weather, Reports from all sides excellent, except in a few places, where the rain is said to have prevented weeding. This, however, is a fault on the right side, and a few days of fine weather will set that straight. The people are eager to take advances, but nearly the whole average area is already under cultivation and sown. Small-pox is prevalent in a sporadic form as usual.
. 41	Lohardugga, 4th July 1874.	1.13	Light rain, with intervals of sunshine. The prospects continue most favorable, both in Chota Nagpore Proper and Palamow. The crops are said to be doing splendidly everywhere. There has been lately far more rain in Palamow than in Chota Nagpore. Upwards of 10½ inches having been registered at Daltongunge during the week ending 30th June. Several irrigation works are reported to have been damaged, but the crops have not suffered at all. Prices have fallen. General belit very good, though small-pox has not yet disappears.
£ 42	Singbhoom, 3rd July 1874.	1.07	Close and hot. Heavy clouds about, but rain holding off. More rain now required for the Gora paddy. In other respects state and prospects of the crops excellent. Nothing could be finer than the present appearance of the young rice. Prices easier. Public health, generally good.
43	Manbhoom, 4th July 1874.	0 72	Seasonable and cool. Reports from all parts of the district continue very good, except from Raipore and the pergunnahs in that neighbourhood where the fall of rain had been deficient, and agricultural operations were somewhat delayed in consequence; the latter part of the week was dry, and rain is again wanted.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 7th July 1874. L. C. ABBOTT,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

						from 14th	from 21st 27th June	RAIN	FROM 18T	Remarks.
Notstaid	District.		STATIO	ON.		Rain from to 20th 1874.	Rain fro to 27 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	
eng	AL.		T REL			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	WESTERN DISTE	RICTS.				Anches.	Thenes.			
			Burdwau			4.80	5.98	25.96	27th June.	
			Cutwa			2.47	5.44 2.14	23.59 17.45	ditto.	100
-	Burdwan		Culna Bood-bood		***	6.53	2.12	18.59	ditto.	
i		1	Raneegunge	***	***	3.58	4/77 3:40	1611	ditto ditto.	
		(Jehanabad	***					196	•
-	Bankoora	***	Bankoora	***	*** .	3.53	5.46	19.40	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom		Sogree			2.65	5.65	20.13	ditto.	
A.N.						1:59	2.00	11.28	ditto.	
BURDWAR		1	Midnapare Tumlook	***	***	2.30	2.48	18'82	ditto.	
n B	Midnapore	}	Gurbeta		***	4.89 3.45	4·72 0·53	20:19	ditto.	
		1	Contai Dy. Co	ollr.'s Offic Engr.'s Off	ie	3.77	0.38	20.42	ditto.	
						0.55	1.21	14:14	ditto.	
- 1	Hooghly	}	Hooghly Serampore			0.40	2.98	14.25	ditto.	
						0.79	0.74	10.62	ditto.	
ı	Howrab	***	Howrah	***	***	0.10	0.12			
	CENTRAL DISTI	RICTS.							-	
		r	Saugor Island			5.60	1.70	22.15	ditto.	
	1		Calcutta			1.68 1.81	0.99	16.61	ditto.	14
			Alipore { Dispen	isary	***	1.87	0.35	18:34	ditto.	
			Busseerhat			1.55	1.70	11.36	ditto.	
	24-Pergunnaha	4	Baraset			0.71 3.26	1·23 4·11	18.83	ditto.	
		1	Diamond Harbour	***	***	3.15	2.23	14.21	ditto.	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
		1	Barripore Satkhira			1.34	2.89	12:42	ditto.	
		1	Barrackpore	***	****	0.48	4·72 2·20	15.84	ditto.	
-		(Dum-Dum	***	***					
PRESIDENCE		1	Kishnaghur	***		3 58	5°01 3.83	24.51 19.35	ditto.	
D.H		1	Bongong	***	***	2:60	4.26	22.67	ditto.	
1	Nuddea	4	Meherpore Choosdangah	***		2.59	4.03	25.05	ditto.	
=			Kooshtea		***	1.26 2.38	4:47 2:80	24.48	ditto.	
		(Ranaghat		***				ditto.	
		ŗ	Jessore			4.02	2-26	21.90	ditto.	
1			Narail	***		1.71 1.75	5.61 2.50	20.83	ditto.	
1	Jessore		Khoolna Jhenidah			4.50	4.37	31.26	ditto.	
		. 1	Bagirhat		***	3.78	3.19	21.97 22.53	ditto.	
		- 1	Magoorah	***	***					
		r	Berhampore	***		3.72	2.69	19:11 17:60	ditto.	
			Rampore Haut	***		5.05	8.06 7.15	21.68	ditto.	
1	Moorshedabad		City Moorshedabad Jungipore	***	***	2:57	5.81	18:55	ditto.	
		1	Azimgunge	***	***	4-39	8·58 2·65	21·12 17 49	ditto.	
		1	Lalgolla	44	***	1.93	2 00			
	Dinagepore	***	Dinagepore	***		4.23	2.19	21.61	ditto.	
	Maldah		Maldah			2.92	8.09	16.20	ditto.	
KAJSHAHYE.						2.26	1.75	18.78	ditto.	
3	Rajshahye	}	Bauleah Nattore	***	***	3.83	6:11	31.09	ditto.	
A.38						7.87	4.02	37:31	ditto.	
=	Rungpore	1	Rungpore Bhowanigunj		-	1:49	1.43	24.75	ditto.	
			Titalya	***		4:30	9 89	38:31	ditto.	
	Bogra		Bogra			4.34	5.08	38.71	ditto-	
	200,11					2.26	4.80	28.37	ditto.	
1	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunj		***	Not rec.	3.50	24'65	ditto	Not rec. 14th to 20th Ju
						ditto	Not rec.	9.60	31st May.	Market State of the
1	Darjeeling	***	Darjeeling { Tele	pital		ditto	ditto	22.07 -	13th June.	
ii ii							500			
BRHAR		(Julpigoree	. ear		4.92	6°59 8°79	40.59	27th June.	
E J	Julpigoree	3	Bodah	ssigner's O	flice.	8.74 12:01	8.79 12.93	60.24	ditto.	From 12th April. Not
CH	Market State	(Buxa Civil Si	ssioner's O	3 447	11.84	1674	77 84	ditto.	31st May to 6th June.
COOCH	Cooch Bohan Total						A 1 1 1 7 1 1			
	Cooch Behar Trit	miary	Cooch Behar		***	7:32	5.05	53 73	ditto.	
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	CORRECT CHARGE STREET, STATE OF	STATE OF STREET		FED - 607 TA - 200	\$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	CHARLES WATCHES	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	A SECURITY OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF